

Attachment 6

Closure Plan

ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

SECTION 2.120

CLOSURE PLAN

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2.120 CLOSURE PLAN

2.120.1 Introduction

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations under the authority of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and Michigan rules require owners or operators of treatment, storage and disposal facilities (TSDFs) to prepare a detailed plan that describes closure procedures for waste management units.

2.120.2 Purpose

This document presents the Closure Plan for the Environmental Disposal Systems, Inc. (EDS) Citrin Drive facility located in Romulus, Michigan. It is organized to address 40 CFR Part 264 Subpart G and R299.9613 Closure requirements.

This closure plan has been prepared to provide the following:

- A description of how each waste management unit will be closed according to the closure performance standard.
- A description of how final closure of the unit will be conducted.
- An estimate of the maximum inventory of wastes in storage or treatment at any time, and a description of methods to be used during closure for removing, transporting, treating, and storing of hazardous waste.
- A description of steps necessary to decontaminate each unit or render it nonhazardous at closure.
- A description of other activities necessary to ensure that it satisfies the closure performance standards.
- A schedule for final closure activities.

The plan addresses decontamination of facility areas and subsurface soil sampling for documentation of clean closure.

It is anticipated that clean closure of the facility area will be achieved and the only post-closure activities required will involve maintenance of the grounds and ground water monitoring.

2.120.3 Facility Description

The EDS facility is located on Citrin Drive in Romulus, Wayne County, Michigan. A site plan showing the location of proposed on-site facilities is shown on Figure 2.120-1. The major site components consist of two deep injection wells, and the treatment and office buildings.

The EDS facility is designed to dispose of hazardous wastewaters from commercial and industrial clients, providing needed capacity for the long-term management of hazardous wastewater in the State of Michigan.

Wastewaters will be transported by EDS and/or approved subcontractor transporters. Transport will be done by tanker truck, rail car, and/or semi-van.

The EDS facility, as proposed, differs significantly from other hazardous wastewater treatment facilities in that it does not release any liquids through an industrial discharge permit to a sewer system or any river or lake and therefore protects our surface waters and the food chain by isolating these wastewaters from the hydrologic cycle.

The Treatment Building plan, on Figure 2.120-2, shows the following components:

1. Sampling bays - Two sampling bays are provided for trucks to be sampled by EDS technicians. Rail cars will be sampled in the single rail car unloading bay.
2. Unloading bays - Two truck and one rail car unloading bays are provided.
3. Storage Tanks - Tanks for storage of acids, alkalis, incompatibles, and brine water are provided at the facility.
4. Treatment Equipment - Treatment equipment consists of oil - water separators, pH balancing tanks, flocculation equipment, filters, filter press equipment and a dryer.
5. Container Handling Area - An area of the treatment building has been designed to handle and store up to 11,000 gallons in containers.

Treatment sludges shall be stored in storage tanks prior to being filter pressed. Filter pressed solids will be dried and stored in covered, lined rolloff boxes on site until their contents can be analyzed and

approved for disposal.

The deepwells are connected to the treatment building by double walled piping to be constructed in sealed concrete trenches designed to contain any leakage and to allow such leakage to flow to a sump where it will be pumped back to storage tanks.

The proposed deepwells are to be drilled to about 4,500 feet in depth. Two deepwells are planned, however, both wells will not be used concurrently. These wells are enclosed in structures with the wellhead piping is constructed below grade in a concrete box structure. A cross-section of the proposed deepwells is provided on Figure 2.120-3.

2.120.4 Hazardous Waste Management Units

Hazardous Waste Management units will include the following facility components:

1. Receiving tanks (10)
2. Primary settling tanks (6)
3. Oil-Water Separators (2)
4. Container Storage Area
5. Flocculation tanks (2)
6. Inclined Plate Clarifiers (2)
7. Process Pumps (10)
8. Sludge Pumps (3)
9. Laboratory
10. Filters (16)
11. Filter Press and dryer
12. Sludge tanks (2)
13. NaOH Storage tank and feed pump
14. H²SO₄ Storage tank and feed pump
15. Injection wells (2)
16. Piping attached to all of the above units
17. Secondary Settling tank (1)

These waste management units are shown on Figures 2.120-4 through 2.120-16.

2.120.5 Maximum Extent Requiring Closure

Each of the hazardous waste management units listed in Section 2.120.4 will require closure. In addition to closure of the units described in Section 2.120.4, the following areas will be sampled and

evaluated to determine the extent of any corrective actions required to complete closure.

1. Background and closure sample locations shown on Figure 2.120-17.
2. Sedimentation basin.
3. Roadways and other paved areas.
4. Rainwater accumulation tank.
5. Rail car storage area.
6. Stormwater discharge manhole and piping.
7. Groundwater monitoring wells.

No other site areas will require evaluation because no other areas are used for storage or other handling of wastes.

2.120.6 Maximum Inventory

The maximum amount of hazardous waste possibly needing to be disposed under closure conditions is summarized below.

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Maximum Potential Inventory</u>
1. Receiving tanks	160,091 gallons
2. Primary settling tanks	40,605
3. Oil water separators	128
4. Container Storage Area	11,000
5. Flocculation tanks	4,350
6. Clarifiers	5,760
7. Pumps	30
8. Sludge pumps	30
9. Laboratory	20
10. Filters	30
11. Filter press and dryer	795
12. Sludge tanks	43,000
13. Injection wells	28,000
14. Piping units	5,000
15. NaOH Storage tank	5,000
16. H ₂ SO ₄ Storage tank	4,000
17. Secondary Settling tank	16,948
18. Chemical feed pumps	20
19. On site transport vehicles	<u>103,000</u>
	423,327 gallons

If facility closure occurs at a time when wastes have been delivered to the site in trucks and rail cars, any deliveries not yet unloaded at the time closure starts will be manifested and transported back to the generator or, with approval of the MDEQ, will be unloaded into the onsite storage tanks. If waste

shipments have been accepted by EDS, but can not be unloaded onsite, they will be temporarily stored onsite until an appropriate disposal facility agrees to accept these wastes. For purposes of this analysis, for worst case conditions, it has been assumed that two trucks and six rail cars having a total volume of 103,000 gallons could be left on site which would need to be disposed.

In addition to the liquid wastes summarized above, filter pressed sludges could be present at the time of closure. A maximum of two, thirty cubic yard, lined, covered rolloff boxes full of sludge may need to be analyzed and disposed at a licensed disposal facility. No staging of these sludges will be required.

No other wastes are anticipated to be on site at the time of closure, however, a small quantity of lubricating oils and cleaning solutions (less than 20 gallons total) used in plant operations will need to be removed from the site and recycled.

Although actual conditions would likely not require the handling of the maximum volume shown above, the closure plan will assume this volume will need to be handled.

2.120.7 Closure Performance Standard

In accordance with 40 CFR Part 264.111 and MDEQ regulations, EDS will close the facility in a manner that:

- minimizes the need for further maintenance;
- controls, minimizes, or eliminates post-closure escape of hazardous wastewater, hazardous waste constituents, contaminated rainfall, or waste decomposition products to the ground water, surface waters, or to the atmosphere through removal of all known sources of contamination; and
- complies with the closure requirements of 40 CFR Part 264.178 and 264.197 and MDEQ regulations.

EDS will achieve the closure performance standard for the facility by performing the following:

- Decontaminating equipment used for operations and final facility closure and disposing of decontaminated material at a permitted offsite facility if the onsite deepwells are unable to be used.
- Cleaning and decontaminating of access roads, storm sewers, catch basins, sumps, unloading area, and the rainwater accumulation tank.
- Dismantling and removing tanks, piping, pumps, filters and related components for reuse or salvage.
- Sampling and testing of soils beneath and adjacent to the access roads, parking areas, rail car unloading area and the sedimentation basin.
- Maintaining a ground water monitoring system to monitor for constituent migration into the ground water.
- Periodically conducting inspections of closed areas and performing maintenance/replacement activities required to keep the monitoring system(s) in order.
- Disposing of decontaminated (and contaminated if present) equipment and materials in conformance with applicable standards.

With respect to required remediation, standards for cleanup purposes will be those specified by the MDEQ at the time of closure, considering all applicable exposure pathways for unrestricted use of the property. The current Generic Residential Cleanup Criteria as presented in the MDEQ Environmental Response Division Operational Memorandum #18, Generic Criteria Tables, dated May 28, 1999, represent the current equivalent cleanup criteria. Should the performance monitoring data for groundwater and/or soil indicate the presence of a constituent above background levels established pursuant to Section 5.20.2.4 of the Sampling Plan, the applicable Generic Residential Cleanup Criteria as noted above will be used for the purpose of achieving a "clean closure" without a post-closure monitoring program. Any location showing a level above background levels shall be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

2.120.8 Closure Certification

A Closure Certification Report will be assembled by the Quality Control Officer. At a minimum, the EDS facility Closure Certification Report will contain the following information:

1. As-built plan set of drawings representing actual work performed under closure activities and the final site conditions, and elevations.
2. Any written correspondence with agencies regarding the closure. Copies of notices of closure sent to the Waste Management Division of the MDEQ, USEPA, County, City, and the Environmental Concerns Association.

3. Summary of all field observations and tests performed, samples collected, and test results reported by testing laboratories.
4. Evaluation of soil sampling data in comparison to closure standards established by the MDEQ.
5. Manifests or shipping receipts documenting where and how much waste was shipped off-site.
6. Results of all tests used to determine clean closure (actual laboratory analytical sheets).
7. Statistical comparisons of sampling results compared to cleanup criteria.
8. As-Built sample location map showing sample and grid locations.
9. Any groundwater data used to determine if groundwater degradation has occurred.
10. A copy of the current, approved closure plan.
11. Location map showing any contaminated soils removed, and the extent and type of fill used to replace soils removed.
12. Summary of any problems encountered during the closure.
13. Documentation that acceptance criteria were met and specifications regarding what the acceptance criteria are.
14. Documentation of all equipment and chemicals removed which were sold, recycled, or scrapped.
15. Certification by an independent registered professional engineer that the closure was completed in accordance with closure plan requirements.
16. Closure certification statement signed by a duly authorized representative of EDS in accordance with 40 CFR 270.11(a)(b)(d) and applicable state regulations.

Within 60 days of completion of final closure, the certification will be submitted to the Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) Waste Management Division and the EPA. Documentation supporting the certification must be available upon request and EDS has been released from the financial assurance requirements.

2.120.9 Sequence of Closure Activities

Prior to starting any closure activities, notices of the proposed activity shall be provided to the MDEQ, EPA, County, City and local resident groups.

The sequence of closure activities will depend on whether the deepwells are still operable and can be used for wastewater disposal. If these wells are usable at the time of closure, the deepwells will be the last waste management unit to be closed. For purposes of this Plan it will be assumed the deepwells can not be used to dispose wastewater during closure. As a result and because their closure can be done independently of the closure of other units, the actual sequence of well closure will depend on the availability of oil well maintenance equipment and can be completed at any time during other closure activities.

Closure Sequence

Hazardous waste management units and adjacent units will be closed prior to evaluating soil and groundwater conditions. This sequence has been selected so that any contamination potentially created during closure can be detected during the evaluation phase. Air monitoring will be conducted throughout the closure activity period per Wayne County air permit conditions.

The first elements to be closed will be the Rail Car Storage Area and the Rainwater Accumulation Tank which collects runoff water from the Rail Car Storage Area. Once these two elements are closed, these areas will be graded to drain to runoff collection system components located east of the Treatment Building.

Once the above mentioned components are closed, work will begin on closing the Container Storage Area, the Receiving Tanks, Primary Settling Tanks, Oil-Water Separators, and the remaining equipment in the Treatment Building and Laboratory. Once all of the equipment units are closed, general cleaning of the Unloading bays, Sampling Bays, and the General Plant Areas will be completed. Upon completion of these closure activities and closure of the deepwells, closure of the detention basin will be conducted.

After completion of the abovementioned closure activity, soil and groundwater analyses will be

conducted to confirm remediation of other site areas is not required. Upon completion of the soil and groundwater analyses, a closure certification report will be prepared.

2.120.10 Closure Sampling

2.120.101 Sample Handling and Preservation

Sample handling and preservation procedures are summarized in Appendix 2.120-2.

2.120.102 Analytical Procedures

Analytical procedures to be used on closure samples are provided in Appendix 2.120-3.

2.120.103 Data Analysis

Data analysis methods for laboratory analyses is also provided in Appendix 2.120-4 in the laboratory's Quality Assurance Manual.

2.120.104 Groundwater Sampling

Monitoring wells shown on Figure 2.120-18 will be sampled at closure. Sampling procedures will be similar to those used for sampling performed during operation of the facility.

Each monitoring well will be equipped with a dedicated purging and sampling pump (QED Well Wizard pumps). The pump is a positive displacement design that will not result in oxygenation of volatile compound stripping of the ground water sample. The materials of construction are compatible with the constituents to be analyzed (e.g., sorption of dissolved constituents or leaching of pump constituents).

Analysis of samples from the monitoring wells is anticipated to be conducted by Environmental Control Technology (Encotec) of Ann Arbor, Michigan. If EDS decides to contract analysis of ground water samples to another laboratory after background or detection monitoring begins, the change will be made only after at least two concurrent sampling/analysis events define the correlation of analytical results between the existing and proposed laboratories.

An on-site laboratory will be used to verify the contents of samples from the delivery vehicles are those

that were approved for disposal only. No analyses of the facility ground water samples are performed in the on-site laboratory. To obtain representative hydraulic head data for the site, the water levels must be obtained for all wells before any water is removed for purging or sampling.

Measurements made shortly after purging and sampling may not be representative of conditions in the porous media in which the wells are installed because the low hydraulic conductivity of some of the monitored media will delay the return of the water levels to an equilibrium condition. The water levels must also be obtained for all wells in as short a time as possible on the same day.

The depth to water within the well casing is measured from the top of the well casing (TOC). The TOC elevation shall be surveyed immediately following well installation. The TOC will be resurveyed every two years or whenever the well has been or is suspected of having been damaged. The depth to water is measured using an electric water level indicator. The probe and submerged portion of the cable are cleaned by rinsing with distilled water and wiping the cable and probe dry with a clean (unused) cloth or paper towel. This minimizes potential cross-contamination between wells.

A water level measurement is made by slowly lowering the probe into the casing while watching for the light and listening for the buzzer that indicates that the probe has come into contact with water. Careful determination of the water level is accomplished by raising and lowering the probe at the water surface, and monitoring the light and buzzer. The cable is held against the inside edge of the well casing at the TOC and the depth to water to the nearest 0.01 foot is noted. The probe is then pulled up 1 to 2 feet, and the process is repeated to verify the measurement. The measurement is then recorded.

Once water levels are recorded, the wells are purged to allow water that is representative of current conditions in the porous media being monitored to enter the monitoring well.

Before purging a well, it is necessary to determine the quantity of water contained within the well casing. This is done by subtracting the depth to standing water from the depth to the bottom of the well screen for each existing well as determined at the time of well installation. The depth to the well screen bottom is confirmed semi-annually by lowering the water level indicator probe to the very bottom of the well casing for a determination of the clear depth of the well. The difference between the screen

depth and the water level depth is the height of water (in feet) in the monitoring well. This value is multiplied by 0.17 gallons per foot (for 2 inch diameter well casing) to yield the volume of water in the well (in gallons). That product is multiplied by 3 to obtain the MDEQ-recommended minimum number of well casing volumes to be purged. These calculations are recorded in the field notebook.

The dedicated purging and sampling pump is used to purge the monitoring well. Once three well volumes have been removed, the pH and specific conductance of the water coming from the well is measured and recorded. Pumping is then continued and pH and specific conductance are measured and recorded at a rate of once every 10 minutes for a minimum of 30 minutes. The highest and lowest of three consecutive values of pH and specific conductance are then compared. If the difference between the highest and lowest pH values is 0.1 SU or less, the well is considered stabilized with respect to pH. If the difference between the highest and lowest specific conductance values is 10 percent or less of the mean of the highest and lowest value, the well stabilization with respect to conductance is considered complete.

If pH and conductance are not stable following the removal of three well volumes plus 30 minutes of pumping, the purging of the well is continued until the criteria are satisfied for any three consecutive 10-minute measurements of both pH and specific conductance.

Once the criteria is met the well is considered to be fully stabilized (formation waters are entering the well) and sampling can proceed. The well water temperature will be measured and recorded once the well is stable. All of the data obtained to establish well stabilization are recorded in the field notebook.

Sampling of slow recovery wells is accomplished as soon as sufficient water for the analyses is available after the fourth well evacuation. The pH, specific conductance, and temperature is measured and recorded in the field at the time the sample is obtained from a slowly recovering well.

In the cases where an individual well cannot be purged to stabilization in a manner described above because the well is dewatered, the well is sampled as soon as it recovers enough water to sample.

Samples are collected upon completion of the well purging step described above.

Make sure each sample bottle for a given monitoring well has a label (affixed by the analytical laboratory personnel) which contains the facility name, the monitoring well number, the date and time of sample collection, and the sampler's initials. The type of preservation in the sample (if present) is also recorded on the label.

The following equipment and materials will be needed to clean sampling equipment:

- Washing baths;
- Brushes;
- Supply of potable water;
- Supply of distilled water;
- Supply of detergent (Alconox or similar type);
- Clean paper towels; and
- Polyethylene sheets.

Decontamination will be accomplished by completing the following tasks:

1. After the required samples are taken, disassemble the components to the degree possible and wipe the parts with clean paper towels to remove residual liquids.
2. Immerse the individual components in a bath filled with potable water and detergent. The individual components are to be scrubbed with a brush to remove residue.
3. Remove the components from the first bath and allow excess water to drip into the bath. Immerse the components in a second bath containing potable rinse water.
4. Remove components and rinse them with distilled rinse water and reassemble if necessary. Allow the sampler and sample components to air dry. The components and sampler shall be placed in a clean polyethylene sheet during and after drying to prevent contamination from soils.
5. If significant airborne contamination is present, the equipment should be wrapped in the polyethylene sheet immediately after decontamination.

The vials for the collection of volatile organic compounds are filled first. No head space (air bubbles) is permitted in the vials used to collect samples for the analysis of volatile organic compounds.

Samples that are analyzed for major ions and trace elements (such as arsenic, and sodium) will be passed through disposable (one-use) 0.45 um filters before being placed in the sample containers provided by the laboratory. The filters are placed on the discharge line in the sampling box, and the

filtered ground water is discharged directly into the laboratory-provided containers.

The inside of bottle necks or caps are not touched, to minimize potential cross-contamination. The number and type of samples taken and the time of sampling are recorded on the chain-of-custody record and in the field notebook. The container label and field notes identify which sample aliquots have been filtered.

Trip blanks and field blanks will accompany ground water sample bottles for each monitoring well. The trip and field blanks are prepared by the laboratory and shipped with the sample containers to the site. The trip blanks remain unopened throughout the sampling process. Field blanks are opened inside the sampling box after the box atmosphere has been purged with nitrogen gas. The field blanks are recapped once all the sample bottles have been filled.

Trip and field blanks will be analyzed for primary monitoring constituents at a rate of one each for every 10 samples collected. The blanks analyzed will be selected randomly from each set of 10. Trip and field blanks associated with any environmental sample reported to contain monitoring constituents will also be analyzed for primary constituents.

Replicate samples are obtained at a rate of 10 percent of the environmental samples by doubling the volume of the environmental sample and dividing the water between two sets of sample containers. The replicated samples are randomly selected from each sampling round and are collected, preserved, handled, and analyzed for the same constituents as the sample it replicates. All replicates are blind replicates; that is, the laboratory will not know which samples are replicated. The replicates are used to assess the reproducibility of sampling and analysis techniques.

When the sample collection step is completed and all of the sample containers are sealed, all bottles are transferred to a cooler packed with ice. The samples are immediately transported to the on-site laboratory where they are transferred from the cooler to the laboratory's refrigerator.

At the close of the sampling day, all collected samples and blanks are repacked in ice filled coolers, and transported or shipped by overnight delivery service to the analytical laboratory. Chain-of-Custody

records are included with all samples.

A bound field notebook is maintained for each monitoring well. All entries into the notebook are made in indelible blue or black ink. The notebook begins with a title page that notes the facility name and MDEQ permit number, and identifies the monitoring well. The title page is followed by a table of contents that lists all sampling events by date of sampling.

All sampling events are recorded in the notebook in chronological order. Records begin with a summary of the well's physical condition and immediate surroundings (i.e. drainage casing, soil erosion). The security of the well is then noted (i.e., Was well locked? Could damage allow tampering with well?).

Once the well is opened the water level is measured and recorded to the nearest 0.01 foot the total depth of the monitoring well is then measured and recorded. The length of water column and the volume of water in the casing is computed. All computations are recorded in the notebook.

Purging is then documented as follows:

- a) Record pumping rate.
- b) Record duration of pumping prior to first pH and specific electrical conductance (SEC).
- c) Record first pH and SEC measurements.
- d) Record time of subsequent pH and SEC measurements and pH and SEC values.
- e) Compute stabilization criteria and record.

Sample collection is then documented as follows:

- a) Record type and volume of sample containers filled.
- b) Record chain-of-custody number for samples.
- c) Record date and time of sample collection.
- d) Record preservation using the following codes:
 - 1) storage at 4°C
 - 2) sodium hydroxide addition to pH>12 and addition of 0.6g ascorbic acid

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- 3) acidification to pH<2 with sulfuric acid
 - 4) field filtration through 0.45 um membrane prior to acidification with nitric acid. Use all codes that are applicable
 - e) Record qualitative degree of turbidity and color of sample.
 - f) Record other observation regarding sample condition as appropriate (e.g., degassing, reaction to preservative).

The final entry for a given sampling event is to note the disposition of the sample as follows:

- a) Date and time of delivery to the on-site laboratory.
- b) Date of sample delivery to analytical laboratory.

All pages of the notebook are signed and dated by the person(s) who made the entries on that page.

Chain-of-custody refers to the record of individuals who handled the samples and external conditions of sample handling through the time of laboratory analysis. The chain-of-custody form is the principal document for this record. These sheets are completed with sampling information, the names of the persons involved with sampling, shipment conditions, and transport to the analytical laboratory. These forms accompany the samples to the laboratory.

When the samples are surrendered at the laboratory, each chain-of-custody record is signed by the person transporting the samples as well as by a representative of the receiving laboratory. The laboratory makes a copy of each sheet for EDS and keeps the originals. Two copies are made upon return to the site: one for the operating log notebook and one for the EDS Office files. Upon completion of a full round of sampling, summaries of the depth to water, field monitoring data, and all chain-of-custody records are transmitted to the EDS office.

The well casings, protective covers, and dedicated pumping apparatus are inspected for damage at the time each well is sampled. Any damage is noted in the field notebook and reported to EDS. Also noted is any surface erosion, standing water at the well, or evidence of a damaged grout seal around the well.

In the event any damage requiring well repair becomes necessary, a Damage Incident Report is prepared. A copy of this report is placed in the site Operating Log, and the Engineering Office Incident File. A proposed method of well repair is prepared and submitted to the MDEQ Waste Management Division for approval. Repair efforts will be undertaken after approval by the MDEQ is received. The MDEQ Waste Management Division shall then be notified at least 24 hours prior to initializing the repair efforts.

Following completing of the well repairs, as-built documentation of the repair efforts are prepared. A copy of this documentation is placed in the site Operating Log. A copy is also sent to the MDEQ Waste Management Division.

Should the performance monitoring data for groundwater and/or soil indicate the presence of a constituent at a concentration representing a "release" from the facility, the Cleanup Criteria provided in Section 2.120.7 will be used for the purpose of achieving a "clean closure".

2.120.105 Soil Sampling

Soil sampling will be performed in each hazardous waste management area at locations shown on Figures 2.120-4 through 2.120-16. Areas outside of the hazardous waste management unit areas shall be sampled at locations shown on Figure 2.120-17 at the conclusion of the closure of the hazardous waste management units.

Sampling of soils beneath facility components will take place following the decommissioning and decontamination of surface facilities. The objective of the closure soil sampling is to assess whether the secondary containment structures or other structures have potentially released waste constituents to soil.

Sampling collection and analysis procedures will be the same as those used for these activities performed during operations, except that soil sampling for volatiles shall follow the "methanol method" (SW846 Method 5035) followed by 8260, or the most recent update of SW846 available prior to closure. Sampling shall follow procedures outlined in references I-3 found in Section 2.120.18. All samples taken will be discrete samples.

All sampling locations will be surveyed and marked on engineering drawings. Each sample will be designated by DF-001-0.1; a two-letter prefix designating it as a disposal facility annual sample, a three-digit number unique to each sampling location, and the depth of the mid-point of the sample interval.

The following sampling procedures apply to both background and annual soil samples. Each sample consists of a discrete sample collected within approximately 2 feet of the selected sampling locations. Each sample consists of approximately 0.5 kg of soil collected within the shallowest 6 inches of soil.

The soil is collected with a steel trowel and placed into a disposable (one-use) aluminum pan. Large fragments of organic matter, such as leaf litter, roots, twigs, and gravel larger than 0.25 inches will be removed.

The soil is placed into the sample containers until all of the containers are full. The bottom of the sample containers is gently tapped to consolidate the soil, and additional soil is placed into the containers to completely fill the container. The top and threads of the sample containers are wiped clean with dry, disposable (single-use) towels, and the cap is placed on the container. Consistent with U.S. EPA Method 5035 (e.g., methanol preservaton), the soil samples to be analyzed for volatile organic compounds wil be preserved in the field in a 1 to 1 ratio with metha nol, and at least 2 ounces of soil will be collected into a separate container for determination of the sample dry weight.

The soil samples collected under pavement, structures, or for closure monitoring will be obtained from beneath the pavement and concrete using 2.25-inch-inside-diameter hollow-stemmed augers (HSA) and split-barrel samplers. The pavement will first be cored and the base course removed to expose the surface of the soil. The first sample will be collected from the surface of the soil beneath the roadway base course to a depth of 2 feet. When additional, deepwell samples are required, the HSA will be advanced to the bottoms of the previous sample interval and the next sample will be collected.

The soil samples will again be placed into a pre-cleaned, disposable (single-use) aluminum pan. The trowel and pan are cleaned prior to use by washing in an Alconox (or equivalent) solution, rinsing with deionized water, and the drying with a disposal (one-use) unbleached paper towel. Large fragments

of organic matter and gravel greater than 0.25 inch in diameter are removed. Sample containers are then filled as previously described for the annual soil sampling.

Equipment that comes into contact with the actual soil sample will be decontaminated prior to each use. Decontamination will consist of washing with an Alconox (or equivalent) solution followed by deionized water rinsing. The equipment will then be dried with a disposable (single-use) paper towel. Drilling equipment will be steam-cleaned prior to the start or each closure boring.

Closure samples for the basin will be collected of the native soils following the final sediment removal from the basin. A sampling grid will be established across the basin in accordance with MDNR (1994) guidance for verification of soil remediation. Each sample will be uniquely designated as SBC-000, where SB identifies Sedimentation Basin sample, C signifies that this is a closure sample, and the last three numbers identify a specific sample. Field blanks (prepared by the laboratory using reagent-grade organic-free, deionized water) will accompany the background, annual, and closure samples at a rate of one blank per sampling event (minimum of one blank per day of sampling). These blanks are intended to assess the possible contamination of soil samples by the sampling equipment and/or sampling. The containers are opened in the field during the sample collection period and are then returned to the laboratory for analysis of the same constituents as the soil sample. A field blank will only be analyzed if the environmental sample with which it is associated has a quantifiable concentration of a monitoring constituent over a background concentration.

One replicate sample is collected for each ten samples during a sampling event by doubling the sampling volume at one, randomly selected, sampling location. All replicates are blind samples; that is, the laboratory does not know which environmental samples have been replicated. The replicates are used to assess the reproducibility of sampling and analysis techniques.

Documentation of sample collection is completed at the time of sampling. All sampling collection and handling will be performed by qualified personnel experienced in such work.

All samples and blanks are transferred to chilled coolers immediately following sample collection. The samples are then transferred to the on-site laboratory and placed into a refrigerator. Samples collected

during the day are delivered or shipped by an overnight delivery service to the analytical laboratory at the end of each day of sampling. A bound field notebook is maintained for documentation of soil sampling. All entries to the notebook are made in ink. The notebook begins with a title page that identifies the facility and a subject line that indicates that the notebook records soil sampling activity. The title page is followed by a table of contents that lists all sampling events by sample collection date.

All sampling events are recorded in the notebook in chronological order. The record for each sampling event begins with the determination of sampling location. The randomly selected headings and distances from each permanent marker are recorded for annual sampling events. Other sample locations will be marked using a lath or equivalent and surveyed.

The collection of each sample is then documented as follows:

- a) Date and time of sample collection.
- b) Type and volume of sample containers filled.
- c) Chain-of-custody number for the sample.
- d) Describe soil sample according to the Unified Soil Classification System (ASTM Method D2488, latest edition).

The final entry for the sampling event notes the disposition of the sample as follows:

- a) Date and time of delivery to the on-site laboratory.
- b) Date and time of sample delivery to analytical laboratory.

All pages of the notebook are signed and dated by the person(s) who made entries on that page.

Chain-of-Custody refers to the record of individuals who handled the samples and external conditions of sample handling through the time of laboratory analysis. The chain-of-custody record is the principal document for this record. These sheets are used to record sampling information, the names of persons involved with sampling, shipment conditions, and transport to the analytical laboratory. These sheets accompany the samples to the laboratory.

When the samples are surrendered at the laboratory, each chain-of-custody record is signed by the

person transporting the samples and by a representative of the receiving laboratory. If an overnight delivery service is used to ship samples from the field to the laboratory, the person shipping the samples will show the samples being relinquished to the delivery service but signatures of delivery service personnel will not be required. The delivery service bill of lading will become part of the chain-of-custody record to document this step in the sample handling process. The laboratory makes a copy of each sheet for EDS and keeps the originals. Two copies are made upon return to the site: one for the operating log notebook and one for the EDS Office files. Upon completion of a full round of sampling, field monitoring data and chain-of-custody records will be filed in the EDS Office.

Soil sampling will be performed beneath concrete floor slabs and other foundations, as required, to verify these soils have not been contaminated by plant operations. If contamination is found, verification of soil remediation will be performed per sampling requirements established in the MDNR (1994) Guidance Document.

Closure monitoring will begin with sampling from beneath the catch basins and sumps. These areas have the greatest potential to be exposed to a variety of waste materials that pass through a given containment area, since the exposure durations are likely to be the longest, and for solubilized waste constituents, since the hydraulic heads that drive wastewater through the containment will be greatest.

The general locations of the initial closure monitoring sampling are identified on Figure 2.120-17. Samples taken at closure will be designated by the prefix "CM-". The sampling points provided are generally located based on the placement of catch basins and sumps. Specific sampling points will be selected on the basis of field observations at the time of sampling. The sampling will focus on significant cracks, holes, or other penetrations at the base of the walls and on the floor of the sumps. Where present, joints between or within floors and walls will also be inspected for penetrations. The closure samples will be collected from beneath or immediately adjacent to suspected penetrations of the containment. If no penetrations are apparent, the samples will be collected from beneath the center of catch basins or sumps.

Should the closure monitoring data for soil indicate the presence of a constituent at a concentration representing a "release" from the facility, the Cleanup Criteria provided in Section 2.120.7 will be used

for the purpose of achieving a "clean closure". A "release" is defined as a contaminant concentration that exceeds the respective pre-operation background value established pursuant to Section 5.20.2.4, Background Level Determination.

Confirmation of a release of waste constituents will initiate a second phase of closure monitoring. This second-phase sampling will focus on the area immediately surrounding the implicated basin or sump. The second-phase sampling plan will be designed to evaluate the extent and nature of the release(s) identified in the initial monitoring as described in Section 2.120.12.1. The second-phase sampling plan(s) will be based on confirmed releases; therefore, they will be prepared for MDEQ review following the initial closure monitoring described in this plan.

2.120.106 Air Monitoring

Air monitoring as performed during operations will continue during the closure period. Air samples will be taken every three days. Samples will be analyzed using methods and parameters provided in Appendices 2.120-2 and 2.120-3 and Table 2.120-1. Sample locations are shown on Figure 2.120-19.

2.120.11 Reporting

Results of soil monitoring will be submitted to the Chief of the Waste Management Division of the MDEQ within 60 days of sample collection. Confirmation testing, if required, will proceed immediately following identification of any exceedance. The Chief of the Waste Management Division will be notified within 7 calendar days of such confirmation testing. The results of the confirmation sampling will be submitted to the Chief of the Waste Management Division within 30 calendar days of sample collection. No response will follow if the representative constituent concentration in the additional soil samples in the suspected area is not the respective background value established pursuant to Section 3.4.3 and using the methodology cited therein.

A second-phase closure sampling plan will be prepared if the confirmation sampling results exceed the background values established pursuant to Section 3.4.3. This plan will be submitted to the Waste Management Division for review and approval within 30 days following the notification of a confirmed exceedance. The second-phase plan will include a schedule for sample collection, analysis, and reporting.

If warranted, a plan for soil remediation will be prepared for the MDEQ's review and approval once the nature and extent of the release is defined and the data have been evaluated. The remediation plan will be implemented following the MDEQ's approval of the plan.

Additional reporting of closure activities will be provided in the Closure Certification Report required in Section 2.120.8 of this Plan.

2.120.12 Closure of Specific Units

Security Station

No waste materials or other chemicals requiring any special closure procedures will be maintained at the Security Station shown on Figure 2.120-1. This station will be maintained by security personnel on a 24-hour a day basis until closure activities are completed. Upon completion of closure activity this security station will be left on site until a determination is made relative to the future use of the property.

Office Building

This building will be utilized through the closure period and will be left in place until a determination is made relative to the future use of the property. No waste materials or other chemicals requiring any special closure procedures will be kept in this structure during operational or closure activities, located as shown on Figure 2.120-1, therefore no closure activity will be required relative to this structure.

Facility Roadway and Paved Areas

Paved areas adjacent to the office building will not require any closure work because waste materials will not be allowed to enter this area.

Access roads and paved areas potentially subject to exposure by hazardous substances will be decontaminated in accordance with 40 CFR Part 264.114. All roadways, parking areas, and associated storm sewers will be thoroughly cleaned using high-pressure water cleaning equipment, including piping to the rainwater accumulation tank. Water and sediment collected from this cleaning process will flow to the rainwater accumulation tank or the sedimentation basin via the roadway storm sewers. Water from this cleaning process will be pumped to the appropriate tank within the facility or to the

potentially contaminated rain water accumulation tank. The water will be pretreated as required and disposed of in the injection well.

Sediment that is collected in the storm sewer will be removed, stored in lined, covered roll-off boxes, and analyzed. It will then be disposed of at a licensed disposal facility. If the sediment does not meet such restrictions, it will be appropriately treated at a permitted landfill prior to disposal. If the sediment or wastewaters from cleaning operations test out to be contaminated or hazardous, the sewer system will be cleaned further and tested again until the associated cleaning water and sediment test out to be clean per MDEQ standards.

After surface decontamination, roadway and paved areas shown on Figure 2.120-1 will be sampled using a 20 x 20 foot grid spacing or any updated procedure provided by the MDEQ which requires more samples. Sampling and testing procedures shall be those described in Section 2.120.105 of this Plan. Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards will be remediated.

Sedimentation Basin

Closure activities for the sedimentation basin will be performed after completing a closure of the hazardous waste management units. Contaminated soils or sediment from the sedimentation basin, if any, will be disposed of at a licensed off-site facility. Sediment in the basin will be sampled and analyzed as discussed in Section 2.120.105.

The basin will be taken out-of-service after it achieves clean closure and vegetation is established in the basin. The basin will be decommissioned by removing the discharge control structures and re-establishing a channel and grading for appropriate runoff. Erosion control measures will be implemented on the exposed soils and the soil will be graded and seeded to establish a cover of vegetation.

The first step in closing the basin will be to remove water in the basin. Any discharge of collected water to the Godfrey Drain will be done in compliance with the applicable requirements under Part 31 of Act 451. The water in the basin will be analyzed for parameters provided in Section 2.120.7 of this plan to determine if this water can be discharged to the adjacent Godfrey Drain or whether it is

contaminated and has to be disposed in the deepwell onsite or at a licensed, off-site facility. Samples will be taken and analyzed using procedures described in Section 2.120.104.

Once the water is removed, sediments and underlying natural soils will be sampled and analyzed for parameters provided in Section 2.120.7 using procedures described in Section 2.120.105 and Appendix 2.120-3. Samples will be obtained using hand and shovel excavation or split spoon sampling, as required. Any areas not meeting closure performance standards will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

If clean closure cannot be obtained following the procedures presented above, the data collected will be summarized and used to prepare a sampling plan. The plan will outline the steps EDS will take to investigate the nature and extent of any required remediation. The plan will be submitted to the MDEQ for review within 60 calendar days following the completion of field activities showing such a plan is required.

Rail Car Storage Area and Adjacent Railway

Soils in the Rail Car Storage Area shown on Figure 2.120-1, below and adjacent to paved areas, will be evaluated after the pavement is thoroughly cleaned using high pressure water blasting equipment. Wash water from this surface cleaning will be collected in piping leading to the rainwater accumulation tanks.

Concrete surfaces will be sampled by coring, and the underlying soils within six inches below the concrete will be sampled at locations required on Figures 2.120-4 through 2.120-15 for closure verification. Concrete cores will be analyzed by grinding the upper inch of the concrete core for use in analyses. Analytical data will be compared to the applicable criteria as noted in Section 2.120.7.

If remediation is not required, the core holes will be plugged using cement grout and the structure will be left in place.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Sampling and Unloading Bays

Each of these areas will be cleaned using high pressure water blasting equipment, including all sumps and trenches. Washwaters from this cleaning will be drained to the rainwater accumulation tank. If the accumulation tank is full, washwaters from the tank will be pumped into storage tanks in the treatment building or transported offsite to a licensed, disposal facility after appropriate analyses and waste disposal approvals.

Once all surfaces are triple rinsed, each of these areas will be examined visually. Any structural components which cannot be decontaminated by triple rinsing shall be removed and disposed off site.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Container Storage Area

The container handling area is the area where containerized wastes are off-loaded from trucks, staged, sampled and emptied. The unloading docks consist of pitched concrete containment areas, coated with a chemical-resistant sealant. Collection trenches and blind sumps with manually placed and actuated submersible pumps are located within the containment area.

In order to meet the requirements of the closure performance standard, high-pressure hot water cleaning equipment will be utilized. The decontamination will be confirmed by visual inspections and wipe sample testing.

Closure of the Container Handling Area will consist of four major work activities. These activities include (1) the removal of the waste inventory from the staging area, (2) decontamination of the containment area, (3) decontamination of the auxiliary equipment, and (4) closure certification testing and documentation.

Waste approvals for disposal of containers will be obtained and the containers will be shipped offsite for disposal.

Since the floor within the container handling area is constructed of concrete coated with a chemical-resistant lining, and since spill cleanup procedures are followed within the building, contamination of soil beneath the building is unlikely. The soil beneath the concrete flooring will be sampled at four locations. Wipe samples will be taken at four locations beneath all staging areas, and at each sump location.

There is no partial closure anticipated for the Container Handling Area. Under no conditions will contaminated materials remain within the Container Handling Area following closure. Since the unit will be closed "clean", no post-closure plan is required. The container handling area will be closed when operations cease at the EDS Facility.

Liquids generated during high-pressure cleaning of the containment areas will be collected within the sumps and pumped into a vacuum truck that will transport the liquids to the treatment system for treatment and disposal, or they will be disposed off-site. No staging of these liquids will be done on site. Precautions will be taken during decontamination procedures to ensure that all such liquid is collected.

The concrete containment area (floor and walls) are not to be removed as part of closure since they may be utilized after closure if the property is sold and used for other purposes. Personnel are required to wear appropriate gear to ensure safety during all stages of closure.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Rainwater Accumulation Tank

This tank will be evaluated after closure of the rail car storage area, container storage area, and the unloading and sampling bays because each of these other areas drain to this structure. At that time, water in the tank will be analyzed and disposed of as described above for water in the Sedimentation Basin. Upon removal of water from the tank, concrete cores will be taken from within the tank. Cores will be taken for purposes of allowing the upper inch to be ground down for laboratory analysis using

procedures provided in Section 2.120.105. If these analyses indicate the concrete is contaminated, a remediation plan will be developed and submitted to the MDEQ within 60 calendar days of reviewing the analytical data. Once all surfaces are triple rinsed, each of these areas will be examined visually. Any structural components which can not be contaminated by triple rinsing shall be removed and disposed off site. Otherwise, the tank will be filled with lean concrete grout, including all adjacent piping.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Receiving Storage Tanks

Closure of these tanks will be accomplished in the following steps:

1. For each tank the wastewater level and thickness of settled solids will be measured from openings in the top of the tank. Once those measurements are made, wastewater in the tank will be processed through the treatment and disposal system if it is usable, or the wastewater will be vacuum pumped into a tanker or vacuum truck for disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Solids will then be vacuumed into vacuum trucks for offsite disposal.
2. Prior to disposing any of the wastewater or solids, laboratory analysis will be performed to characterize the material to determine if it can be legally accepted by the disposal facility. The types of testing required for characterization will depend on the specific facility's requirements however, as a minimum, testing required will involve those tests needed to complete the Waste Characterization Form provided in Appendix 2.120-5. This characterization process will be used for all wastes to be shipped off site.
3. Waste materials will only be allowed to be transported off site when a written approval is received from a licensed disposal facility. Prior to leaving the site the waste will be manifested indicating the generator's name, address and disposal facility. EDS will sign the manifest as the generator and will provide the manifest to the transporter.
4. Waste materials will not be removed from the tanks or other equipment until a disposal

approval has been obtained. Once waste material has been removed and placed in a transport vehicle it will be removed from the site. No staging of wastes will be conducted.

5. Prior to removing all of the wastewater from the tank, piping leading to and from the tank will be cleaned by triple rinsing with water through these pipes back into the tank. The rinse water will be collected in the tank for disposal as discussed above.
6. Once the wastewater is removed from the tanks, preparations will be made to remove solids from the carbons of the tank and to clean the interior of the tank. These preparations will consist of venting vapors from the tank through the air scrubber unit by displacing vapors using nitrogen. Once the tank is believed to be fully deaired the nitrogen will be released by opening the tank cover and testing the air in the tanks using an LEL (lower explosive limit) meter and a gas detection meter.
7. Triple rinse cleaning procedures will be conducted by standard procedures provided in Appendix 2.120-6, followed by visual inspection to verify the tanks are clean.
8. Sumps, pumps, and piping will all be disassembled as required and triple rinsed in the secondary containment area and removed from the site to a scrap yard or recycling location. The secondary containment floors and walls will be cleaned using high pressure water blasting equipment. All rinse water will be collected in the containment area and either processed through the onsite treatment and disposal system or containerized and transported to a disposal facility.
9. The tank will then be removed and sold or scrapped.
10. After removal of the tank, concrete from the floor and soil from six inches beneath the floor shall be sampled and analyzed for the parameters cited in Section 2.120.7. Any remediation required will be detailed in a Remedial Action Plan to be submitted to the MDEQ within sixty calendar days of verifying the presence of soil contamination. If the soils are found to not be impacted, the corings will be grouted with a cement grout.

11. Records of the tank sale or scrapping and manifests will be collected and reported in the Closure Certification Reports.
12. Once all surfaces are triple rinsed, each of these areas will be examined visually. Any structural components which can not be cleaned by triple rinsing shall be removed and disposed off site. The containment area will then be left as is until a determination has been made as to how the property will be used.

Prior to cleaning any tank, any wastewater in the tank will be emptied through the treatment system and into the deepwell using the system pumps and piping or, if required, these wastewaters will be vacuum pumped into tanker or vacuum trucks for transport and disposal at a licensed disposal facility.

Verification of the wastewater removal will be made using tank instrumentation and manually through a man way or opening in the tank.

Once wastewater has been removed, a determination will be made by physical measurement of how much sludge is present, if any. If sludge is present it will be removed by vacuum pumping into the system's sludge tank or into a truck for offsite disposal.

Once the sludge is removed, or if the tank was found to not contain sludge, the tank will be deaired using existing nitrogen blanket systems, or dry ice procedures until the air in the tank is found to be suitable for entry per the tank cleaning procedure, attached.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Oil Water Separators

The oil water separators will be closed after all wastewater in the receiving tanks is processed through the treatment system, or after those tanks have been closed. Closure of the separators will be accomplished as follows:

1. All electrical components will be disconnected.
2. Oil from the units will be pumped into drums and will be recycled.
3. Wastewater from the separators will be pumped through the treatment and disposal system if the system is operable, or it will be pumped into a tanker vehicle for appropriate disposal. No staging of wastes will occur on site.
4. Once oils and wastewaters are removed from these units and associated piping they will be triple rinsed using high pressure water blasting equipment. Rinse water will be retained in the unit and then pumped into a tanker vehicle for appropriate disposal, or processed through the treatment and disposal system if the system is operable.
5. Once the separators have been cleaned they will be sold, or left in place if there is a future use for them.
6. Piping, if any is removed, will be triple rinsed and scrapped.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Flocculation tanks, clarifiers, process pumps

These units and associated piping will be closed as described under oil-water separators.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Piping

Piping associated with all units to be closed will be drained into the appropriate connected unit prior to closing the unit, removed as required and triple rinsed or triple rinsed, in place. Once all surfaces are triple rinsed, each of these areas will be examined visually. Any structural components which can not be decontaminated by triple rinsing shall be removed and disposed off site. Any piping removed will be scrapped or, if required, disposed of at a licensed landfill.

NaOH and H₂SO₄ Storage Tanks and Pumps

These units will be drained separately into drums or a tanker vehicle for recycling of the separate

reagents. After the reagents have been removed from them, the tanks will be degassed using nitrogen displacement procedures, then triple rinsed. Rinse waters will be contained in drums for appropriate disposal. All cleaned areas shall be inspected visually to confirm they are clean. Any material remaining stained shall be removed and disposed of off-site. Once these tanks are thoroughly cleaned they will be scrapped, sold, or left in place for any approved future use. Pumps in this unit area will be drained, rinsed, sold, scrapped, or left in place for future use.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Sludge Tanks and Pumps

Sludges remaining in these tanks will be processed through the filter presses. The tanks will be cleaned and triple rinsed. All cleaned areas shall be inspected visually to confirm they are clean. Any material remaining stained shall be removed and disposed of off-site. Cleaning waters will be processed through the disposal system, if operable, or containerized for appropriate disposal. The tanks will be scrapped, sold, or left in place for an approved future use. The pumps associated with these tanks will be drained, cleaned, and scrapped, sold, or left in place for an approved future use.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Filter Presses and Filters

Once the filter presses are no longer needed for closure operations they will be emptied, cleaned, and sold or left in place for an approved future use. Any remaining sludge in the rolloff boxes will be left in place until they can be transported for disposal. Rolloff boxes shall be lined and covered. Filters will be removed from the filter components, placed in plastic bags, and disposed of with the sludges in the rolloff boxes. The filter components will be drained and triple rinsed along with the removal of piping systems. All cleaned surfaces will be visually inspected to confirm they are clean. Any areas remaining stained shall be removed and disposed of off-site. These filter components will be sold or left on site for an approved future use.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Brine and Non-Compatible Storage and Receiving Tanks and Pumps

Storage tanks will be emptied of all wastewaters through the treatment system and into the deepwell. Alternatively, if such liquids can not be disposed of in the deepwells, they will be vacuumed from the storage tanks by vacuum truck and disposed of at a licensed disposal facility. Any residuals from these tanks will be vacuumed out and processed through the filter press system. All tanks will be thoroughly triple rinsed internally and removed from the facility and scrapped. All cleaned surfaces will be visually inspected to confirm they are clean. Any areas remaining stained shall be removed and disposed of off-site.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Laboratory

Chemicals and any wastewater samples in the onsite laboratory will be lab packed and reused or disposed appropriately. All lab areas will be triple rinsed and visually inspected to verify they are clean.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Tank and Equipment Enclosures, Enclosure Walls and Floors, and the General Plant Area

Each of these areas will be triple rinsed using high pressure water blasting equipment and inspected visually. Once all surfaces are triple rinsed, each of these areas will be examined visually. Any structural components which can not be decontaminated by triple rinsing shall be removed and disposed off site. Rinse waters will be pumped into the deepwells, if operable, or they will be pumped into tanker vehicles. Pumps and sump areas within any of these areas will be drained and cleaned.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be

remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

Deepwell

Closure of the two deepwells can be done independently of other hazardous waste management units at the facility. For purposes of this Plan, closure of the deepwell will be scheduled to start after closure of all other waste management units so the deepwell can be used to dispose rinse and wastewaters if the well is still usable. Closure of the deepwell will not require the use of other plant components.

The first step in closing the deepwell will be to remove and scrap the piping leading to the deepwell. All wastewater in these pipes will be drained and disposed of offsite. The pipes and concrete enclosures will be triple rinsed using high pressure water blasting equipment. All areas rinsed will be visually inspected to verify they have been cleaned. Any remaining stained material shall be disposed of off-site. Rinse water will be pumped into tanker vehicles for appropriate disposal. The concrete trench will be filled with soil compacted to 90 percent of maximum compaction based on ASTMD697.

The deepwell will be closed using the following procedure:

1. The mud tank will be filled with 10 lb/gal brine. Pump approximately 100 gallons, 10 lb/gal brine, if positive pressure exists into the well.
2. A blow out preventer or rotating head will be installed and the tubing will be engaged. The tubing will be worked to release it from the packer. Circulate annulus with 10 lb/gal brine until well is cleared of wastewater.
3. Remove injection tubing from the well. Run in hole with work string tubing and packer retrieving tool. Latch packer and pull the packer out of the hole. Prepare to make up squeeze cement retainer.
4. Run in the hole with the squeeze retainer or packer on work string to approximately 3900 feet. Attempt to pump 150% of calculated cased hole cement volume below retainer or packer into open hole and stop pumping at a squeeze pressure of 1000 psi. Unstring from tool and clear tubing. Pull the tubing out of the hole.
5. Wait on the cement to harden.
6. Run in the hole with the work string to perform section milling of the casing in the top

of the low porosity Trenton Formation.

7. Run in hole with open ended work string to the top of the cement on retainer. Tag cement and pull uphole 1 joint. Pump Class "A" neat slurry in 100 sack increments while pulling 18 joints of tubing after each increment. Use stage and balance method for emplacing plug.
8. Pull uphole to 700' with work string. Flush tubing with fresh water and assure circulation is achieved. Close in the bottom of plug and pressure up on top of plug with approximately 1000 psi.
9. Run in hole and tag up with the top of plug. Pump remaining sacks of Class "A" neat slurry to bring cement to 3 feet below the surface. Use any additional cement as required to assure that cement is circulated to surface.
10. Nipple down blow out preventers. Cut off casing heads and evaluate condition for salvage value. Cut off all casing strings 4' below ground level and weld $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate over the strings. Weld on appropriate abandonment markings on steel plate.
11. Rig down and move the pulling unit out. Release all support equipment.
12. Cover the cemented deepwell casing with soil.
13. Repeat for the second deepwell.

Any of these areas not meeting closure performance standards for soil contamination will be remediated in accordance with Section 2.120.12.1.

2.120.12.1 Removal of Contaminated Soils

The strategy and procedures for the evaluation of the nature and extent of contaminated surface soils at the property and contaminated sediment/soil within the sedimentation basin, removal of impacted soil/sediment, and verification of effective removal of the subject soil/sediment are as follows.

A sampling grid will be developed consistent with published regulatory guidance^{1,2,3} and the samples analyzed for the background parameters noted in Section 3.4.3. Should one or more sediment/soil samples indicate the presence of a constituent at a concentration greater than the respective background value, the location of the noted exceedance will be regredded consistent with the above-noted published guidelines^{1,2,3} to define the lateral and vertical extent of contamination. After the lateral and vertical

extent of the contaminated sediments/soils are defined, the sediments/soils impacted by contamination at concentrations that exceed the applicable cleanup criteria as noted in Section 2.120.7 will be excavated and disposed of off-property at a licensed facility. Following excavation, verification of sediment/soil remediation will be completed consisting of the collection of sediment/soil samples from the excavation limits consistent with published guidance^{1,2,3} and tested for the subject constituents. Excavation, off-property disposal and verification sampling will continue until the respective applicable Generic Residential Cleanup Criteria are achieved at the excavation limits. Following remediation, the excavations will be backfilled with non-contaminated soils and/or graded as appropriate. A composite sample of the fill material used for backfilling will be tested for the "background" parameters presented in Section 3.4.3 for soils and compared to the applicable Cleanup Criteria to assure that the fill material is not contaminated.

2.120.13 Data Evaluation

Data evaluation will be performed per procedures provided in Appendix 2.120-4. The closure samples will be compared to values provided for closure in Section 2.120.7.

2.120.14 Decontamination

Decontamination procedures will commence after all waste inventory has been removed. A visual inspection will be made and any residuals will be removed by manual or mechanical scraping. The concrete containment areas will then be triple rinsed using high pressure hot water cleaning equipment. This will be followed by visual confirmation that all waste residues have been removed. Any areas remaining stained shall be removed and disposed of off-site.

All auxiliary equipment used during closure activities is to be decontaminated or else containerized in 55-gallon drums, loaded onto a truck, and transported to a landfill or other acceptable disposal facility. All reusable equipment is to be cleaned within the truck wash area located near the exit of the waste reception area followed by visual confirmation that all waste residue have been removed. Wash water generated during decontamination is to be collected from the truck wash area and pumped to the storage units for treatment and disposed in the injection wells or stored and disposed of at an off-site facility if required.

2.120.15 Notice Letters

Examples of letters to be used to provide notice of closure are provided in Appendix 2.120-7.

2.120.16 Schedule

Closure will be completed in the following sequence:

1. All onsite tanker vehicles and rail cars containing wastewater will be shipped offsite for appropriate disposal or they shall be emptied into the receiving tanks.
2. The rail car unloading area will be cleaned and remediated, as required.
3. The rainwater accumulation tank will be emptied into the receiving tanks, cleaned and closed.
4. The container storage area will be closed.
5. The receiving tanks will be closed and then the remainder of equipment will be closed in the following sequence:
 - Primary settling tanks
 - Oil-water separators
 - Secondary settling tanks
 - pH adjustment tanks
 - Flocculation tanks
 - Clarifiers
 - Sludge tanks
 - Filters
 - Filter presses
 - Reagent tanks
 - Laboratory
 - Deepwells

All associated pumps and piping will be closed within each unit area.

6. The general plant area will then be closed.
7. The detention basin will then be closed.
8. Groundwater monitoring will be performed.

If any identified soil remediation is required it will be performed prior to completing plant closure activities. The following schedule provides for time required to sample and analyze areas that may require soil remediation but no time has been scheduled for the remediation.

EDS shall notify the director, in writing, not more than 60 days before the date on which EDS expects to begin partial or final closure of any or all hazardous waste management units at the treatment, storage, or disposal facility. Such notice shall be given to the WMD at least 45 days prior to beginning closure. A copy of the current or updated partial or final closure plan for the hazardous waste management unit or units that are being closed shall accompany the notification.

Within 60 days of completion of closure of each hazardous waste management unit at a facility, and within 60 days of the completion of final closure, EDS shall submit, to the director, by registered mail, a certification that the hazardous waste management unit or facility, as applicable, has been closed in accordance with the specifications in the approved closure plan. The certification shall be signed by EDS and by an independent registered professional engineer and shall include all of the following supporting documentation:

- a) The results of all sampling and analysis.
- b) Sampling and analysis procedures.
- c) A map showing the location where samples were obtained.
- d) Any statistical evaluations of sampling data.
- e) A summary of waste types and quantities removed from the site and the destination of these wastes.
- f) If soil has been excavated, the final depth and elevation of the excavation and a description of the fill material used.

The anticipated closure schedule is as follows:

<u>Schedule Element</u>	<u>Day Starting</u>	<u>Day Ending</u>
<u>Schedule Element</u>	<u>Schedule Element</u>	<u>Schedule Element</u>
1. <u>Removal of onsite tankers and rail cars</u>		
• Obtain disposal site approvals	1	15
• Disposal	10	15

2. Closure of rail car storage area

• Sampling	10	16
• Analysis	10	26
• Certification of Closure	12	30

3. Rainwater Accumulation Tank

• Emptying tank	10	15
• Sampling	15	18
• Analysis	18	28
• Filling tank with grout	28	35
• Certification of Closure	35	40

4. Container Storage Area

• Inventory existing containers	1	2
• Sampling	1	5
• Analysis	5	15
• Waste disposal approvals	15	25
• Removal of containers	25	30
• Decontamination	30	32
• Decon verification sampling	32	34
• Decon verification analysis	34	50
• Certification of Closure	50	60

5. Closure of Receiving Tanks

• Inventory Sampling, testing, waste disposal approval	1	20
• Wastewater removal	20	35
• Sludge removal	22	35
• Tank cleaning	22	40
• Tank cleaning verification sampling	40	44

• Tank cleaning lab analysis	44	54
• Scrubber Removal	54	54
• Tank removal	54	65
• Cleaning of containment area, and sump area	65	70
• Sampling for Verification of Clean Closure of Secondary Containment Area	70	72
• Analysis for verification samples	72	82
• Certification of Closure	82	100

6. Primary settling tanks

• Inventory sampling, testing, waste disposal approval	1	32
• Wastewater removal	32	36
• Sludge removal	36	38
• Tank cleaning	38	45
• Tank cleaning - verification sampling	45	46
• Tank cleaning - lab analysis	46	56
• Scrubber removal	56	56
• Tank removal	56	60
• Cleaning of containment area	60	65
• Sampling containment area	65	66
• Lab analysis - containment area	66	76
• Certification of Closure	76	90

7. Oil-Water Separators

• Oil Removal for reuse	1	5
• Inventory, sampling, testing, waste disposal approval	1	15
• Wastewater Removal	36	38

• Cleaning Separators	38	40
• Separators - Verification sampling	40	42
• Separators - Verification testing	42	52
• Separator removal	52	60
• Cleaning Containment Area	60	65
• Sampling Containment Area	65	66
• Testing Containment Area	66	86
• Certification of Closure	86	90
8. <u>Secondary Settling Tanks, Flocculation tanks, Clarifiers, Sludge Tanks, Filters, Filter Presses</u>		
• Inventory, sample, test, obtain waste disposal approvals	1	15
• Wastewater and sludge removal	38	45
• Cleaning of units	45	50
• Cleaning - verification sampling	50	52
• Cleaning - verification analysis	52	62
• Equipment and Scrubber Removal	62	72
• Cleaning Containment area	65	75
• Sampling Containment areas	70	75
• Testing Containment areas	75	85
• Certification of Closure	85	100
9. <u>Reagent tanks</u>		
• Inventory, analysis, obtain disposal approval, remove product for reuse	1	15
• Clean and rinse tanks	15	18
• Cleaning - verification samples	18	18
• Cleaning - verification analysis	18	28
• Tank and Scrubber removal, reuse offsite	28	30
• Clean containment area	28	30

•	Sample Containment area	30	35
•	Analyze containment samples	35	45
•	Certification of Closure	45	50

10. Laboratory

•	Inventory, sampling	1	5
•	Analysis	5	15
•	Closure - Lab packing, cleaning	15	30
•	Certification of Closure	30	45

11. Unloading and Sampling Bay Closure

•	Clean general area	100	105
•	Sample surface areas	105	110
•	Analyze samples	110	120
•	Certification of Closure	120	130

12. Deepwell Closure

12. Deepwell Closure 100 130

13. General Plant Area including roads,

sewers, and catch basins

• Sampling	100	105
• Sample analyses	105	115
• Certification of Closure	115	120

14. Detention Basin Closure

• Sampling	100	105
• Sample analyses	105	115
• Certification of Closure	115	120

15. Groundwater Monitoring and Soil

Sampling and Analyses

• Sampling	100	105
• Sample analyses	105	115
• Certification of Closure	115	<u>120</u>

Total Closure Period **120 days**

16. Certification Report: Shall be submitted within 60 days of the completion of closure.

2.120.17 Characterization of Wastes for Offsite Disposal

All wastes to be disposed offsite shall be characterized for all of the parameters on the Waste Characterization Form provided in Appendix 2.120-5 as a minimum. Additional testing parameters may be required for specific disposal sites per that specific disposal company's requirements. Such additional testing shall be performed as required by those specific companies and all additional testing shall be documented in the Closure Certification Report.

Sludges, sediments, rinse waters and contaminated soils must be characterized as listed hazardous waste unless analysis shows otherwise.

2.120.18 References

Howard, P.H. (Ed). 1990. Handbook of environmental fate and exposure data for organic chemicals, Vol. II Solvents. Chelsea, Michigan, Lewis Publishing Inc. 546 pp.

MDNR. 1994. Guidance Document, Verification of Soil Remediation. Lansing, MI: Michigan Dept. of Natural Resources, 42 pages, Revision 1.

MDEQ. 1999. Part 201 Generic Cleanup Criteria and Screening Levels Developed under the Authority of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended, May 28, 1999.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1990. Test methods for evaluating solid wastes. EPA-530,

SW 846 3rd Edition. Revision 1. November 1990.

U.S. EPA, Office of Solid Waste Management Division, Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance, EPA, Washington D.C., April 1989.

ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

TABLE 2.120-1
AIR MONITORING PARAMETERS

REV. 2. 1-98

**ORGANICS - MINIMUM DETECTION LIMITS
WAYNE COUNTY, MICHIGAN**

<u>ORGANIC</u>	<u>ug/M³</u>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.10
1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.2
1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0
1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0
Benzene	0.04
Bromodichloromethane	1.0
Bromoform	1.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.25
Chlorobenzene	1.0
Chloroform	0.05
Dibromochloromethane	1.0
Ethylbenzene	1.0
Methylene Chloride	1.0
Styrene	1.0
Tetrachloroethene	0.1
Toluene	1.0
Trichloroethene	0.1
Xylene	1.0

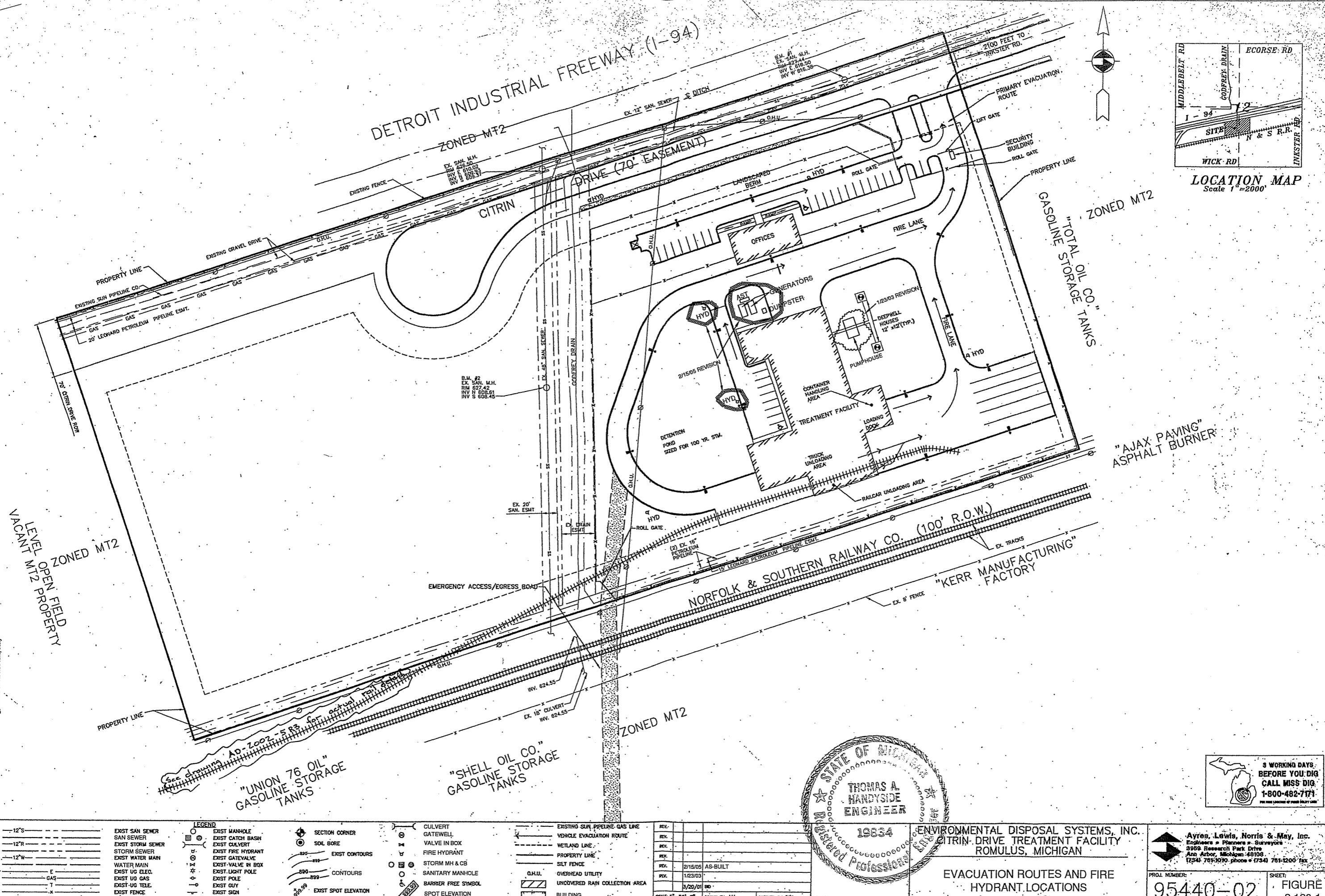
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a:organics.ts(6)
12-14-89

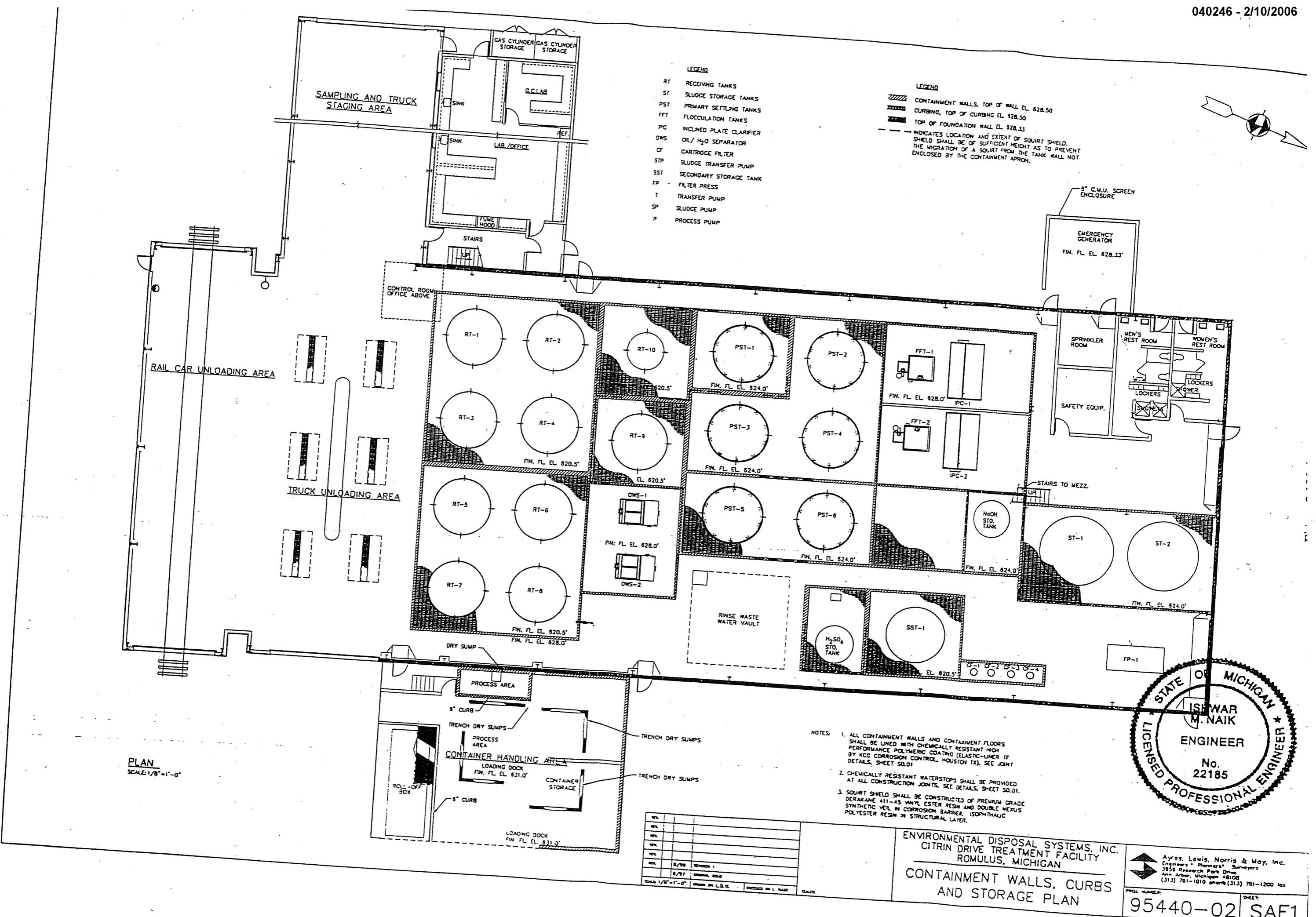
Table 2.120-1

REV. 2, 1-98

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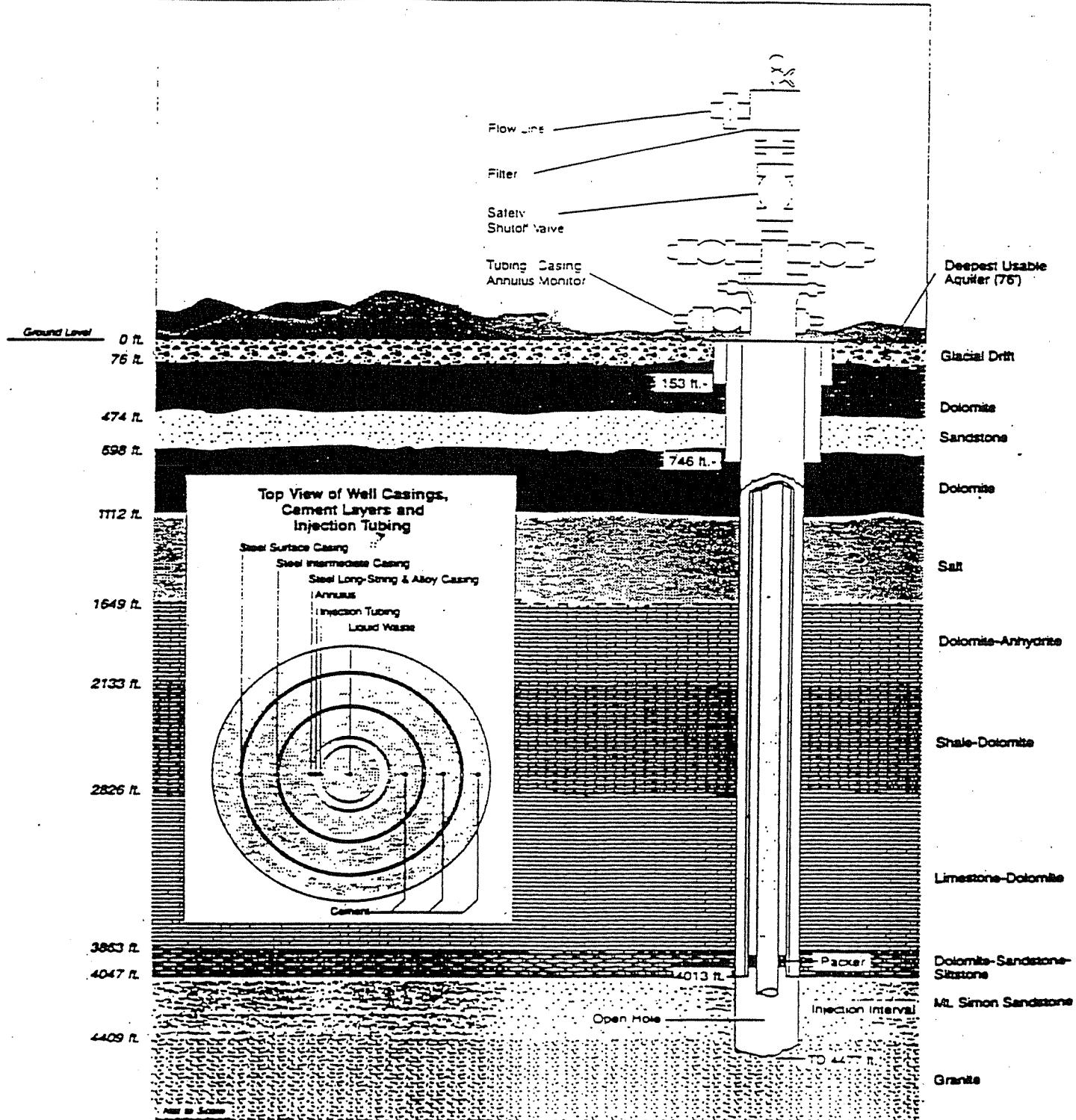
DETROIT INDUSTRIAL FREEWAY (I-94)
ZONED MF2





**ENVIRONMENTAL
DISPOSAL
SYSTEMS, INC.**

**EPA CLASS I DEEP
DISPOSAL WELL**
Romulus, Michigan



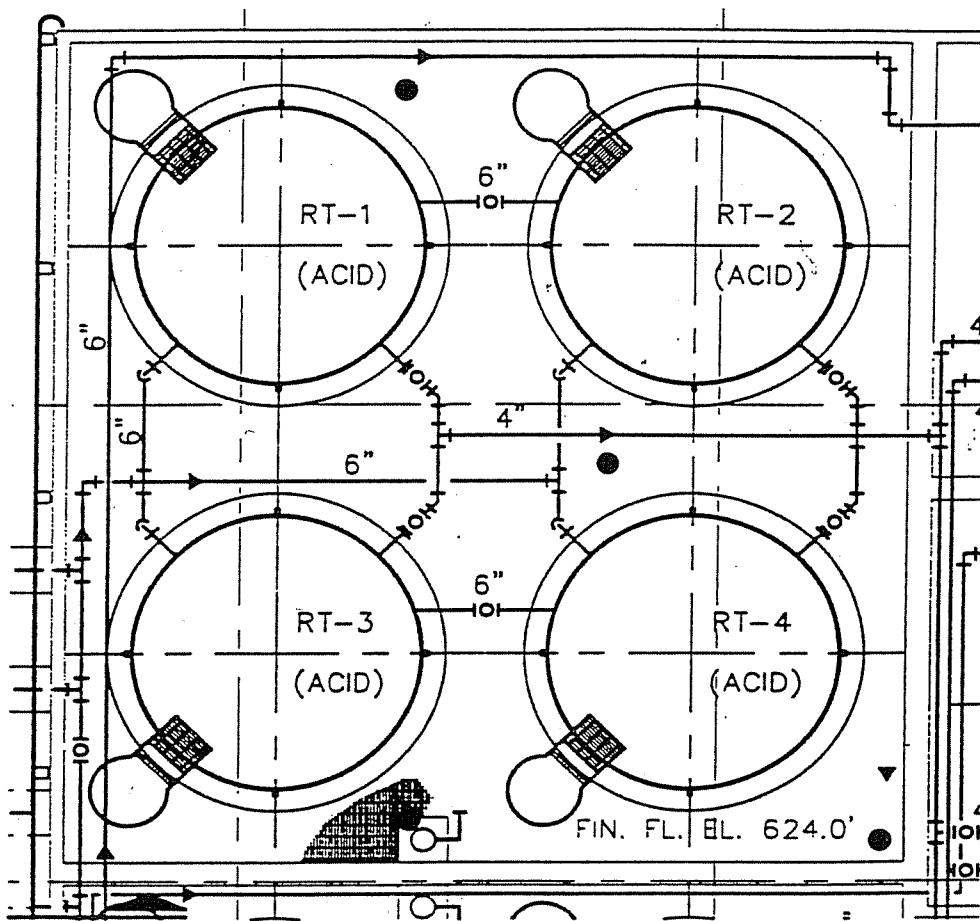
Deepwell Cross-Section

REV. 2, 1-98

Figure 2.120-3

REV. 1, 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA

RECEIVING TANKS RT 1-4

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●".

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task RECEIVING TANKS RT 1-4 Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN



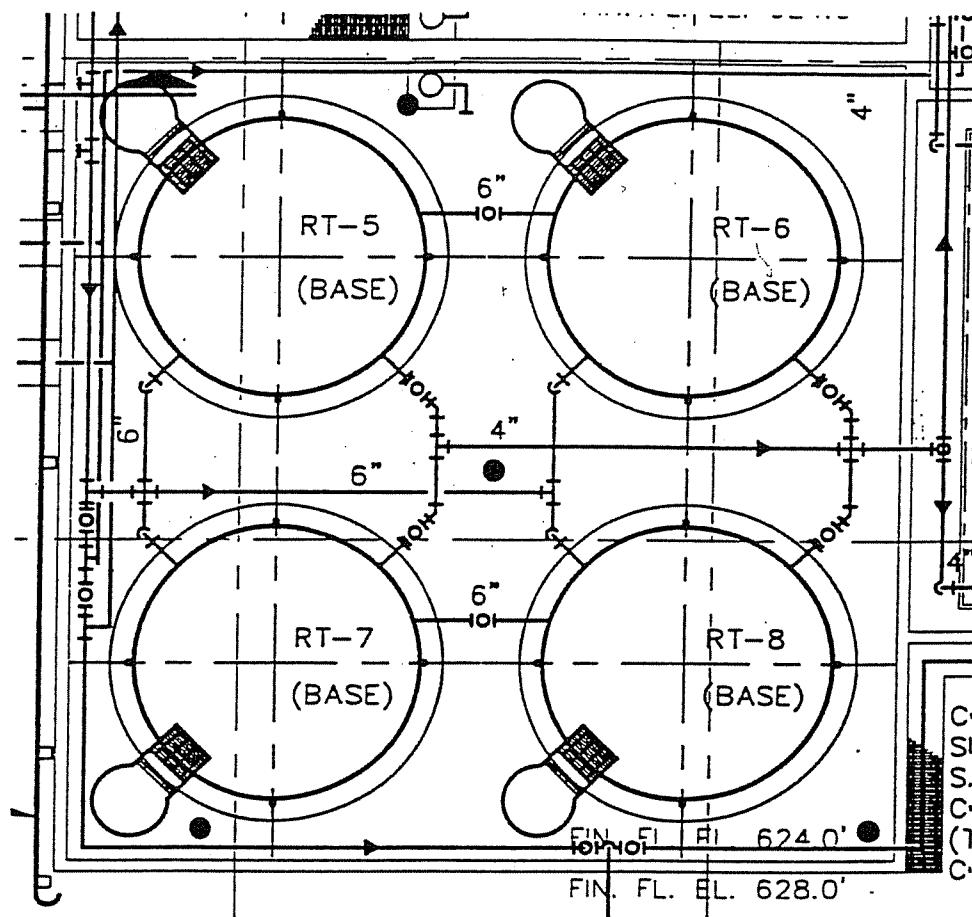
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 (313) 761-1010

Figure 2.120-4

REV. 2, 1-98

REV. 1, 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA



RECEIVING TANKS RT 5-8

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●".

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE

Task RECEIVING TANKS RT 5-8 Date 6/24/97

Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN



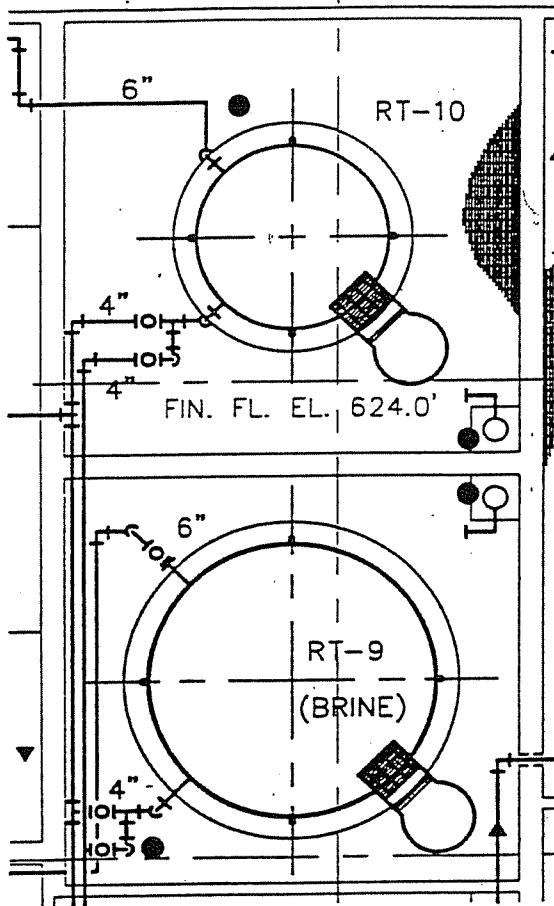
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Figure 2.120-5

REV. 2, 1-98

REV. 1, 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA

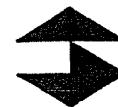


RECEIVING TANKS RT 9 & 10

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●".

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task RECEIVING TANKS RT 9,10 Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN



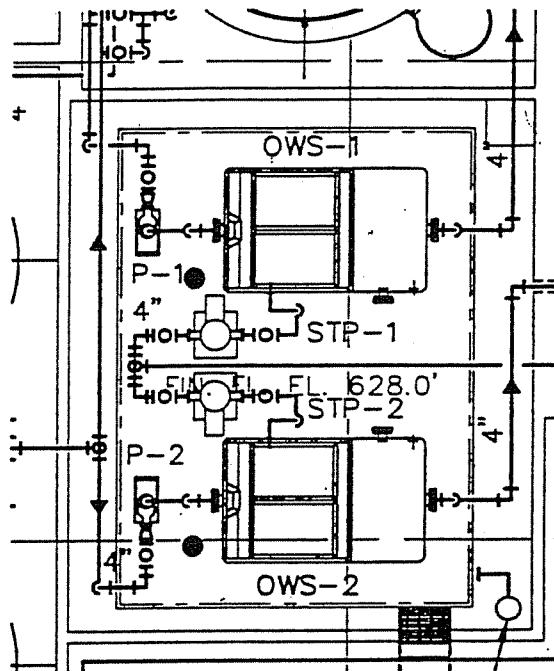
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Figure 2.120-6

REV. 2, 1-98

REV. 1, 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA



OIL WATER SEPARATORS OWS 1 & 2

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●".

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE

Task OIL WATER SEPARATORS OWS 1.2 Date 6/24/97

Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN

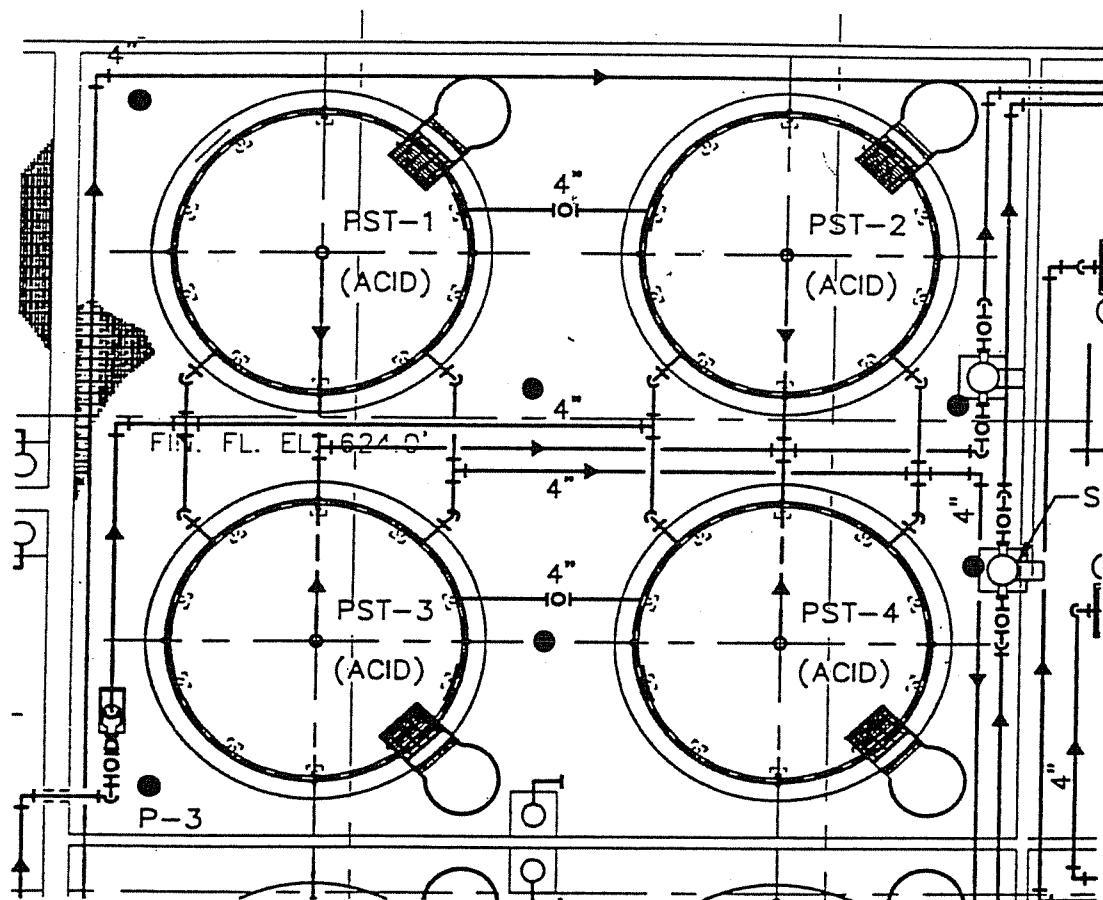


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REV. 2, 1-98

Figure 2.120-7
REV. 1, 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA



PRIMARY SETTLING TANKS PST 1-4

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●".

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task PRIMARY SETTLING TANKS PST 1-4 Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN



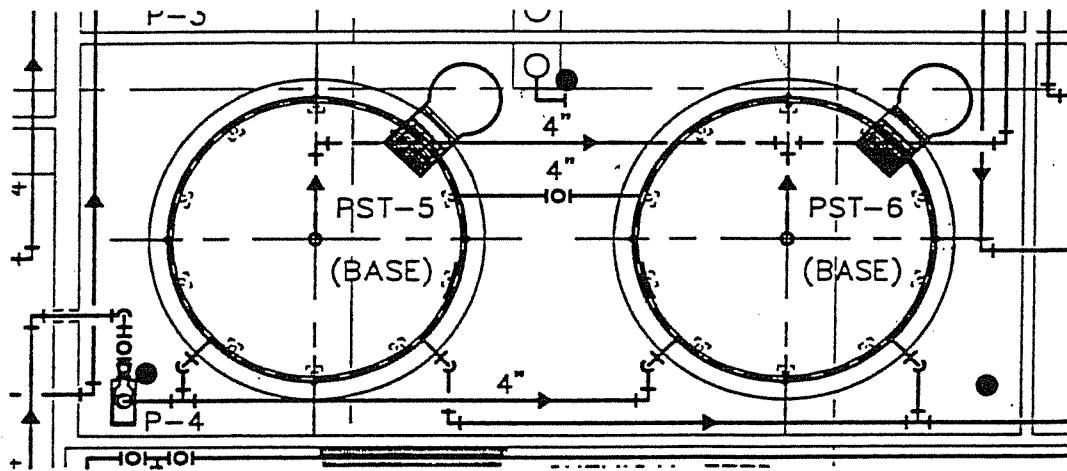
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Figure 2.120-8

REV. 2, 1-98

REV. 1, 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA

PRIMARY SETTLING TANKS PST 5 & 6

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●."

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task PRIMARY SETTLING TANKS PST 5,6 Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN



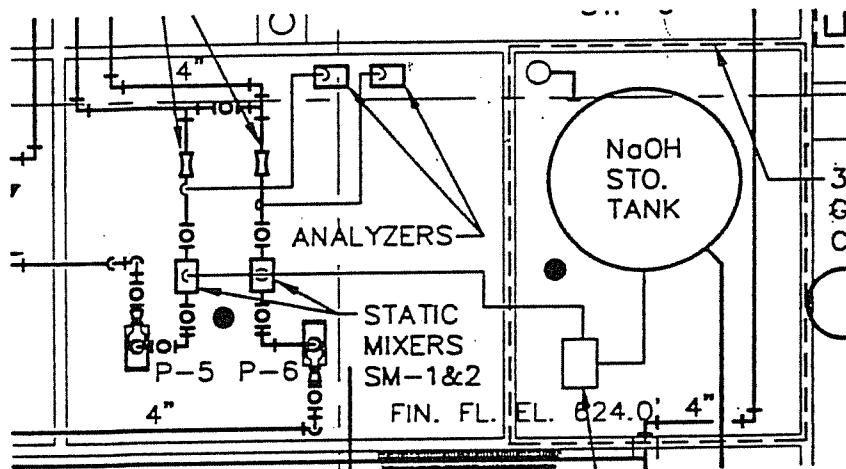
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Figure 2.120-9

REV. 2, 1-98

REV. 1, 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA



SODIUM HYDROXIDE STORAGE TANK

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●".

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task SODIUM HYDROXIDE STORAGE TANK Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN



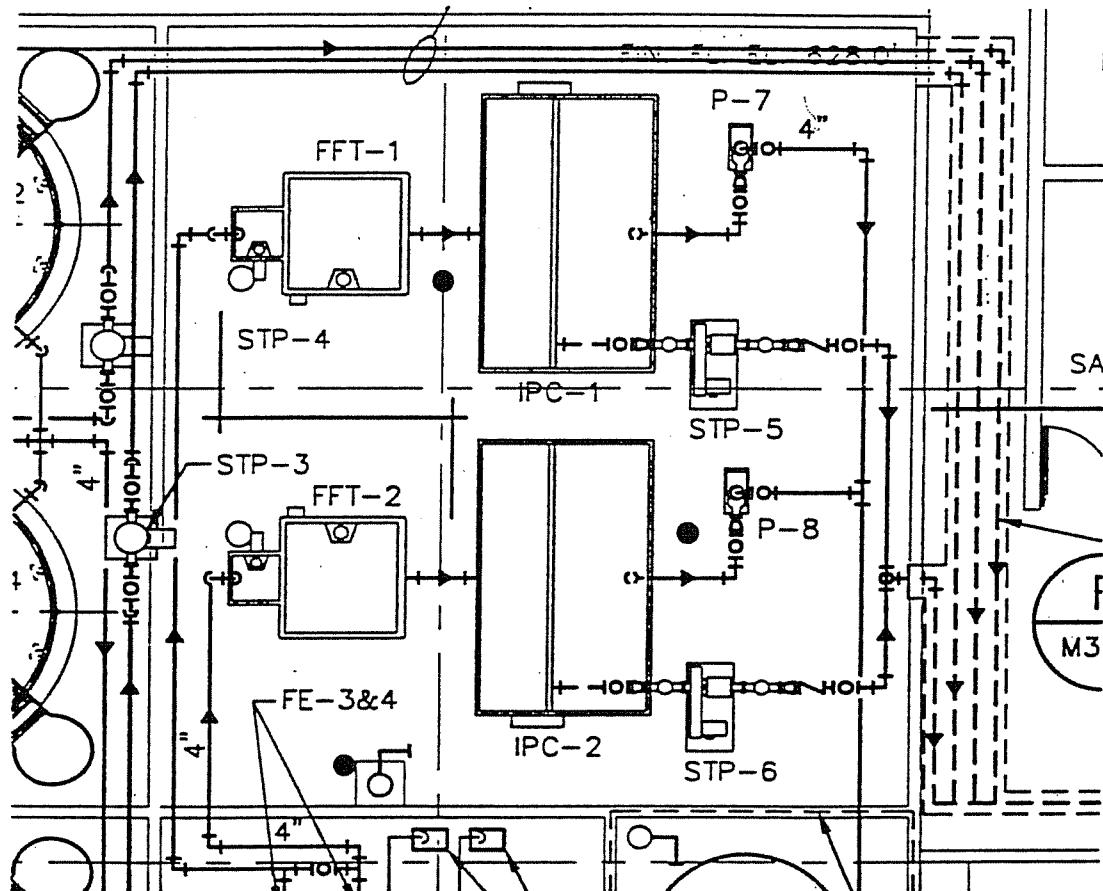
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REV. 2, 1-98

REV. 1, 8-97

Figure 2.120-10

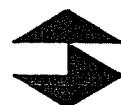
HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA

INCLINED PLATE CLARIFIER IPC 1 & 2

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●."

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task INCLINED PLATE CLARIFIER IPC 1,2 Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN

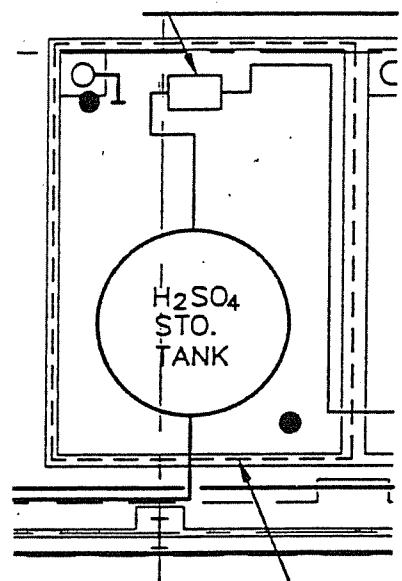


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REV. 2, 1-98

Figure 2.120-11

REV. 1. 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREASULFURIC ACID STORAGE TANK

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●."

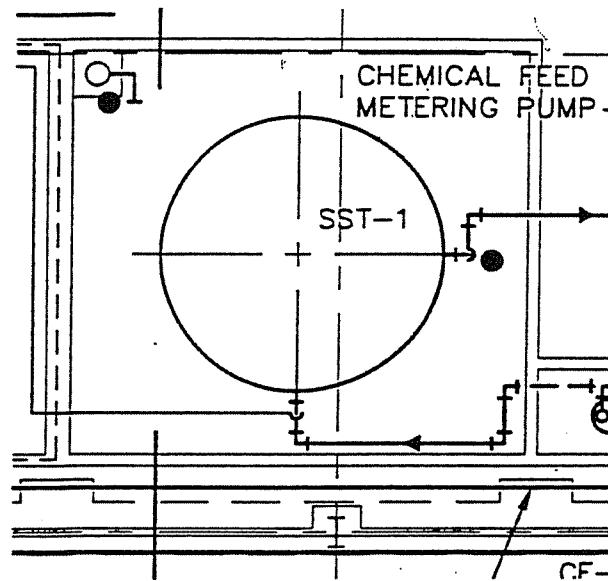
Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task SULFURIC ACID STORAGE TANK Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN REV. 2, 1-98



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Figure 2.120-12

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA



SECONDARY SETTLING TANK SST-1

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●."

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task SECONDARY SETTLING TANK SST-1 Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN REV. 2, 1-98

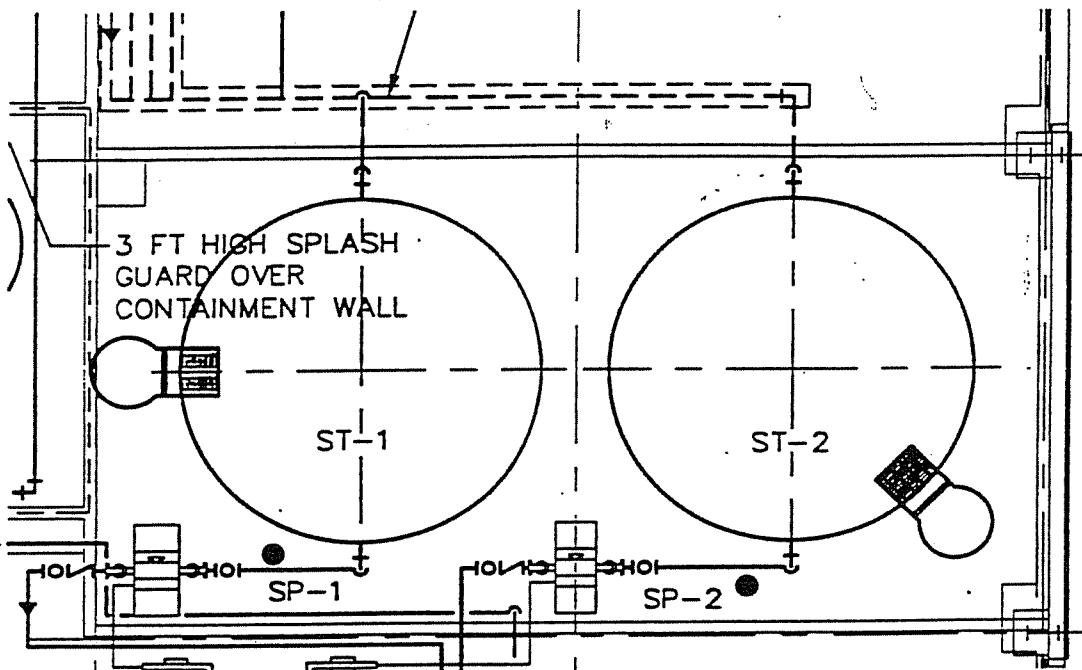


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Figure 2.120-13

REV. 1, 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA



SLUDGE STORAGE TANKS ST 1 & 2

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●."

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task SLUDGE STORAGE TANKS ST 1,2 Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN



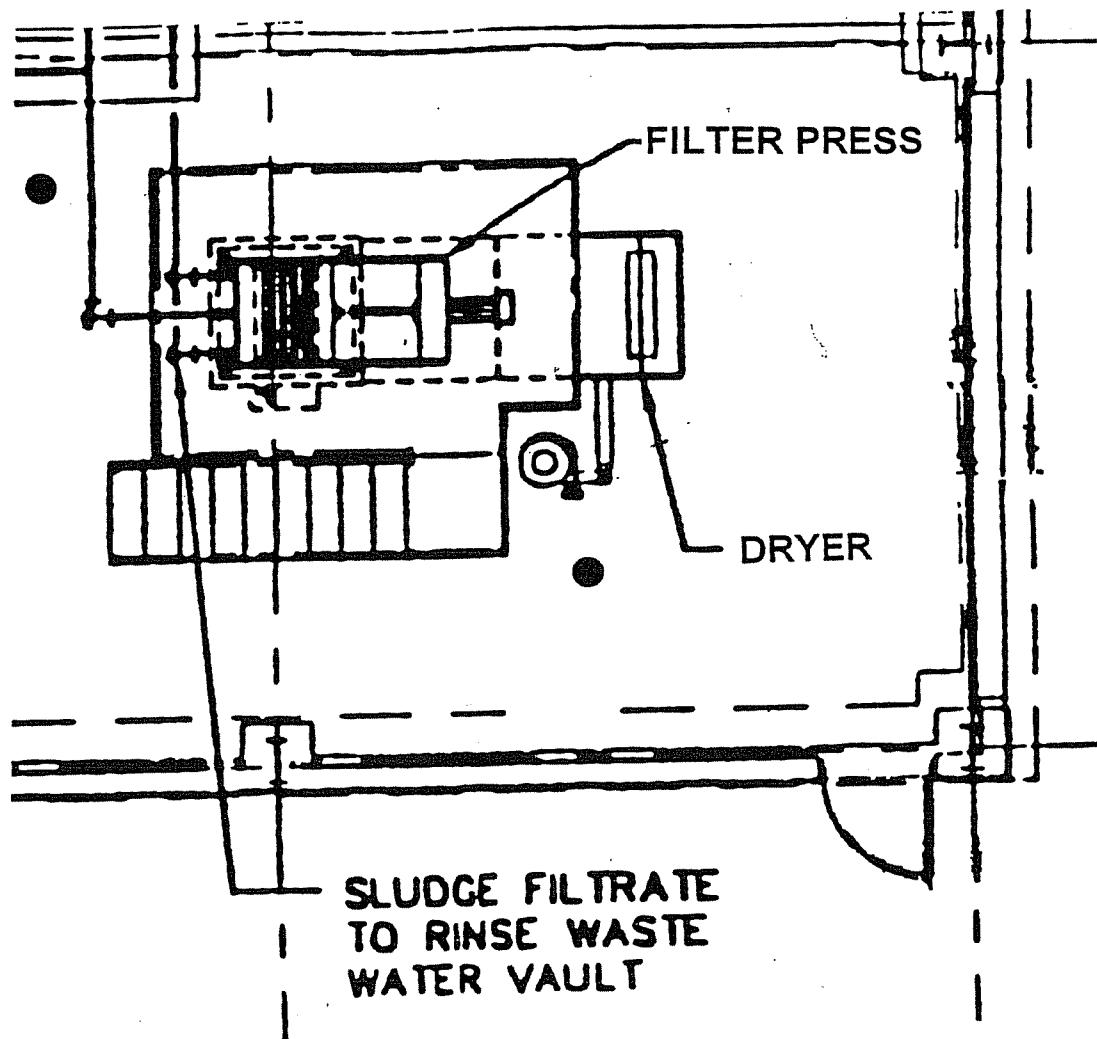
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REV. 2.1-98

Figure 2.120-14

REV. 1, 8-97

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AREA

FILTER PRESS AND DRYER

SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"

1. Refer to Drawing/Sheet M1.02 on Figure 2.120-16 for unit locations and reference to cross-sections of these unit areas.
2. Proposed Sampling locations are designated by the symbol "●."

Project No. 95440-02 Project Name EDS - CITRIN DRIVE
 Task FILTER PRESS AND DRYER Date 6/24/97
 Dept. MECH Designed By PAZ Checked by IMN

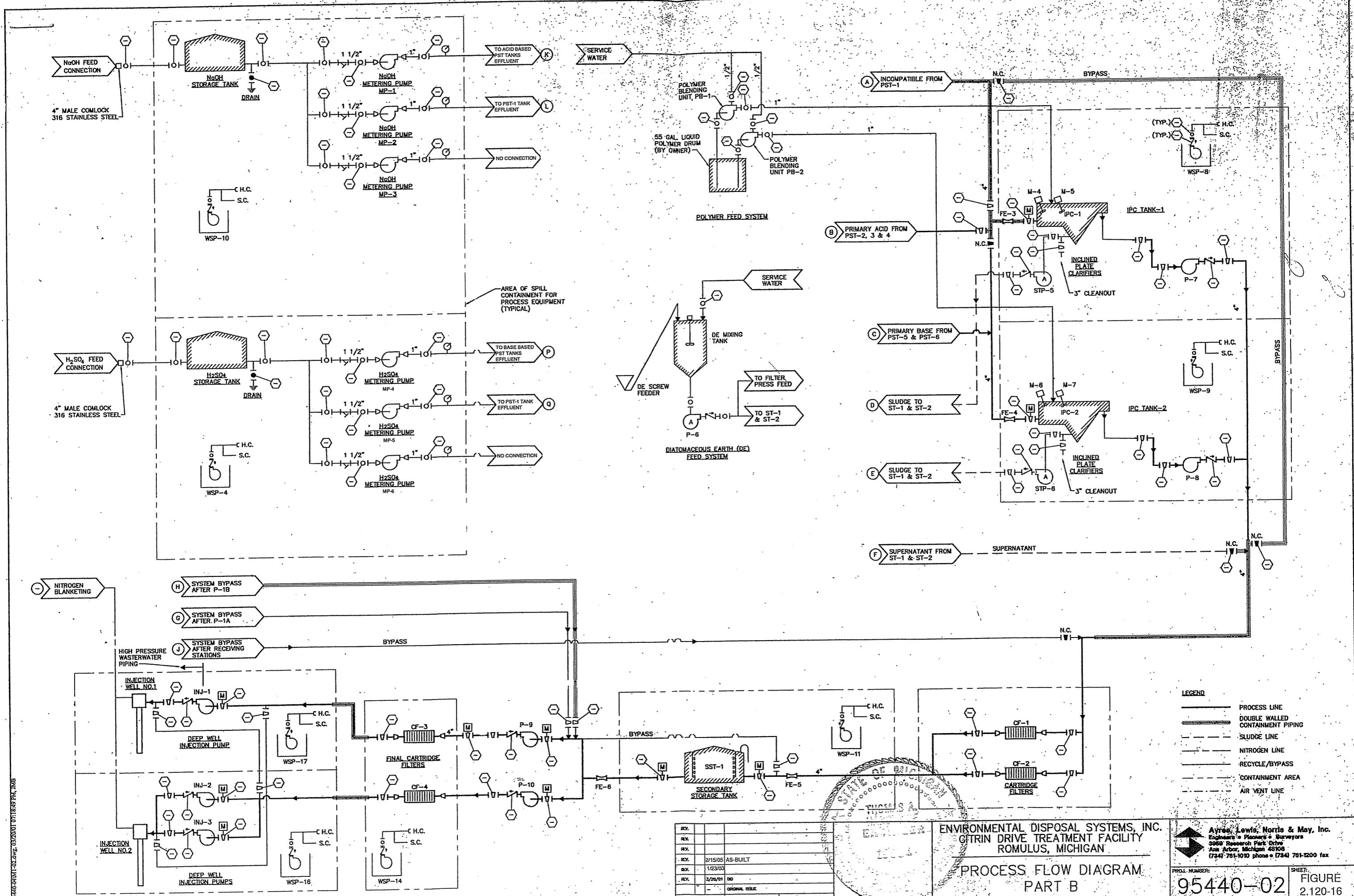


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REV. 2, 1-98

Figure 2.120-15

REV. 2, 1-98



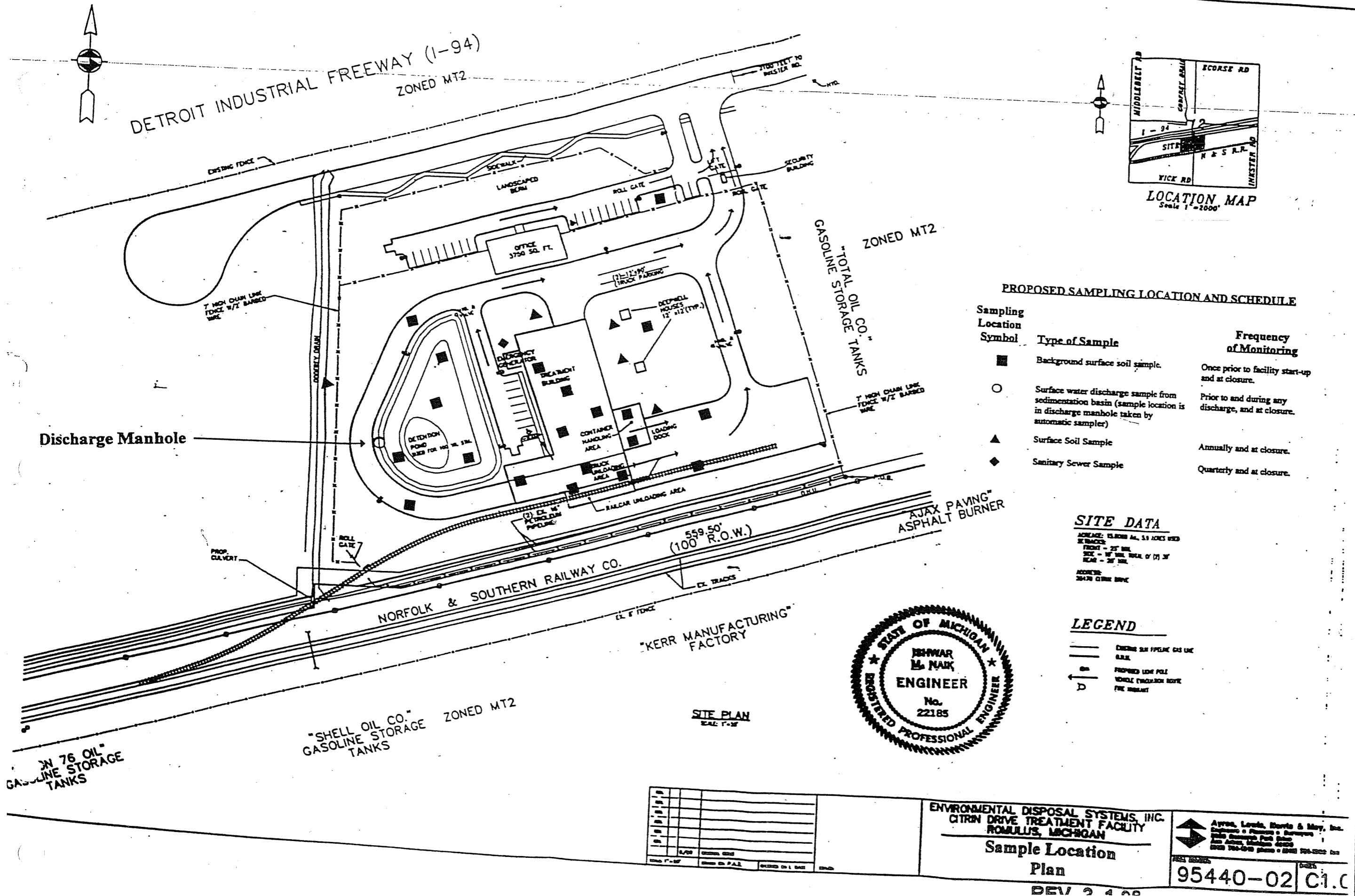


Figure 2.120-17

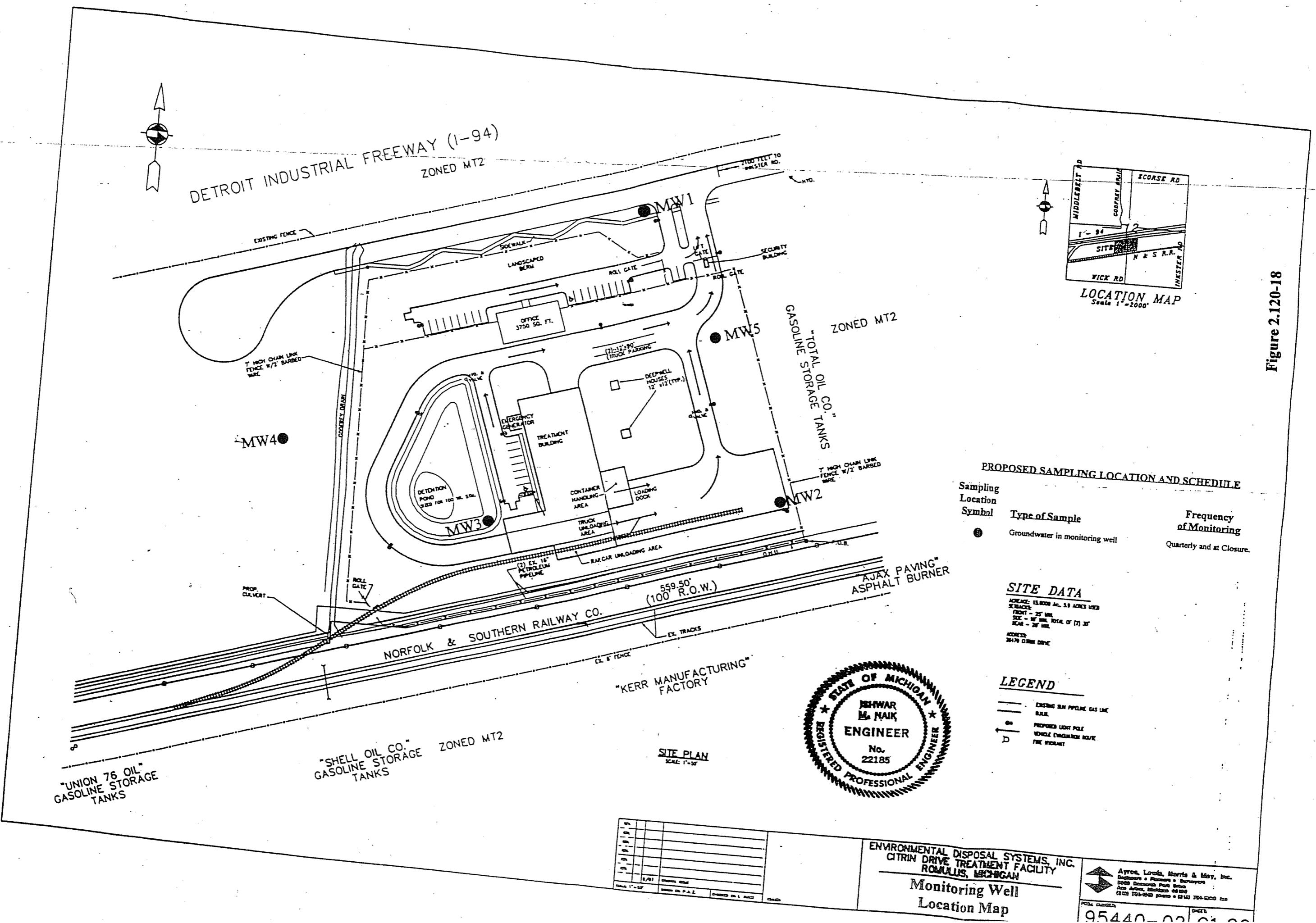
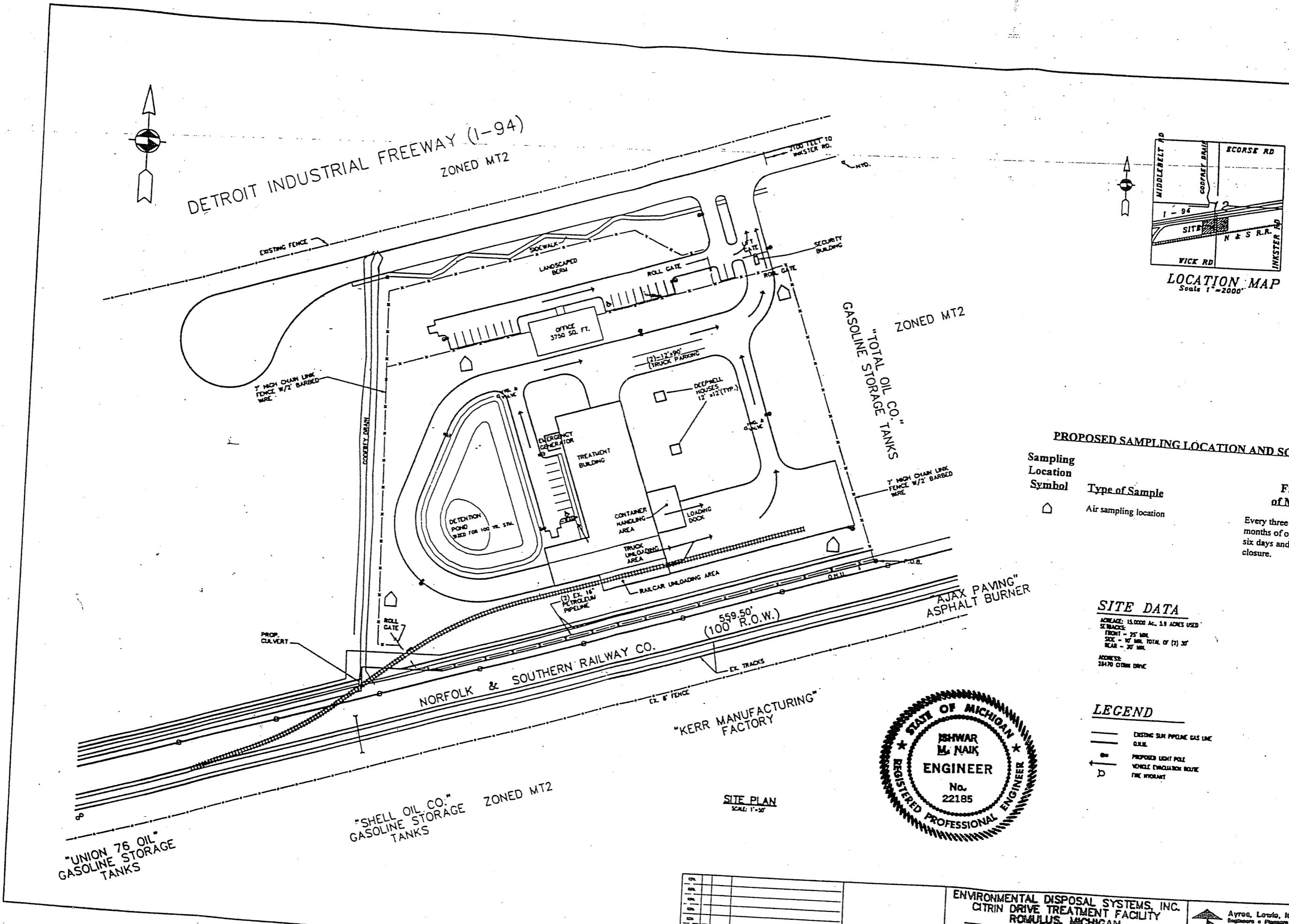


Figure 2.120-18



APPENDIX 2.120-1

CLEANUP CRITERIA

ATTACHMENT A
GROUNDWATER: RESIDENTIAL AND INDUSTRIAL-COMMERCIAL
PART 201 GENERIC CLEANUP CRITERIA AND SCREENING LEVELS

May 28, 1999
Page A.1

Developed under the authority of the

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1994 PA. 451, AS AMENDED

Groundwater criteria were calculated using currently available toxicological and chemical-specific data. These criteria may change as new data become available. They are not necessarily final cleanup standards. Current criteria are available on the ERD Homepage at www.dcq.state.mi.us/erd. Scientific notation is represented by E+ or E- a value, for example 2×10^6 is reported as 2.0E+6. Please refer to Operational Memorandum #6 for analytical methods and method detection limits. All values are expressed in units of parts per billion (ug/L). Changes made since the last revision of the tables (January 1999) are shaded.

Chemical	Chemical Abstract Service Number	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9
		Residential & Commercial I Drinking Water Criteria	Industrial & Commercial II, III & IV Drinking Water Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Criteria	Residential & Commercial I Groundwater Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Industrial & Commercial II, III & IV Groundwater Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Groundwater Contact Criteria (AA)	Water Solubility	Flammability and Explosivity Screening Level	Acute Inhalation Screening Level
Aceanaphthalene	93329	1,300	3,800	19	4,200 (S)	4,200 (S)	4,200 (S)	4,240	ID	ID
Aceanaphthalene	208968	26	75	ID	3,900 (S)	3,900 (S)	3,900 (S)	3,930	ID	ID
Acetaldehyde (I)	15070	950	2,700	NA	1.1E+6	2.3E+6	4.2E+7	1.0E+9	4.4E+6	2.6E+7
Acetic acid (I)	54197	18,000 (M)	18,000 (M)	18,000 (M)	NA	1.8E+8	6.0E+9	4.8E+6	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)
Acetone (I)	67641	730	2,100	1,700	1.0E+9 (D)	3.1E+7	1.0E+9	7.5E+6	1.0E+9 (D)	
Acetonitrile (I)	75058	140	400	NA	1.4E+8	2.0E+8 (S)	5.7E+6	1.0E+7	2.0E+8 (S)	
Acrolein (I)	107028	120	330	NA	2,100	4,200	3.4E+6	2.10E+8	3.3E+6	3.4E+5
Acrylamide	79061	0.5 (M)	0.78	NA	NA	NA	8,700	2.20E+9	ID	ID
Acrylic acid (I)	79107	3,900	11,000	NA	1.2E+7	2.8E+7	7.4E+7	1.0E+9	1.0E+9 (D)	ID
Acrylonitrile (I)	107131	1.6	6.4	4.9 (X)	34,000	1.9E+5	8,100	7.50E+7	3.2E+6	ID
Alachlor	15972608	2.0 (A)	2.0 (A)	11 (X)	NA	NA	ID	1.83E+5	ID	ID
Aldicarb	116063	3.0 (A)	3.0 (A)	NA	NA	NA	1.2E+5	6.00E+6	ID	ID
Aldicarb sulfoxide	1646873	4.0 (A)	4.0 (A)	NA	NA	NA	3.2E+6	2.80E+7	ID	ID
Aldicarb sulfone	1646884	2.0 (A)	2.0 (A)	NA	NA	NA	2.6E+6	7.80E+6	ID	ID
Aldrin	309902	0.05	0.2	NA	180 (S)	180 (S)	0.12	180	ID	ID
Aluminum (B)	7429905	50 (V)	50 (V)	NA	NA	NA	7.0E+7	NA	ID	ID
Ammonia	7664417	ID (N)	ID (N)	[AC]	3.2E+6	7.2E+6	ID	5.30E+8	ID	3.5E+6
Aniline (I)	62533	150	610	IP	NA	NA	3.7E+5	3.80E+7	ID	ID
Anthracene	120127	43 (S)	43 (S)	ID	43 (S)	43 (S)	43.4	ID	ID	ID
Antimony (B)	7440360	6.0 (A)	6.0 (A)	ID	NA	NA	75,000	NA	ID	ID
Arsenic (B)	7440382	50 (A)	50 (A)	150 (X)	NA	NA	4,700	NA	ID	ID
Asbestos (AB)	1332214	7.0E+6 /mL	7.0E+6 /mL	NA	NA	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID

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Araazine	1912249	3.0 (A)	3.0 (A)	7.3 (X)	NLV	NLV	1,500	70,000	ID	ID
Azobenzene	103333	7.7	32	NA	6,400 (S)	410	6,400	ID	ID	ID
Barium (B)	7440393	2,000 (A)	2,000 (A)	190	NLV	NLV	1.5E+7	NA	ID	ID
Benzene (I)	71432	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	200 (X)	5,600	36,000	9,400	1.75E+6	34,000	67,000
Benzidine	92875	0.3 (M)	0.3 (M)	ID	NLV	NLV	6.8	5.20E+5	ID	ID
Benzo(a)anthracene (Q)	565553	5.0 (M)	5.0 (M)	NA	NLV	NLV	5.0 (M)	9.4	ID	ID
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (Q)	2055992	5.0 (M)	5.0 (M)	ID	ID	5.0 (M)	1.5	ID	ID	ID
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (Q)	207089	12	48	NA	NLV	NLV	21	0.8	ID	ID
Benzog(h,i)perylene	191242	26	75	NA	NLV	NLV	5.0 (M)	0.26	ID	ID
Benzo(a)pyrene (Q)	50328	5.0 (M)	5.0 (M)	ID	NLV	NLV	5.0 (M)	1.62	ID	ID
Benzoic acid	65850	32,000	92,000	NA	NLV	NLV	3.5E+6 (S)	3.50E+6	ID	ID
Benzyl alcohol	100516	10,000	29,000	NA	NLV	NLV	4.4E+7 (S)	4.40E+7	ID	ID
Benzyl chloride	100447	5.0	20	NA	12,000	77,000	2,000	4.90E+5	ID	ID
Beryllium (B)	7440417	4.0 (A)	4.0 (A)	(G)	NLV	NLV	1.1E+6	NA	ID	ID
bis(2-chloroethoxy)ethane	112285	ID	ID	NA	NLV	NLV	ID	1.89E+7	ID	ID
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether (I)	111444	5.0 (M)	5.0 (M)	NA	38,000	2.1E+5	2,100	1.72E+7	1.7E+7 (S)	1.7E+7 (S)
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	117817	6.0 (A)	6.0 (A)	32	NLV	NLV	47	340	ID	340 (S)
Boron (B)	7440428	500 (F)	500 (F)	1,900	NLV	NLV	6.8E+7	NA	ID	ID
Bromobenzene (I)	108861	18	50	NA	1.8E+5	3.9E+5	9,900	4.13E+5	ID	ID
Bromodichloromethane	75274	100 (A,W)	100 (A,W)	ID	4,800	38,000	11,000	6.74E+6	ID	ID
Bromoform	75252	100 (A,W)	100 (A,W)	ID	4.8E+5	3.1E+6 (S)	1.0E+5	3.10E+6	ID	ID
Bromomethane	74839	10	29	35	4,000	9,000	-65,000	1.45E+7	ID	ID
n-Butanol (I)	71363	950	2,700	NA	NLV	NLV	8.2E+6	7.40E+7	7.4E+7	7.4E+7 (S)
2-Butanone (MEK) (I)	76933	13,000	38,000	2,200	2.4E+8 (S)	2.4E+8 (S)	2.40E+8	ID	2.4E+8 (S)	2.4E+8 (S)
n-Butyl acetate (I)	1238864	550	1,600	NA	6.7E+6 (S)	6.7E+6 (S)	1.6E+6	6.70E+6	1.2E+6	6.7E+6 (S)
t-Butyl alcohol (I)	75650	3,900	11,000	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	7.7E+7	1.0E+9	3.0E+7	ID	ID
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85687	1,200	2,700 (S)	14 (X)	NLV	NLV	2,700 (S)	2,690	ID	ID
n-Butylbenzene	104518	80	230	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID
sec-Butylbenzene	135988	80	230	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID
tert-Butylbenzene (I)	98066	80	230	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID
Cadmium (B)	7440439	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	(G,X)	NLV	NLV	2.1E+5	NA	ID	ID
Camphene (I)	79825	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	33,400	33,400	ID	ID

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Caprolactam	105602	5,800	17,000	NA	NA	NLV	4.2E+8	5.25E+9	ID	1.0E+9 (D)
Carbanil	63252	700	2,000	NA	ID	1.3E+5 (S)	1.25E+5	ID	ID	ID
Carbazole	86748	43	170	10 (M)	NLV	2,900	7,480	ID	ID	ID
Carbofuran	1563662	40 (A)	40 (A)	NA	NLV	3.3E+5	7.00E+5	ID	ID	ID
Carbon disulfide (I,R)	75150	800	2,300	ID	2.5E+5	5.35E+5	1.1E+6	1.19E+6	6,500	ID
Carbon tetrachloride	56235	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	45 (X)	370	2,400	1,600	7.93E+5	ID	96,000
Chlordane (J)	57749	2.0 (A)	2.0 (A)	IP	56 (S)	56 (S)	11	56	ID	ID
Chloride (B)	16887006	2.5E+5 (E)	2.5E+5 (E)	NA	NLV	ID	NA	NA	ID	ID
Chlorobenzene (I)	108907	100 (A)	100 (A)	47	2.1E+5	4.7E+5 (S)	68,000	4.72E+5	79,000	ID
Chloroethane (I)	75003	220	910	ID	5.7E+6 (S)	5.7E+6 (S)	2.0E+5	5.74E+6	56,000	ID
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110758	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	1.50E+7	ID	ID
Chloroform	67663	100 (A,W)	100 (A,W)	170 (X)	28,000	1.8E+5	96,000	7.92E+6	ID	ID
Chlorotetraene (I)	74873	68	270	ID	8,600	52,000	1.1E+5	6.34E+6	18,000	2.1E+5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59507	150	420	NA	NLV	62,000	3.90E+6	ID	ID	ID
beta-Chloronaphthalene	91587	1,800	5,200	NA	ID	ID	6,700 (S)	6,740	ID	ID
2-Chiocophenol	93578	45	130	22	ID	ID	82,000	2.20E+7	ID	ID
alpha-Chioclouene (I)	93498	150	420	NA	3.7E+5 (S)	3.7E+5 (S)	35,000	3.73E+5	ID	ID
Chlorpyrilos	2921882	22	63	NA	2.9	6.6	1,100 (S)	1,120	ID	ID
Chromium (III) (B,H)	160656331	100 (A)	100 (A)	(G,X)	NLV	NLV	3.2E+8	NA	ID	ID
Chromium (VI) (B,H)	18540299	100 (A)	100 (A)	11	NLV	NLV	1.0E+6	NA	ID	ID
Chrysene (Q)	218019	120	480	ID	ID	5.0 (M)	5.0 (M)	1.6	ID	ID
Cobalt (B)	7440484	50 (M)	100	100	NLV	NLV	-1.E+6	NA	ID	ID
Copper (B)	7440508	1,000 (E)	1,000 (E)	(G)	NLV	NLV	8.1E+6	NA	ID	ID
Cyanazine	21725462	10 (M)	10 (M)	56 (X)	NLV	NLV	1,700	1.70E+5	ID	ID
Cyanide (R)	57125	200 (A)	200 (A)	20 (M)	NLV	NLV	6.5E+5	NA	ID	ID
Cyclohexanone (I)	108941	33,000	94,000	NA	1,400	3,300	2.3E+7 (S)	2.30E+7	ID	ID
Dacthal	1861321	73	210	NA	NLV	NLV	500 (S)	500	ID	ID
Dalapon	75990	200 (A)	200 (A)	NA	NLV	NLV	1.25E+7	5.02E+8	ID	ID
4,4'-DDD	72548	3.5	14	NA	NLV	NLV	12	90	ID	ID
4,4'-DDDE	72559	2.5	10	NA	ID	ID	11	120	ID	ID
4,4'-DDT	50293	2.5	10	0.02 (M)	NLV	NLV	5.3	25	ID	ID
Decabromodiphenyl ether	1163195	30 (S)	30 (S)	NA	30 (S)	30 (S)	30	30	ID	ID

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									Industrial & Commercial II, III & IV Groundwater Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Groundwater Contact Criteria (AA)							
Di-n-butyl phthalate	B4742	880	2,500	9.7					NLV	NLV	11,000 (S)	11,200	ID	ID			
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	103231	400 (A)	400 (A)	NA					NLV	NLV	470 (S)	471	ID	ID			
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117840	130	380	ID					NLV	NLV	250	3,000	ID	ID			
Diacetone alcohol (I)	123422	ID	ID	NA					NLV	NLV	ID	1.0E+9	1.0E+9 (D)	ID			
Diazinon	333415	1.3	3.8	NA					NLV	NLV	1,100	68,800	ID	ID			
Dibenzof[a,h]anthracene (Q)	53703	5.0 (M)	5.0 (M)	ID					NLV	NLV	5.0 (M)	2.49	ID	ID			
Dibenzofuran	132649	ID	ID	4.0					ID	ID	ID	10,000	ID	ID			
Dibromochloromethane	124481	100 (A,W)	100 (A,W)	ID					15,000	1.1E+5	9,500	2.60E+6	ID	ID			
Dibromochloropropane	56128	0.2 (A)	0.2 (A)	NA					NA	1,200 (S)	1,200 (S)	300	NA	ID	ID		
Dibromomethane	74953	80	230	NA					ID	ID	5.1E+5	5.1E+5	ID	ID			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	55601	600 (A)	600 (A)	16					1.6E+5 (S)	1.6E+5 (S)	1.6E+5 (S)	1.56E+5	ID	1.6 E+5 (S)			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541731	600	600	38					ID	ID	1.1E+5 (S)	1.1E+5 (S)	ID	ID			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106467	75 (A)	75 (A)	13					16,000	74,000 (S)	2,800	73,800	ID	ID			
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	31941	1.9	7.7	0.3 (M,X)					NLV	NLV	270	3,110	ID	ID			
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75718	1,700	4,800	ID					2.2E+5	3.0E+5 (S)	3.0E+5 (S)	3.00E+5	ID	ID			
1,1-Dichloroethane (I)	75343	880	2,500	ID					5.1E+6 (S)	5.1E+6 (S)	2.1E+6	5.08E+6	1.9E+5	ID			
1,2-Dichloroethane (I)	107062	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	360 (X)					9,600	59,000	11,000	8.52E+6	1.3E+6	ID			
1,1-Dichloroethylene (I)	75354	7.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	65 (X)					200	1,300	9,000	2.25E+6	48,000	1.4E+5			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (I)	156592	70 (A)	70 (A)	ID					3.5E+6 (S)	3.5E+6 (S)	1.7E+6	3.50E+6	2.7E+5	ID			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156605	100 (A)	100 (A)	ID					6.3E+6 (S)	6.3E+6 (S)	1.9E+5	6.30E+6	1.2E+5	ID			
2,6-Dichloro-4-nitroaniline	99309	2,200	6,300	NA					NLV	NLV	7,000 (S)	7,000	ID	ID			
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120832	73	210	19					NLV	NLV	>40,000	4.50E+6	ID	ID			
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	24757	70 (A)	70 (A)	220					NLV	NLV	1.1E+5	6.80E+6	ID	ID			
1,2-Dichloropropane (I)	78875	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	290 (X)					16,000	36,000	7,500	2.80E+6	2.7E+5	2.8E+6 (S)			
1,3-Dichloropropene (I,J)	542756	4.7	19	NA					300	2,000	2,600	2.80E+6	66,000	ID			
Dichloroves	62737	2.9	12	NA					NLV	NLV	11,000	1.60E+7	ID	ID			

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#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#9	
Dicyclohexyl phthalate	34617	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	4,000	ID	ID	ID
Diiodin	60571	0.053	0.22	0.02 (M)	200 (S)	0.9	195	ID	ID	ID
Diethyl ether (I)	60297	10 (E,M)	10 (E,M)	ID	6.1E+7 (S)	3.3E+7	6.10E+7	3.2E+5	6.1E+7 (S)	
Diethyl phthalate	84662	5,500	16,000	NA	NLV	1.1E+6 (S)	1.08E+6	ID	ID	ID
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112345	88	250	NA	NLV	4.3E+6	1.0E+9	ID	ID	ID
Diisopropylamine (I)	108189	5.6	16	NA	ID	ID	19,000	3.69E+7	2.3E+6	ID
Dimethyl phthalate	131113	73,000	2.1E+5	NA	NLV	4.2E+6 (S)	4.19E+6	ID	ID	ID
N,N-Dimethylacetamide	127195	180	520	4,100 (X)	NLV	2.6E+7	1.0E+9	ID	ID	ID
N,N-Dimethylaniline	121697	16	46	NA	2.4E+5	1.3E+6 (S)	16,000	1.27E+6	1.3E+6 (S)	
Dimethylformamide (I)	68122	700	2,000	NA	NLV	1.3E+8	1.0E+9	ID	ID	ID
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105679	370	1,000	12	NLV	4.4E+5	7.87E+6	ID	ID	ID
2,6-Dimethylphenol	576261	5.0 (M)	13	NA	NLV	5,300	6.14E+6	ID	ID	ID
3,4-Dimethylaniline	95658	10	29	NA	NLV	15,000	4.93E+6	ID	ID	ID
Dimethylsulfoxide	67685	2.2E+5	6.3E+5	1.9E+5	NLV	1.7E+8 (S)	1.66E+8	ID	ID	ID
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121142	5.0 (M)	5.1	NA	NLV	1,300	2.70E+5	ID	ID	ID
Dinoseb	88857	7.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	NA	ID	ID	6,100	52,000	ID	ID
1,4-Dioxane (I)	123911	77	320	2,800 (X)	NLV	1.7E+6	9.00E+8	7.2E+7	ID	ID
Diquat	85007	20 (A)	20 (A)	NA	NLV	7.0E+5 (S)	7.00E+5	ID	ID	ID
Diuron	330541	31	90	NA	NLV	37,000 (S)	37,300	ID	ID	ID
Endosulfan (J)	115297	1.7	4.8	NA	ID	ID	510	ID	ID	ID
Endothall	145733	100 (A)	100 (A)	NA	NLV	3.0E+7	1.00E+8	ID	ID	ID
Endrin	72208	2.0 (A)	2.0 (A)	IP	NLV	-	120	250	ID	ID
Epiclorohydrin (I)	106998	86	350	NA	3.2E+5	6.8E+5	6.60E+7	2.3E+7	ID	ID
Ethanol (I)	64175	1.9E+6	3.8E+6	IP	NLV	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9	4.8E+7	ID	ID
Ethyl acetate (I)	141786	6,600	19,000	NA	6.4E+7 (S)	6.4E+7 (S)	6.40E+7	2.1E+6	ID	ID
Ethylbenzene (I)	100414	74 (E)	74 (E)	18	1.7E+5 (S)	1.7E+5 (S)	1.69E+5	22,000	1.7E+5 (S)	
Ethylene dibromide	106934	0.05 (A)	0.05 (A)	NA	2,400	15,000	16	4.20E+6	ID	ID
Ethylene glycol	107211	15,000	42,000	NA	NLV	1.0E+9 (S)	1.0E+9	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	11762	200	560	NA	53,000	1.2E+5	2.24E+8	ID	ID	
Fluoranthene	206440	210 (S)	210 (S)	1.6	210 (S)	210 (S)	206	ID	ID	
Fluorene	86737	880	2,000 (S)	12	2,000 (S)	2,000 (S)	1,980	ID	ID	
Fluorine (soluble fluoride) (B)	7782414	2,000 (A,E)	2,000 (A,E)	NA	NLV	1.3E+7	NA	ID	ID	

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Formaldehyde	500000	1,300	3,800	120	63,000	3.6E+5	2.9E+7	5.50E+8	ID	61,000	
Formic acid (I.U.)	64186	18,000 {M}	29,000	ID	7.7E+6	1.5E+7	6.2E+8	1.0E+9	6.6E+8	3.5E+8	ID
1-Formylpiperidine	2591868	80	230	NA	ID	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID
Genian violet	548629	8.5	35	NA	NLV	4.9E+5	1.00E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID
Glyphosate	1071836	700 {A}	700 {A}	NA	NLV	ID	1.16E+7	ID	ID	ID	
Heptachlor	76448	0.4 {A}	0.4 {A}	NA	180 {S}	180 {S}	0.71	180	ID	ID	
Heptachlor epoxide	1024573	0.2 {A}	0.2 {A}	NA	NLV	NLV	3.1	200	ID	ID	
n-Heptane (I)	142825	32,000	92,000	NA	2,700 {S}	2,700 {S}	2,700 {S}	2,690	100	2,700 {S}	
Hexabromobenzene	37821	10 {M}	10 {M}	ID	ID	10 {M}	10 {M}	0.17	ID	ID	
Hexachlorobenzene (C-66)	118741	1.0 {A}	1.0 {A}	ID	440	3,000	2.0	6,200	ID	ID	
Hexachlorobutadiene (C-46)	37683	11	45	ID	1,600	3,200 {S}	200	3,230	ID	ID	
alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane	319846	0.14	0.55	NA	2,000 {S}	2,000 {S}	16	2,000	ID	ID	
beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane	319857	0.47	1.9	NA	NLV	NLV	54	240	ID	ID	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene (C-56)	7474	50 {A}	50 {A}	ID	ID	ID	1,400	1,800	ID	ID	
Hexachloroethane	67721	61	250	6.7 {X}	27,000	50,000 {S}	1,500	50,000	ID	ID	
n-Hexane (I)	110543	3,000	8,600	NA	12,000 {S}	12,000 {S}	12,000 {S}	12,000 {S}	12,000 {S}	12,000 {S}	ID
2-Hexanone (I)	591786	1,000	2,900	NA	4.2E+6	8.0E+6	4.8E+6	1.60E+7	ID	ID	
Indeno[1,2,3-c]pyrene (Q)	193395	5.0 {M}	5.0 {M}	ID	NLV	NLV	5.0 {M}	0.022	ID	ID	
Iron (B)	7439896	300 {E}	300 {E}	NA	NLV	NLV	ID	NA	ID	ID	
Isobutyl alcohol (I)	78831	2,300	6,700	NA	7.6E+7 {S}	7.6E+7 {S}	2.4E+7	7.60E+7	ID	ID	
Isophorone	78591	900	3,700	570 {X}	NLV	NLV	1.1E+6	1.20E+7	ID	1.2E+7 {S}	
Isopropyl alcohol (I)	67630	470	1,300	NA	NLV	NLV	-1.3E+7	1.0E+9	3.0E+7	1.0E+9 {D}	
Isopropyl benzene (I)	98828	800	2,300	ID	56,000 {S}	56,000 {S}	56,000 {S}	56,000	15,000	ID	
Lead (B)	7439921	4.0 {L}	4.0 {L}	(G,X)	NLV	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	
Lindane	58899	0.2 {A}	0.2 {A}	0.027	25	NLV	86	6,800	ID	ID	
Lithium (B)	7439932	170	350	NA	NLV	NLV	6.0E+6	NA	ID	ID	
Magnesium (B)	7439954	4.2E+5	1.2E+6	NA	NLV	NLV	1.0E+9 {D}	NA	ID	ID	

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Manganese (B)	7439965	50 (E)	50 (E)	(G,X)	NLV	1.0E+7	NA	ID	ID	
Mercury (inorganic) (B)	7439976	2.0 (A)	2.0 (A)	0.2 (M)	NLV	56 (S)	56	ID	ID	
Methane	74828	ID	ID	(K)	NLV	ID	NA	{K}	ID	
Methanol (I)	67561	3,700	10,000	ID	2.5E+6	2.9E+7 (S)	2.90E+7	2.3E+6	2.9E+7 (S)	
Methoxychlor	72435	40 (A)	40 (A)	NA	ID	45 (S)	45	ID	ID	
2-Methoxyethanol (I)	109864	7.3	20	NA	NLV	9.1E+5	1.0E+9	ID	ID	
2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid	94746	7.3	21	NA	NLV	8,200	9.24E+5	ID	ID	
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	534521	20 (M)	20 (M)	NA	NLV	8,800	2.00E+5	ID	ID	
Methyl parathion	298000	1.8	5.2	NA	NLV	2,700	50,000	ID	ID	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) (I)	108101	1,800	5,200	ID	2.0E+7 (S)	2.0E+7	2.00E+7	ID	2.0E+7 (S)	
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	1634044	40 (E)	40 (E)	730 (X)	4.7E+7 (S)	6.5E+5	4.68E+7	ID	ID	
N-Methyl-morpholine (I)	109024	20	56	NA	NLV	1.6E+6	1.0E+9	ID	ID	
Methylcyclopentane (I)	96377	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	73,890	ID	ID	
4,4'-Methylene-bis-2-chloroaniline (MBOCA)	01144	0.88	3.6	NA	NLV	71	14,000	ID	ID	
Methylene chloride	75092	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	940 (X)	2.2E+5	1.4E+6	1.1E+5	1.70E+7	ID	
2-Methylnaphthalene	91576	260	750	ID	ID	ID	32,000	24,600	ID	
2-Methylphenol	95487	370	1,000	82	NLV	NLV	7.1E+5	2.80E+7	ID	
3-Methylphenol	108394	370	1,000	NA	NLV	NLV	7.3E+5	2.30E+7	ID	
4-Methylphenol	106445	37	100	ID	NLV	NLV	75,000	2.30E+7	ID	
Meliodolchlor	51218452	160	670	NA	NLV	NLV	55,000	5.30E+5	ID	
Molybdenum (B)	7439987	37	100	800 (X)	NLV	NLV	1.1E+6	NA	ID	
Naphthalene	91203	260	750	13	31,000 (S)	31,000 (S)	31,000	31,000 (S)	31,000 (S)	
Nickel (B)	7440020	100 (A)	100 (A)	(G)	NLV	NLV	1.6E+7	NA	ID	
Nitrate (B,N)	14797558	10,000 (A,N)	10,000 (A,N)	NA	NLV	NLV	3.4E+8	NA	ID	
Nitrite (B,N)	14797650	1,000 (A,N)	1,000 (A,N)	NA	NLV	NLV	2.1E+7	NA	ID	
Nitrobenzene (I)	98953	5.0 (M)	9.6	180 (X)	2.1E+6 (S)	9,600	2.09E+6	ID	ID	
2-Nitrophenol	88755	20	58	ID	NLV	NLV	72,000	2.50E+6	ID	
n-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	621647	5.0 (M)	5.0 (M)	NA	NLV	NLV	220	9.89E+6	ID	
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	86306	170	710	NA	NLV	NLV	30,000	35,100	ID	
Oxamyl	23135220	200 (A)	200 (A)	NA	NLV	NLV	7.4E+7	2.80E+8	ID	
Oxo-hexyl acetate	88230357	73	210	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	
Pendimethalin	40487421	280 (S)	280 (S)	NA	NLV	NLV	275	275	ID	

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Pentachlorobenzene	508935	6.1	17	NA	ID	ID	170	650	ID	ID
Pentachloronitrobenzene	32688	32 (S)	32 (S)	NA	32 (S)	32 (S)	32 (S)	32	ID	ID
Pentachlorophenol	37855	1.0 (A)	1.0 (A)	{G,X}	NLV	NLV	85	1.85E+6	ID	ID
Pentane (l)	109660	ID	ID	NA	38,000 (S)	38,000 (S)	ID	38,200	170	38,000 (S)
2-Pentene (l)	109682	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	2.03E+5	ID	ID
Phenanthrene	85018	26	75	5.0 (M)	1,000 (S)	1,000 (S)	1,000 (S)	1,000	ID	ID
Phenol	108952	4,400	13,000	210	NLV	NLV	2.8E+7	8.28E+7	ID	ID
Phosphorus (total)	7723140	63,000	2.4E+5	NA	NLV	NLV	ID	NA	ID	ID
Picloram	1918021	500 (A)	500 (A)	NA	NLV	NLV	4.3E+5 (S)	4.30E+5	ID	ID
Piperidine	110894	3.2	9.2	NA	NLV	NLV	32,000	1.0E+9	ID	ID
Polybrominated biphenyls (J)	37224235	0.086	0.39	[P] 0.086 (S)	NLV	NLV	ID	1.66E+7	ID	ID
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) (J,T)	336363	0.5 (A)	0.5 (A)	0.2 (M)	45 (S)	45 (S)	2.30	44.7	ID	ID
Promelton	1610180	160	460	NA	NLV	NLV	1.6E+5	7.50E+5	ID	ID
Propachlor	1918167	95	270	NA	NLV	NLV	4.2E+5	6.55E+5	ID	ID
Propazine	139402	200	560	NA	NLV	NLV	8,600 (S)	8,600	ID	ID
Propionic acid (l)	79094	18,000 (M)	35,000 (M)	ID	NLV	NLV	2.7E+8	1.0E+9	ID	ID
Propyl alcohol (l)	71238	1,400	4,000	NA	NLV	NLV	2.7E+7	1.0E+9	3.6E+7	1.0E+9 (D)
(t)-Propylbenzene (l)	103651	80	230	ID	ID	ID	NA	NA	ID	ID
Propylene glycol	57556	1.5E+5	4.2E+5	NA	NLV	NLV	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9	ID	ID
Pyrene	129000	140 (S)	140 (S)	ID	140 (S)	140 (S)	140 (S)	135	ID	ID
Pyridine (l)	110561	7.3	21	NA	5,500	12,000	90,000	3,00E+5	41,000	ID
Selenium (B)	7782492	50 (A)	50 (A)	5.0	NLV	NLV	-1.1E+6	NA	ID	ID
Silver (B)	7440224	34	98	0.2 (M)	NLV	NLV	1.0E+6	NA	ID	ID
Silvex (2,4-5-TP)	93721	50 (A)	50 (A)	NA	NLV	NLV	37,000	1.40E+5	ID	ID
Simazine	122349	4.0 (A)	4.0 (A)	NA	NLV	NLV	4,500 (S)	4,470	ID	ID
Sodium (B)	7440235	1.6E+5	4.5E+5	NA	NLV	NLV	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	ID	ID
Sitonium (B)	7440246	4,600	13,000	760	NLV	NLV	1.3E+8	NA	ID	ID
Shrane (l)	109425	100 (A)	100 (A)	80	1.6E+5	3.1E+5 (S)	3,200	3.10E+5	68,000	3.1E+5 (S)

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Sulfate	14808798	2.5E+5 (E)	2.5E+5 (E)	NA	NA	NLV	NA	ID	ID	
Tebuthiuron	34014181	510	1,500	NA	NA	NLV	2.5E+6 (S)	ID	ID	
2,3,7,0-Tetrabromodibenzo-p-dioxin (O)	60585416	(O)	(O)	NA	NA	NLV	1.0E+4 (M)	0.00996	ID	
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95943	1,300 (S)	1,300 (S)	IP	ID	ID	1,300 (S)	1,300	ID	
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (O)	746016	3.0E-5 (A)	3.0E-5 (A)	1.0E-5 (M)	NA	NLV	1.0E-5 (M)	0.019	ID	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	530206	33	130	NA	15,000	96,000	11,000	1.10E+6	ID	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79345	4.3	17	78 (X)	12,000	77,000	2,100	2.97E+6	ID	
Tetrachloroethylene	127184	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	45 (X)	25,000	1.7E+5	5,100	2.0E+5 (S)	2.0E+5 (S)	
Tetrahydrofuran (I)	109999	240	690	11,000 (X)	6.9E+6	1.6E+7	3.9E+6	1.0E+9	30,000	
Thallium (B)	7440280	2.0 (A)	2.0 (A)	3.7 (X)	NLV	NLV	14,000	NA	ID	
Toluene (I)	108883	790 (E)	790 (E)	140	5.3E+5 (S)	5.3E+5 (S)	5.26E+5	31,000	ID	
p-Toluidine	106490	4.5	18	NA	NA	NLV	6,500	7.60E+6	ID	
Toxaphene	3001352	3.0 (A)	3.0 (A)	1.0 (M)	NA	NLV	13	740	740 (S)	
Triallate	2303175	95	270	NA	ID	ID	4,000 (S)	4,000	ID	
Tributylamine	102829	10	29	ID	14,000	75,000 (S)	680	75,400	ID	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120821	70 (A)	70 (A)	30	3.0E+5 (S)	3.0E+5 (S)	15,000	3.0E+5	ID	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71556	200 (A)	200 (A)	200	6.6E+5	1.3E+6 (S)	2.2E+5	1.33E+6	ID	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79005	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	330 (X)	17,000	1.1E+5	9,500	4.42E+6	1.8E+6	
Trichloroethylene	79016	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	200 (X)	15,000	97,000	11,000	1.10E+6	ID	
Trichloroetheronethane	75694	2,600	7,300	NA	1.1E+6 (S)	1.1E+6 (S)	1.1E+6 (S)	1.10E+6	1.1E+6 (S)	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95954	730	2,100	NA	NA	NLV	1.3E+5	1.20E+6	ID	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	98062	77	320	50 (M)	NA	NLV	-	5,500	8.00E+5	
1,2,3-Trichloropropene	96184	42	120	NA	ID	ID	74,000	1.90E+6	ID	
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	76131	1.1E+5 (S)	1.7E+5 (S)	NA	1.7E+5 (S)	1.7E+5 (S)	1.7E+5 (S)	1.70E+5	ID	
Triethanolamine	102716	3,700	10,000	NA	NA	NLV	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9	ID	
3-Trifluoromethyl-4-nitrophenol	38302	4,500	13,000	NA	NA	NLV	4.7E+6	5.00E+6	ID	
Trifluralin	1582098	110	450	NA	ID	ID	1,500	8,100	ID	
2,2,4-Trimethyl pentane	540841	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	2,330	ID	ID	
2,2,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene (I)	107404	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	11,900	ID	ID	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (I)	95636	63 (E)	63 (E)	ID	56,000 (S)	1.6E+5	55,890	37,000	ID	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (I)	108678	72 (E)	72 (E)	ID	61,000 (S)	2.1E+5	61,150	ID	ID	
Triphenyl phosphate	15866	1,200	1,400 (S)	NA	NA	NLV	1,400 (S)	1,430	ID	

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Uris(2,3-Dibromopropyl)phosphate	26727	0.47	1.9	NA	4,700 (S)	4,700 (S)	1,500	4,700	ID	ID
Urea	57136	ID (N)	ID (N)	NA	NLV	NLV	ID	NA	ID	ID
Vanadium (B)	74406322	64	180	12	NLV	NLV	1.9E+6	NA	ID	ID
Vinyl acetate (I)	108054	640	1,800	NA	4.1E+6	8.9E+6	7.7E+6	2.00E+7	8.8E+5	4.8E+6
Vinyl chloride	75014	2.0 (A)	2.0 (A)	15	110	690	290	2.76E+6	17,000	ID
White phosphorus (R)	12165103	0.11	0.31	NA	NLV	NLV	3,200	NA	ID	ID
Xylenes (I)	1330207	280 (E)	280 (E)	35	1.9E+5 (S)	1.9E+5 (S)	1.9E+5 (S)	1.86E+5	35,000	1.9E+5 (S)
Zinc (B)	7440666	2,400	5,000 (E)	(G)	NLV	NLV	7.0E+7	NA	ID	ID

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Developed under the authority of the

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1994 PA 451, AS AMENDED

Residential and Commercial I soil criteria were calculated using currently available toxicological and chemical-specific data. These criteria may change as new data become available. They are not necessarily final cleanup standards. Current criteria are available on the EERD Homepage at www.dnr.state.mn.us/erd. Scientific notation is represented by E+ or E- a value, for example 2 x 10⁻⁶ is reported as 2.0E+6. Please refer to Operational Memorandum #6 for analytical methods and method detection limits. All values are expressed in units of parts per billion (ug/Kg).

Changes made since the last revision of the tables (January 1999) are shaded.

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				#10	#11	#12	#13	#14	#15	#16	#17	#18	#19	#20			
Aceanaphthene	83329	NA	3.0E+5	4,300	9.6E-5	4.4E-5	1.9E-8	1.6E-6	2.2E-6	2.2E+6	2.0E+5	6.1E+7	1.4E+10	7.6E+7	NA		
Aceanaphthylene	208968	NA	19,000	NA	1.1E-8	(C)	2.2E-5	1.7E-5	1.7E+5	2.0E+5	6.0E+8	2.3E+9	1.5E+6	1.4E+6	NA		
Acetalddehyde (I)	75070	NA	9.0E+5 (M)	9.0E+5 (M)	6.5E-8 (C)	1.1E-8 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.1E+8	1.4E+7	
Acetic acid (I)	64197	NA	15,000	34,000	1.1E-8 (C)	1.1E-8 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.3E+7	6.5E+8	
Acetone (I)	67641	NA	2,800	NA	2.2E-7 (C)	2.2E-7 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.1E+7	1.1E+7	
Acetonitrile (I)	75058	NA	2,400	NA	2.3E-7 (C)	410	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.1E+6	2.2E+7	
Acrobin (I)	107028	NA	10	NA	1.7E-5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.3E+6	1.8E+6	
Acrylamide	79061	NA	78,000	NA	1.3E-8 (C)	2.6E-6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.4E+6	2.200	NA
Acrylic acid (I)	79107	NA	32	98 (X)	1.6E-5	6,600	5,000	5,100	10,000	10,000	4.6E+7	6.7E+7	5.8E+7	5.8E+7	1.3E+8	1.3E+8	
Acrylonitrile (I)	107131	NA	52	290 (X)	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4,700	8.3E+6	
Alachlor	15972608	NA	60	NA	2.4E-6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.2E+5	1.2E+5	NA
Aldicarb	116063	NA	80	NA	6.4E-7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.2E+5	4.2E+5	NA
Aldicarb sulfone	1646873	NA	50 (M)	NA	5.2E-7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.5E+5	5.5E+5	NA
Ammonium (B)	309002	NA	NLL	NLL	1.3E-6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Ammonia	7664147	NA	ID (N)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.0E+7	1.0E+7	
Aniline (I)	62533	NA	3,000	I ^p	4.5E-6 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.7E+6	4.5E+6	
Anthracene	120127	NA	41,000	ID	41,000	1.0E+9 (D)	1.4E+9	1.4E+9	1.4E+9	1.4E+9	1.4E+9	1.4E+9	1.4E+9	1.4E+9	NA	NA	
Antimony (B)	7440350	NA	4,300	ID	5.4E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.3E+8	1.5E+5	NA
Arsenic (B)	7440382	5,800	23,000	70,000 (X)	2.2E-6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	6,600	6,600	NA
Asbestos (AB)	1332214	NA	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.0E+7 (M)	1.0E+7	NA
Atrazine	1912249	NA	60	150 (X)	32,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	45,000	45,000	NA

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		#10	#11	#12	#13	#14	Infinite Source Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Finite VSIC for 5 Finite VSIC for 2 Finite VSIC for Mater Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria	#15	#16	#17	#18	#19	#20
Azobenzene	103333	NA	1,400	NA	76,000	1.1E+5	ID	ID	1.0E+8	90,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Baum (B)	7440393	75,000	1.3E+6	1.3E+5	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	3.3E+8	3.0E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzene (I)	71432	NA	100	4,000 (X)	1.9E+5	1,600	13,000	34,000	79,000	3.8E+8	88,000	4.0E+5	NA	NA	NA
Benzidine	92875	NA	1,000 (M)	ID	1,000 (M)	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	46,000	1,000 (M)	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene (Q)	56553	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	14,000	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (Q)	205992	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	14,000	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (Q)	207089	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	14,000	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzog(a,i)perylene	191242	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.4E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene (Q)	50328	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	6.0E+8	1.5E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzene acid	65850	NA	6.4E+5	NA	7.0E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzyl alcohol	100516	NA	2.0E+5	NA	5.8E+6 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	3.3E+11	5.8E+6 (C)	5.8E+6	NA	NA	NA
Benzyl chloride	104447	NA	100	NA	40,000	6,300	14,000	14,000	17,000	6.2E+7	15,000	2.3E+5	NA	NA	NA
Beryllium (B)	7440417	NA	51,000	(G)	1.0E+9	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.3E+6	1.400	NA	NA	NA	NA
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	112265	NA	ID	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether (I)	111444	NA	330 (M)	NA	42,000	8,300	3,800	3,800	9.4E+6	2,300	2.2E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	117817	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	7.0E+8	7.0E+5	1.0E+7	NA	NA	NA
Boron (B)	7440428	NA	10,000	38,000	2.6E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	2.1E+6	NA	NA	NA
Bromobenzene (I)	108861	NA	530	NA	3.0E+5	4.5E+5	4.5E+5	4.5E+5	5.3E+8	4.1E+4	7.6E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Bromodichloromethane	757274	NA	2,000 (W)	ID	2.2E+5	1,200	9,100	9,700	19,000	8.4E+7	41,000	1.5E+6	NA	NA	NA
Bronopol	752522	NA	2,000 (W)	NA	8.7E+5 (C)	1.5E+5	9.0E+5	9.0E+5	9.0E+5	2.8E+9	3.2E+5	8.7E+5	NA	NA	NA
Bromomethane	74839	NA	200	700	1.3E+6	860	11,000	57,000	1.4E+5	3.3E+8	1.5E+5	2.2E+6	NA	NA	NA
n-Butanol (I)	71363	NA	19,000	NA	8.7E+6 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	4.7E+10	8.7E+6 (C)	8.7E+6	NA	NA	NA
2-Buandione (MEK) (I)	78933	NA	2.6E+5	44,000	2.7E+7 (C)	2.7E+7 (C)	2.9E+7	3.5E+7	6.7E+10	2.7E+7 (C)	2.7E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA
n-Buyl acetate (I)	123664	NA	11,000	NA	1.1E+6 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	6.3E+10	1.1E+6 (C)	1.1E+6	NA	NA	NA
1-Buyl alcohol (I)	75650	NA	78,000	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.0E+11	5.9E+7	1.1E+8	NA	NA	NA
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85667	NA	3.1E+5 (C)	26,000 (X)	3.1E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	4.7E+10	3.1E+5 (C)	3.1E+5	NA	NA	NA
m-Buylbenzene	104518	NA	1,600	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.2E+6	1.0E+7	NA	NA
sec-Buylbenzene	135588	NA	1,600	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.20E+10	1.0E+7	NA	NA
Tert-Buylbenzene (I)	98066	NA	1,600	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.2E+6	1.0E+7	NA	NA
Cadmium (B)	7440439	1,200	6,000	(G,X)	2.5E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.7E+6	4.2E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Camphene (I)	79925	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA
Caprolactam	105602	NA	1.2E+5	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	6.7E+8	3.4E+8	NA	NA	NA	NA

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		#10	#11	#12	#13	#14	#15	#16	#17	#18	#19	#20	Direct Contact Criteria	Saturation Concentration Screening Levels	
		Statewide Default Background Levels	Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Sull Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Source Volatile Soil Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Infinite VSIC for Sf/NL vs. Meter Source Thickness	Meter Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria			ID	4.1E+7	NA
Cararyl	63252	NA	14,000	NA	2.6E+6	ID	ID	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	1.3E+5	NA	
Carbazole	86748	NA	860	330 (M)	3.2E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	5.5E+5	NA	
Cardoluran	1583662	NA	800	NA	6.6E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV				2.8E+5		
Carbon disulfide (I,R)	75150	NA	16,000	ID	2.6E+5 (C)	76,000	1.3E+6	7.9E+6	1.9E+7	4.7E+10	2.8E+5 (C)				
Carbon tetrachloride	56235	NA	160	900 (X)	32,000	190	3,500	12,000	28,000	1.3E+8	20,000		3.9E+5		
Chlordane (J)	57749	NA	NLL	NLL	1.1E+7	1.2E+6	1.2E+6	1.2E+6	3.1E+7	1.7E+4			NA		
Chloride (B)	18687006	NA	5.0E+6	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	5.0E+5 (F)			NA		
Chlorobenzene (I)	108907	NA	2,000	940	2.6E+5 (C)	1.2E+5	7.7E+5	9.9E+5	2.1E+6	4.7E+9	2.6E+5 (C)		2.6E+5		
Chloroethane (I)	7503	NA	4,400	ID	9.7E+5 (C)	9.7E+5 (C)	3.1E+7	1.2E+8	2.8E+8	6.7E+11	6.7E+5		9.7E+5		
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110758	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.9E+6		
Cholesterm	67663	NA	2,000 (M)	3,400 (X)	1.5E+6 (C)	7,200	45,000	1.2E+5	2.7E+5	1.3E+9	4.2E+5		1.5E+6		
Chromomethane (I)	74973	NA	1,300	ID	1.1E+6 (C)	2,300	40,000	4.1E+5	1.0E+6	4.9E+9	2.0E+5		1.1E+6		
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59507	NA	5,600	NA	2.4E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	2.2E+6	NA	
bals-Chloronaphthalene	91587	NA	6.5E+5	NA	2.3E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.7E+7	NA	
2-Chlorophenol	95378	NA	900	440	1.6E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	6.8E+5	6.1E+6	
o-Chlorotoluene (I)	95498	NA	3,300	NA	5.0E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.7E+11	5.0E+5 (C)		5.0E+5		
Chrysophenol	2921882	NA	17,000	NA	8.4E+5	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.3E+8	NA	
Chromium (III) (B,H)	16065831	18,000 (total)	1.0E+9 (D)	(G,X)	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	3.3E+8	NA	
Chromium (VI) (B,H)	18540299	18,000 (total)	30,000	3,300	3.0E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.6E+5	NA	
Chrysene (Q)	218019	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.4E+6	NA	
Cobalt (B)	7440484	6,800	1,000	2,000	2.2E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.3E+7	NA	
Cooper (B)	7440508	32,000	1.6E+8	(G)	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.3E+8	NA	
Cyanazine	21725462	NA	500 (M)	1,100 (X)	34,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	17,000	NA	
Cyanide (R)	57125	NA	4,000	400	2.5E+5 (P)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.5E+5 (P)	NA	
Cyclohexanone (I)	108941	NA	5.2E+6	NA	2.2E+8 (C)	17,000	ID	ID	ID	6.7E+10	2.2E+8 (C)		2.2E+8		
Dacthal	1861321	NA	50,000	NA	3.4E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	4.2E+6	NA	
Dalapon	75950	NA	4,000	NA	5.9E+7 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	9.3E+6	5.5E+7	
4-ODD	72548	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	41,000	NA	
4-ODDE	72559	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	29,000	NA	
4-ODDT	50293	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	3.2E+7	29,000	
Decabromodiphenyl ether	1163195	NA	1.4E+5	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.3E+9	NA	
Di-n-butyl phthalate	94742	NA	7.6E+5 (C)	11,000	7.6E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	3.3E+9	7.6E+5	

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Generic Criteria Tables
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Chemical	Groundwater Protection						Indoor Air						Ambient Air (Y)						Direct Contact	
	Chemical Abstract Service Number	Statewide Default Background Levels	#10	#11	#12	#13	#14	Soil Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Source Soil Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Flinite VSIC for 5 Finite VSIC for 2 Meter Source Thickness	Flinite VSIC for 5 Finite VSIC for 2 Meter Source Thickness	#15	#16	#17	#18	#19	#20			
			Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	NA	9.6E+5 [C]	1.4E+8 [C]	ID	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	9.6E+5 [C]	9.6E+5 [C]		
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	10231	NA	NA	1.0E+8	ID	NA	9.6E+5 [C]	1.4E+8 [C]	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	9.6E+5 [C]	9.6E+5 [C]		
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117840	NA	NA	NA	ID	NA	NA	NA	ID	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	7.6E+6	1.4E+8		
Diacetone alcohol (I)	123422	NA	NA	95	NA	80,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.6E+11	1.1E+8		
Diazuron	333415	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	76,000	3.1E+5		
Dibenzofuran	53103	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,400	NA		
Dibenzofuran	132649	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,400	NA		
Dibenzofuran	124481	NA	NA	2,000 [W]	ID	NA	1.9E+5	3,900	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,400	NA		
Dibromochloropropane	96128	NA	NA	4.0	NA	NA	1.200 [C]	1.200 [C]	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,400	NA		
Dibromoethane	74653	NA	NA	1,600	NA	NA	1.9E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,400	NA		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95501	NA	NA	13,000	340	2,100	2.1E+5 [C]	2.1E+5 [C]	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.1E+5 [C]		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541731	NA	NA	17,000	1,100	2,000	2.0E+5 [C]	2.0E+5 [C]	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.0E+5 [C]		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106467	NA	NA	1,600	280	60,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.0E+5 [C]		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91941	NA	NA	2,000 [M]	2,000 [M,X]	6,900	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.0E+5 [C]		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75178	NA	NA	93,000	ID	NA	1.0E+6	9.0E+5	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.1E+5 [C]		
1,1-Dichloroethane (I)	75343	NA	NA	18,000	IP	NA	7.9E+5	7.9E+5	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.0E+5 [C]		
1,2-Dichloroethane (I)	101062	NA	NA	100	NA	NA	7.200 [X]	2.2E+5	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.0E+5 [C]		
1,1-Dichloroethylene (I)	75354	NA	NA	140	NA	NA	1.300 [X]	1.8E+5	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.0E+5 [C]		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (I)	153592	NA	NA	1,400	ID	NA	6.4E+5	6.4E+5	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.0E+5 [C]		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156605	NA	NA	2,000	ID	NA	1.4E+6	1.4E+6	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+11	2.0E+5 [C]		
2,6-Dichloro-4-nitroaniline	99309	NA	NA	44,000	NA	NA	1.4E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,3E+8	NA		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	129832	NA	NA	2,600	680	NA	1.5E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1,0E+9	4.2E+6		
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	94575	NA	NA	1,400	4,400	NA	2.2E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	6.7E+9	4.2E+6		
1,2-Dichloropropane (I)	78375	NA	NA	100	NA	NA	5,800 [X]	1.5E+5	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.1E+5	38,000		
1,3-Dichloropropane (I,J)	542756	NA	NA	94	NA	NA	52,000	79	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	6.0E+7	14,000		
Dieldrin	6237	NA	NA	58	NA	NA	2.2E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	3.3E+7	34,000		

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		#10	#11	#12	#13	#14	#15	#16	#17	#18	#19	#20	Soil Saturation Concentration Screening Levels		
Dicyclodexyl phthalate	84617	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA	Direct Contact	
Diethylidin	60571	NA	NLL	NLL	1.4E+5	19,000	19,000	6.8E+5	6.8E+5	6.8E+5	620	NA	Direct Contact		
Diethylid ether (I)	60297	NA	100 (M)	ID	7.4E+6 (C)	8.6E+7	1.5E+8	3.4E+8	8.0E+11	7.4E+6 (C)	7.4E+6	Direct Contact			
Diethylid phthalate	84662	NA	1.1E+5	NA	7.4E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	3.3E+9	7.4E+5 (C)	7.4E+5	Direct Contact		
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112345	NA	1,800	NA	8.6E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.3E+9	5.1E+6	1.1E+8	Direct Contact		
Disopropylamine (I)	103189	NA	110	NA	3.8E+5	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	85,000	6.7E+6	Direct Contact		
Dimethylid phthalate	131113	NA	7.9E+5 (C)	NA	7.9E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	3.3E+9	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5	Direct Contact		
N,N-Dimethylacetamide	127195	NA	3,600	82,000 (X)	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.7E+6	1.1E+8	Direct Contact		
N,N-Dimethylaminine	127197	NA	320	NA	3.2E+5	1.7E+5	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.6E+6	2.4E+5	8.0E+5	Direct Contact	
Dimethylformamide (I)	68122	NA	14,000	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.0E+9	1.1E+7	1.1E+8	Direct Contact		
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105679	NA	7,400	330 (M)	8.8E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	4.7E+9	2.1E+7	NA	Direct Contact		
2,6-Dimethylphenol	570261	NA	330 (M)	NA	1.1E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.5E+5	NA	Direct Contact		
3,4-Dimethylphenol	95658	NA	330 (M)	NA	3.0E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	5.9E+5	NA	Direct Contact		
Dimethylsulfoxide	67685	NA	4.4E+6	3.8E+6	1.8E+7 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.8E+7 (C)	1.8E+7	Direct Contact		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121142	NA	15,000	NA	3.8E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.6E+7	15,000	NA	Direct Contact		
Dinosab	88657	NA	290	NA	1.4E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.4E+5 (C)	1.4E+5	Direct Contact		
1,4-Dioxane (I)	123911	NA	1,500	56,000 (X)	3.4E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	5.7E+8	2.3E+5	9.7E+7	Direct Contact		
Digital	85007	NA	400	NA	1.4E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	9.3E+5	NA	Direct Contact		
Diuron	330541	NA	620	NA	7.5E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.8E+6	NA	Direct Contact		
Endosulfan (J)	115297	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	97,000	NA	Direct Contact		
Endothall	145733	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.3E+9	7.2E+6	NA	Direct Contact		
Entatin	72208	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	72,000	NA	Direct Contact		
Epcchlorohydrin (I)	106898	NA	1,700	NA	7.3E+6 (C)	64,000	31,000	35,000	6,7E+7	2.6E+5	7.3E+6	Direct Contact			
Ethanol (I)	64175	NA	3.8E+7	IP	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.3E+12	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8	Direct Contact		
Ethyl acetate (I)	141786	NA	1.3E+5	NA	7.5E+6 (C)	4.9E+7	9.8E+7	2.1E+11	7.5E+6 (C)	7.5E+6 (C)	7.5E+6	Direct Contact			
Ethylbenzene (I)	100414	NA	1,500	360	1.4E+5 (C)	9.5E+6	1.4E+7	3.0E+7	6.7E+10	1.4E+5 (C)	1.4E+5	Direct Contact			
Ethylene dicromide	105934	NA	10 (M)	NA	320	670	1,700	3,300	1.4E+7	30	8.9E+5	Direct Contact			
Ethyleneglycol	107211	NA	3.0E+5	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	8.3E+10	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8	Direct Contact		
Ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether	111762	NA	3,900	NA	4.1E+7 (C)	14,000	3.3E+5	2.7E+6	6.6E+6	1.6E+10	3.0E+6	4.1E+7	Direct Contact		
Fluoranthene	206340	NA	7.2E+5	5,500	7.2E+5	1.0E+9 (D)	7.4E+8	7.4E+8	9.3E+9	5.1E+7	NA	Direct Contact			
Fluorine	86737	NA	3.9E+5	2,400	8.9E+5	5.8E+8	1.3E+8	1.3E+8	9.3E+9	5.1E+7	NA	Direct Contact			
Fluorine (soluble fluoride) (B)	7702414	NA	40,000	NA	2.6E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.5E+7	NA	Direct Contact		

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		#10	#11	#12	#13	#14	Soil Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Source Volatile Soil Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Finite VSIC for 5 Flint VSIC for 2 Molar Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria	#15	#16	#17	#18	#19	#20	
Formaldehyde	NA	26,000	2,400	6.0E+7 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.5E+6	9.0E+5 (M)	9.0E+5 (M)	9.0E+5 (M)	23,000	52,000	2.4E+8	2.0E+7	6.0E+7	6.0E+7		
Formic acid (LJ)	NA	9.0E+5 (M)	... ID : 2.4E+5	1.1E+8 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.3E+8	1.3E+8	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8	1.1E+8	1.1E+8	
1-formylpyridine	NA	1,600	NA	NA	NA	9.8E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	1.2E+6	1.2E+6	1.0E+7	1.0E+7	
Genital violet	NA	170	NA	NA	NA	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	99,000	NA	NA	NA	
Glycosate	NA	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	3.5E+5	61,000	61,000	61,000	61,000	2.4E+6	2.4E+6	4.2E+7	4.2E+7	NA	NA	
Heptachlor	NA	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	2.4E+5 (C)	NA	2.4E+5 (C)	2.4E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	2.200	2.200	NA	NA	
Heptachlor epoxide	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.0E+7	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.2E+6	1.2E+6	1.100	1.100	NA	NA	
n-Hexane (I)	NA	5,400	ID	1.0E+7	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.3E+11	2.4E+5 (C)	2.4E+5	2.4E+5	2.4E+5	2.4E+5	
Heptanotetrazeno	NA	1,800	ID	3,500	41,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	6.8E+6	6.8E+6	6,200	6,200	NA	NA	
Heptachlorobenzene (C-66)	NA	19,000	ID	3.4E+5	1.3E+5	1.3E+5	1.3E+5	1.3E+5	1.3E+5	1.3E+5	1.4E+8	1.4E+8	1.3E+5	1.3E+5	3.5E+5	3.5E+5	
Heptachlorobutadiene (C-46)	NA	25	NA	2,800	1.3E+5	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	1.7E+6	1.7E+6	1,600	1,600	NA	NA	
alpha-1-hexachlorocyclohexane	NA	85	NA	10,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	5.5E+6	5.5E+6	5,500	5,500	NA	NA	
beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane	NA	36,000	ID : 1.0E+7	81,000 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	81,000 (C)	81,000 (C)	81,000	81,000	NA	NA	
Heptachlorocyclopentadiene (C-56)	NA	17,000	1,800 (X)	4.1E+5	1.9E+5	1.2E+6	1.2E+6	1.2E+6	1.2E+6	1.2E+6	2.3E+8	2.3E+8	1.8E+5	1.8E+5	NA	NA	
Heptachloroethane	NA	44,000 (C)	NA	44,000 (C)	44,000 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.3E+10	44,000 (C)	44,000	44,000	NA	NA	
n-Hexane (I)	NA	20,000	NA	2.5E+6 (C)	9.9E+5	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.7E+9	2.7E+9	2.5E+6	2.5E+6	2.5E+6	2.5E+6	
2-Hexanone (I)	NA	NA	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	14,000	14,000	NA	NA	
Indeno[1,2,3-c]pyrene (Q)	NA	1.2E+7	6,000	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA	NA	
Iron (B)	NA	46,000	NA	8.9E+6 (C)	8.9E+6 (C)	7.9E+7	7.9E+7	7.9E+7	7.9E+7	7.9E+7	1.0E+11	1.0E+11	6.9E+6	6.9E+6	8.9E+6	8.9E+6	
Isobutyl alcohol (I)	NA	18,000	...11,000 (X)...	2.4E+6 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.9E+10	1.9E+10	2.4E+6	2.4E+6	2.4E+6	2.4E+6	
Isoformone	NA	9,400	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.5E+10	1.5E+10	7.0E+6	7.0E+6	1.1E+8	1.1E+8	
Iscopoyl alcohol (I)	NA	90,000	ID	3.9E+5 (C)	3.9E+5 (C)	1.7E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	5.6E+9	5.6E+9	3.9E+5 (C)	3.9E+5 (C)	3.9E+5	3.9E+5	
Iscopoyl benzene (I)	NA	21,000	1,000 (M)	(G,M,X)	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	4.0E+5	4.0E+5	NA	NA	
Lead (B)	NA	3,200	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	7,600	7,600	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Lindane	NA	5,400	500	1.2E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.9E+7	1.9E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Lithium (B)	NA	8,4E+6	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Magnesium (B)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

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	Chemical Abstract Service Number	Statewide Default Background Levels	Groundwater Protection				Indoor Air				Ambient Air (Y)				Direct Contact	
			#10	#11	#12	#13	#14	Soil Volatilization Criteria	Infinite Source Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Finite VSIC for 5 Finite Meter Source Thickness	Finite VSIC for 2 Finite Meter Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria	#16	#17	#18	#19
Manganese (B)	7439865	4.4E+5	2,000 (M)	(G,X)	2.0E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	3.3E+6	2.0E+7	NA				
Mercury (inorganic) (B)	7439976	130	1,700	170	47,000	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	1.3E+5	NA					
Methane	74828	NA	1D	ID	(K)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID
Methanol (I)	67561	NA	74,000	ID	3.1E+6 (C)	5.0E+5	3.1E+7	4.4E+7	9.6E+7	2.2E+11	3.1E+6 (C)	3.1E+6				
Methoxychlor	72435	NA	1.3E+5	NA	1.4E+5	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.1E+6	NA
2-Methoxyethanol (I)	109664	NA	150	ID	1.8E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.3E+9	1.1E+5	1.1E+8				
2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid	94746	NA	390	NA	4.3E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	4.2E+5	NA			
2-Methyl-4,6-dimethoxydihanol	5345221	NA	1,700 (M)	NA	1.8E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	1.5E+5	NA			
Methyl parathion	298000	NA	44	NA	66,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.1E+5	NA
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) (I)	108101	NA	36,000	ID	2.7E+6 (C)	4.5E+7	6.1E+7	6.1E+7	1.4E+11	2.7E+6 (C)	2.7E+6					
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	1634044	NA	800	15,000 (X)	6.0E+6 (C)	6.0E+6 (C)	2.6E+7	3.9E+7	8.1E+7	2.0E+11	8.5E+5	6.0E+6				
N-Methyl-morpholine (I)	109024	NA	400	NA	3.2E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	3.0E+5	1.1E+8			
Methylcyclopentane (I)	96377	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	3.4E+5	NA
4,4'-Methylene-bis-2-chloroaniline (MBOCA)	101144	NA	NLL	NLL	19,000 (X)	2.2E+6	45,000	2.1E+5	5.9E+5	1.4E+6	6.6E+9	8.4E+7	10,000	NA		
Methylene Chloride	75092	NA	100	ID	7,1E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.5E+7	NA	
2-Methylnaphthalene	91576	NA	57,000	1D	1,600	1.4E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	6.7E+9	5.5E+6	NA			
2-Methylphenol	95467	NA	7,400	NA	4.5E+6 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6	
3-Methylphenol	108394	NA	7,400	ID	1.5E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.1E+6	NA	
4-Methylphenol	106445	NA	740	NA	4.4E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	4.4E+5 (C)	4.4E+5	
Meldachlor	51218452	NA	3,200	NA	16,000 (X)	2.2E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	2.1E+6	NA
Molybdenum (B)	7439887	NA	740	NA	20,000 (N)	NA	4.2E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	NA
Naphthalene	91203	NA	17,000	850	2.0E+6	4.2E+7	4.9E+7	4.9E+7	4.9E+7	3.3E+10	1.5E+7	NA				
Nickel (B)	744020	20,000	1.0E+5	(G)	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.3E+7	3.2E+7	NA				
Nitale (B,N)	14797558	NA	2.0E+5 (N)	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA
Nitite (B,N)	14797650	NA	20,000 (N)	NA	3,600 (X)	1.9E+5	4.9E+5 (C)	3.9E+6	3.9E+6	3.5E+6	3.3E+9	51,000	4.9E+5			
Nitrobenzene (I)	98953	NA	330 (M)	ID	1.4E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	1.2E+6	NA			
2-Nitrophenoxy	88775	NA	400	ID	4,400	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.6E+6	370					
n-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	621647	NA	330 (M)	NA	6.0E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	5.2E+5	NA			
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	66306	NA	3,400	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	1.6E+7	NA			
Oxamyl	23135220	NA	4,000	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	ID	ID	ID	ID	5.4E+9	1.1E+6	1.0E+7				
Oxo-heptyl acetate	88230357	NA	1,500	NA	1.1E+6	NA	1.1E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	5.1E+7	NA
Pendimethalin	40487421	NA														

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		Groundwater			Soil			Infinite Source			Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria			Direct Contact Criteria	
		Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Volatile Soil Inhalation Criteria	Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Solid Volatilization to Indoor Air Criteria	Finite VSIC for 5 Finite VSIC for 2 Finite VSIC for 1	Finite VSIC for 5 Finite VSIC for 2 Finite VSIC for 1	Finite VSIC for 5 Finite VSIC for 2 Finite VSIC for 1	Finite VSIC for 5 Finite VSIC for 2 Finite VSIC for 1	Finite VSIC for 5 Finite VSIC for 2 Finite VSIC for 1	Finite VSIC for 5 Finite VSIC for 2 Finite VSIC for 1	Direct Contact Criteria	Screening Levels
Pentachlorobenzene	608935	NA	29,000	NA	1.9E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	1.2E+5	2.3E+5	2.3E+5	3.5E+8	1.9E+5 (C)	1.9E+5	
Pentachlorotoluene	82668	NA	37,000	NA	37,000	1.2E+5	NA	NA	2.7E+5	NA	NA	3.2E+6	NA	NA	
Pentachlorophenol	81865	NA	3,200	(G,X)	NA	NA	ID	ID	2.4E+5 (C)	ID	ID	1.0E+8	8,100	NA	
Pentane (I)	109660	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.2E+12	ID	ID	1.2E+12	ID	2.4E+5	
2-Bromoethane (I)	109662	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.2E+12	ID	ID	1.2E+12	ID	2.2E+5	
Phenanthrene	85018	NA	12,000	2,300	4.5E+5	1.5E+7	NA	NA	1.2E+7 (C)	NA	NA	6.2E+5	6.2E+5	1.5E+6	
Phenol	108952	NA	88,000	4,200	NA	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.0E+10	1.2E+7 (C)	1.2E+7	
Phosphorus (total)	7723140	NA	1.3E+6	NA	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	
Picric acid	1918021	NA	10,000	NA	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.0E+7	NA	
Pipendine	110894	NA	64	NA	6.4E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9.3E+9	48,000	1.2E+8	
Polybrominated biphenyls (J)	37324235	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	1.100	NA	
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) (J,T)	1336363	NA	NLL	NLL	3.0E+6	2.4E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.2E+6	{T}	NA	
Promelton	1610180	NA	4,900	NA	4.9E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	9.3E+6	NA	
Propachlor	1918167	NA	1,900	NA	8.4E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	5.5E+6	NA	
Propazine	139402	NA	4,000	NA	1.7E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	1.1E+7	NA	
Propionic acid (I)	769094	NA	3.6E+5	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.0E+10	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8	
Propyl alcohol (I)	71238	NA	28,000	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.9E+10	2.1E+7	1.1E+8	
n-Propylbenzene (I)	103661	NA	1,600	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.0E+7 (C)	ID	ID	1.3E+9	1.2E+6	1.0E+7	
Propylene glycol	57556	NA	3.0E+6	NA	1.0E+7 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.0E+11	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7	
Pyrene	129000	NA	4,7E+5	ID	4.7E+5	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	6.5E+8	6.5E+8	6.7E+9	3.2E+7	NA	
Pyridine (I)	110861	NA	330 (M)	NA	37,000 (C)	1,100	8,200	40,000	97,000	2.3E+8	2.3E+8	37,000 (C)	37,000		
Selenium (B)	7782492	410	4,000	400	8.8E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.1E+6	NA		
Silver (B)	7440224	1,000	4,500	500 (M)	2.3E+8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.0E+6	NA		
Silvex (2,4-5-TP)	93721	NA	3,700	NA	2.0E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.2E+6	NA		
Simazine	122349	NA	80	NA	90,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.2E+6	NA		
Sodium (B)	7440235	NA	3.2E+6	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NA		
Sodium (B)	7440246	NA	92,000	15,000	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.7E+8	NA		
Syrone (I)	100425	NA	2,700	2,200	65,000	2.4E+5	9.4E+5	1.4E+6	5.3E+9	65,000	65,000	5.2E+5			

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		#10	#11	#12	#13	#14	#15	#16	#17	#18	#19	#20	Soil Saturation Concentration Screening Levels	Direct Contact Criteria	
		Statewide Default Background Levels	Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Soil Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Source Volatile Soil Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Finite VSIC for 5 Finite Meter Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria						
Sulfate	14808798	NA	5.0E+6	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	NA			
Tetraethyluronium	34014181	NA	10,000	NA	5.0E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	3.0E+7	NA			
2,3,7,8-Tetrabromodibenzo-p-dioxin (O)	50565416	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	(O)	(O)	NA			
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95943	NA	1.5E+6	IP	1.5E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.4E+8	NA				
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorobenzo-p-dioxin (O)	7746016	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	71	0.09	NA			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6320206	NA	660	NA	2.2E+5	12,000	57,000	65,000	1.1E+5	4.2E+8	99,000	9.8E+5			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79345	NA	86	1,600 {X}	42,000	4,300	10,000	10,000	11,000	5.4E+7	13,000	8.7E+5			
Tetrachloroethylene	127184	NA	100	900 {X}	88,000 {C}	11,000	1.8E+5	4.8E+5	1.1E+6	5.4E+9	50,000	88,000			
Tetrahydriduran (I)	109999	NA	4,800	2.2E+5 {X}	7.8E+7	1.3E+6	ID	ID	ID	3.9E+11	3.6E+6	1.2E+8			
Thallium (B)	7440280	NA	2,300	4,200 {X}	1.6E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	28,000	NA			
Toluene (I)	108883	NA	16,000	2,800	2.5E+5 {C}	2.5E+5 {C}	2.8E+6	3.0E+7	3.0E+7	2.7E+10	2.8E+5 {C}	2.5E+5			
p-Tolidine	106490	NA	650 {M}	NA	1.3E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.0E+8	52,000	1.2E+6			
Toraphene	8001352	NA	2,600	860	11,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	9.7E+11	2,300	NA			
Trichloro	2303175	NA	95,000	NA	2.5E+5 {C}	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.5E+5 {C}	2.5E+5			
Tributylamine	1020229	NA	7,800	ID	5.3E+5	5.8E+5	ID	ID	ID	4.7E+8	1.5E+5	3.7E+6			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120821	NA	4,200	1,800	8.9E+5	1.1E+6 {C}	2.8E+7	2.8E+7	2.8E+7	2.5E+10	1.1E+6 {C}	1.1E+6			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71556	NA	4,000	4,000	4.6E+5 {C}	2.5E+5	3.8E+6	1.4E+7	3.0E+7	6.7E+10	4.6E+5 {C}	4.6E+5			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	78005	NA	100	6,600 {X}	1.9E+5	4,600	17,000	42,000	1.9E+8	45,000	9.2E+5				
Trichloroethylene	79016	NA	100	4,000 {X}	2.2E+5	7,000	78,000	1.5E+5	3.8E+5	1.8E+9	1.6E+5	5.0E+5			
Trichlorofluoromethane	75694	NA	52,000	NA	5.6E+5 {C}	5.6E+5 {C}	9.2E+7	1.2E+11	1.2E+11	3.8E+12	5.6E+5 {C}	5.6E+5			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95954	NA	1.6E+5	NA	2.9E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.3E+10	4.2E+7	NA			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88062	NA	11,000	700	7.8E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.0E+9	9.0E+5	NA			
1,2,3-Trichloropropene	96184	NA	840	NA	8.3E+5 {C}	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	8.3E+5 {C}	8.3E+5			
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	76131	NA	5.6E+5 {C}	NA	5.6E+5 {C}	5.6E+5 {C}	1.8E+8	8.8E+8	2.1E+9	5.1E+12	5.6E+5 {C}	5.6E+5			
Trifluorodiamine	102716	NA	74,000	NA	1.1E+8 {C}	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	3.3E+9	5.5E+7	1.1E+8			
3,3,3,3-Tetrafluoromethyl-4-nitrophenoxy	88302	NA	1.1E+5	NA	1.1E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.6E+8	NA			
Trifluorain	1582098	NA	5.7E+5	NA	7.8E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.3E+6	NA			
2,2,4-Trimethyl pentane	560941	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	19,000			
2,2,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene (I)	107404	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	56,000			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (I)	95636	NA	2,100	NA	1.1E+5 {C}	2.1E+7	5.0E+8	5.0E+8	8.2E+10	1.1E+5 {C}	1.1E+5				
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (I)	108678	NA	1,800	NA	94,000 {C}	1.6E+7	3.8E+8	3.8E+8	8.2E+10	94,000 {C}	94,000				
Triphenyl phosphide	115866	NA	1.1E+5 {C}	NA	1.1E+5 {C}	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.1E+5 {C}	1.1E+5			

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ATTACHMENT A
SOIL: RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL I
PART 201 GENERIC CLEANUP CRITERIA AND SCREENING LEVELS

Chemical	Chemical Abstract Service Number	Statewide Default Background Levels	Groundwater Protection				Indoor Air				Ambient Air (Y)				Direct Contact	
			#10	#11	#12	#13	#14	#15	#16	#17	#18	#19	#20	Soil Saturation Concentration Screening Levels		
Urea (2,3-Dibromopropyl)phosphate	126727	NA	43	NA	27,000 (C)	27,000 (C)	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	5.9E+6	5,500	27,000			
Urea	57156	NA	ID (N)	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	NA	NA	
Vanadium (B)	7440622	NA	1.0E+6	240	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	10	3.7E+6	NA		
Vinyl acetate (I)	108054	NA	13,000	NA	2.4E+6 (C)	7.9E+5	1.7E+6	2.6E+6	5.0E+6	1.3E+10	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6				
Vinyl chloride	75014	NA	40	300	5,800	28	440	3,100	3,100	7,600	3,7E+7	1,200	4.9E+5			
White phosphorous (R)	12185103	NA	100 (M)	NA	64,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	6,300	NA		
Xylenes (I)	1330207	NA	5,600	700	1.5E+5 (C)	4.6E+7	6.1E+7	1.3E+8	2.9E+11	1.5E+5 (C)	1.5E+5 (C)	10	1.4E+8	NA		
Zinc (B)	7440666	47,000	2.4E+6	(G)	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID				

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ATTACHMENT A
SOIL: INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL II, III, AND IV
PART 201 GENERIC CLEANUP CRITERIA AND SCREENING LEVELS

Developed under the authority of the

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1994 PA 451, AS AMENDED

Industrial and Commercial II, III and IV soil criteria were calculated using currently available toxicological and chemical-specific data. These criteria may change as new data become available. They are not necessarily final cleanup standards. Current criteria are available on the ERD Homepage at www.dca.state.mi.us/erd. Scientific notation is represented by E+ or E- a value, for example 2 x 10⁶ is reported as 2.0E+6. Please refer to Operational Memorandum #6 for analytical methods and method detection limits. All values are expressed in units of parts per billion (ug/Kg). Changes made since the last revision of the tables (January 1999) are shaded.

Chemical	Groundwater Protection						Ambient Air (1)						Direct Contact																		
	#10			#12			#13			#22			#24			#25			#26		#27		#28		#29		#30				
	Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial And Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial And Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Infinite Source Inhalation Criteria	Soil Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Soil Inhalation Criteria	Finite VSIC for 2 Meter Source Thickness	Finite VSIC for 5 Meter Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria	Industrial and Commercial II	Commercial III	Commercial IV	Commercial III	Commercial IV	Soil Saturation Concentration Screening Levels	Industrial and Commercial II	Commercial III	Commercial IV	Industrial and Commercial II	Commercial III	Commercial IV	Industrial and Commercial II	Commercial III	Commercial IV				
Acanthaminde	83329	NA	3.0E+5	8.7E+5	4,300	9.6E+5	3.5E+8	9.7E+7	9.7E+7	6.2E+9	8.1E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	8.1E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	8.1E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Acanthophylite	2004968	NA	2,900	8,500	ID	4.4E+5	3.0E+6	2.7E+6	2.7E+6	1.0E+9	1.6E+7	2.3E+7	1.6E+7	2.3E+7	1.6E+7	2.3E+7	5.4E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Acetaldehyde (1)	75070	NA	19,000	54,000	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	4.0E+5	2.1E+5	2.1E+5	2.9E+5	2.6E+8	9.7E+7	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)			
Acetic acid (1)	64197	NA	9.0E+5 (M)	9.0E+5 (M)	NA	6.5E+8 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Acetone (1)	67641	NA	15,000	42,000	34,000	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.6E+8	1.6E+8	2.0E+8	1.7E+11	7.4E+7	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8	1.0E+8			
Acetoin (1)	75058	NA	2,800	8,000	NA	2.2E+7 (C)	2.2E+7 (C)	1.1E+7	1.1E+7	1.2E+7	1.0E+10	1.4E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7	2.0E+7			
Acrolein (1)	107028	NA	2,400	6,600	NA	2.3E+7 (C)	760	370	370	370	630	5.9E+5	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	1.2E+7			
Acrylamide	79051	NA	10	16	NA	1.7E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Acrylic acid (1)	79107	NA	78,000	2.2E+5	NA	1.3E+8 (C)	6.1E+6	2.6E+5	2.7E+5	2.7E+5	2.9E+7	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)	1.3E+8 (C)			
Acrylonitrile (1)	107131	NA	32	130	98 (X)	1.6E+5	35,000	17,000	17,000	31,000	5.8E+7	46,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000			
Alachlor	15972508	NA	52	52	290 (X)	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Aldicarb	116063	NA	60	60	NA	2.4E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Aldicarb Alfonate	1646873	NA	80	80	NA	6.4E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Aldicarb sulfone	1646834	NA	50 (M)	70	NA	5.2E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Alimin	309002	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	7.1E+6	2.0E+5	2.0E+5	2.0E+5	2.0E+5	8.0E+5	8,800	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000		
Aluminum (B)	7429905	6.9E+6	1,000	1,000	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Ammonia	7664417	NA	ID (N)	ID (N)	(AC)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.9E+9	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	
Aniline (1)	62553	NA	3,000	12,000	IP	4.5E+6 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.9E+7	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	
Anthracene	120127	NA	41,000	41,000	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	41,000	1.6E+9	1.6E+9	1.6E+9	1.6E+9	1.6E+9	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	
Antimony (B)	7440350	NA	4,300	4,300	ID	5.4E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic (B)	7440382	5,800	23,000	23,000	70,000 (X)	2.2E+6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Asbestos	1332214	NA	ID	ID	NA	NA	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arazenina	1912249	NA	60	60	150 (X)	32,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Azobenzene	103333	NA	1,400	5,900	NA	76,000	5.9E+5	ID	ID	ID	1.3E+8	1.3E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	
Barium (B)	7440393	75,000	1.3E+6	1.3E+6	1.3E+6	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

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ATTACHMENT A
SOIL: INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL II, III, AND IV
PART 201 GENERIC CLEANUP CRITERIA AND SCREENING LEVELS

May 28, 1999
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Chemical	Chemical Abstract Service Number	Statewide Default Background Levels	Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Protection			Indoor Air			Ambient Air (Y)			Direct Contact				
				#10	#21	#12	#13	#22	#23	#24	#25	#26	#27	#28	#29	#20	
Benzene (I)	71432	NA	100	4,000 (X)	1.9E+5	8,400	45,000	99,000	2.3E+5	4.7E+8	4.0E+5 (C)	4.0E+5 (C)	4.0E+5 (C)	4.0E+5			
Benzidine	92875	NA	1,000 (M)	ID	1,000 (M)	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	59,000	1,000 (M)	1,000 (M)	2,100	NA	
Benz(a)anthracene (Q)	56553	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.1E+5	2.9E+5	6.6E+5	NA	
Benz(b)fluoranthene (Q)	205992	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	2.1E+5	2.9E+5	6.6E+5	NA	
Benz(k)fluoranthene (Q)	207089	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	2.1E+6	2.9E+6	6.6E+6	NA	
Benz(g,h,i)perylene	191242	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	3.5E+8	1.6E+7	5.4E+7	NA	
Benz(a)pyrene (Q)	50328	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	1.9E+6	21,000	29,000	68,000	NA
Benzac acid	65850	NA	6.4E+5	1.8E+6	NA	7.0E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	
Benzyl alcohol	108516	NA	2.0E+5	5.0E+5	NA	5.8E+6 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	1.5E+11	5.8E+6 (C)	5.8E+6 (C)	5.8E+6 (C)	
Benzyl chloride	100447	NA	100	400	NA	40,000	33,000	48,000	48,000	52,000	7.8E+7	ID	1.5E+5	2.0E+5	2.5E+5 (C)	2.5E+5	
Beryllium (B)	7449417	NA	51,000	(G)	1.0E+9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	1.6E+6	2.3E+7	3.2E+7	7.4E+7	NA
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether/ether (I)	112265	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	NA	ID	NA	NA	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.7E+6	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	111444	NA	330 (M)	330 (M)	NA	42,000	44,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	1.2E+7	NA	23,000	32,000	63,000	2.2E+6	
Boron (B)	117817	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	8.9E+8	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7	
Bronobenzene (I)	7440428	NA	10,000	10,000	38,000	2.6E+8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	2.7E+8	2.7E+8	2.1E+8	NA	
Bromobenzene (I)	108861	NA	530	1,500	NA	3.0E+5	5.6E+5	5.4E+5	5.4E+5	5.4E+5	2.4E+8	NA	7.6E+5 (C)	7.6E+5 (C)	7.6E+5 (C)	7.6E+5	
Bromodichloromethane	75274	NA	2,000 (W)	2,000 (W)	ID	2.2E+5	6,400	31,000	31,000	57,000	1.1E+6	NA	4.0E+5	5.6E+5	1.1E+6	1.5E+6	
Bromoform	75252	NA	2,000 (W)	2,000 (W)	NA	8.7E+5 (C)	7.7E+5	3.1E+6	3.1E+6	3.6E+9	8.7E+5 (C)	NA	8.7E+5 (C)	8.7E+5 (C)	8.7E+5		
Bromomethane	74839	NA	200	580	700	1.3E+6	1,600	13,000	57,000	1.4E+5	1.5E+8	NA	1.0E+6	1.5E+6	2.2E+6 (C)	2.2E+6	
n-Bulanol (I)	71363	NA	19,000	54,000	NA	8.7E+6 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	1.0E+10	8.7E+6 (C)	8.7E+6 (C)	8.7E+6	
2-Butanone (MEK) (I)	76933	NA	2.6E+5	7.6E+5	44,000	2.7E+7 (C)	3.5E+7	3.5E+7	3.5E+7	2.9E+10	2.7E+7 (C)	ID	1.1E+6	2.7E+7 (C)	2.7E+7		
n-Butyl acetate (I)	123664	NA	11,000	32,000	NA	1.1E+6 (C)	1.1E+6 (C)	ID	ID	-	2.8E+10	ID	1.1E+6 (C)	1.1E+6 (C)	1.1E+6		
1-Butyl alcohol (I)	75650	NA	78,000	2.2E+5	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	ID	ID	ID	8.8E+10	ID	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8		
Buyl benzyl phthalate	85687	NA	3.1E+5 (C)	3.1E+5 (C)	26,000 (X)	3.1E+5 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	2.1E+10	3.1E+5 (C)	3.1E+5 (C)	3.1E+5	
n-Buyl benzene	104518	NA	1,600	4,600	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	8.2E+6	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7	
sec-Buyl benzene	135988	NA	1,600	4,600	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	8.2E+6	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7	
tert-Buyl benzene (I)	98066	NA	1,600	4,600	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	8.2E+6	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7	
Cadmium (B)	7440439	1,200	6,000	6,000	(G,X)	2.5E+8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	2.2E+6	4.5E+6	8.3E+6	1.5E+7	NA
Camphene (I)	78925	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA	
Caprolactam	105602	NA	1.2E+5	3.4E+5	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	
Carbazole	63252	NA	14,000	40,000	NA	2.6E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	4.3E+8	6.1E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	
Carbazole	86748	NA	860	19,000	330 (M)	3.2E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	1.2E+6	1.7E+6	3.5E+6	NA	

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SOIL: INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL II, III, AND IV
PART 201 GENERIC CLEANUP CRITERIA AND SCREENING LEVELS

Chemical	Chemical Abstract Service Number	Groundwater Protection										Ambient Air (Y)										Direct Contact														
		Indoor Air					#22					#23					#24					#25					#26		#27		#28		#29		#30	
		Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial And Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Soil Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Source Volatile Soil Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Finite VSIC for 5 Meter Source Thickness	Finite VSIC for 2 Meter Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria	Industrial and Commercial Criteria	Industrial and Commercial Criteria	Commercial III	Commercial II	Commercial I	Commercial IV	Commercial III	Commercial II	Commercial I	Industrial and Commercial Criteria	Industrial and Commercial Criteria	Soil Saturation Concentration Screening Levels														
Catholouan	15836862	NA	800	800	NA	6.6E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	3.7E+6	5.2E+6	1.0E+7	NA																						
Carbon disulfide (l,R)	751150	NA	16,000	46,000	ID	2.0E+5 (C)	1.4E+5	8.0E+6	1.9E+7	2.1E+10	2.0E+6 (C)	2.8E+5 (C)	2.8E+5																							
Carbon tetrachloride	56235	NA	100	100	900 (X)	32,000	980	32,000	79,000	1.7E+8	1.9E+5	2.1E+5	3.9E+5																							
Chloroform (l)	57749	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	5.9E+7	4.2E+6	4.2E+6	2.1E+7	1.7E+5	4.2E+5	4.8E+5	NA																							
Chloroform (R)	16887006	NA	5.0E+6	5.0E+6	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	5.0E+5 (F)	5.0E+5 (F)	5.0E+5 (F)	NA																						
Chlorobenzene (l)	108907	NA	2,000	2,000	940	2.0E+5	9.2E+5	1.1E+6	2.1E+6	2.1E+9	2.6E+5 (C)	2.6E+5 (C)	2.6E+5																							
Chloroethane (l)	7503	NA	4,400	18,000	ID	9.7E+5 (C)	9.7E+5 (C)	3.6E+7	1.2E+8	2.9E+11	9.7E+5 (C)	9.7E+5 (C)	9.7E+5																							
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110758	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID									
Chloroforn	67663	NA	2,000 (W)	2,000 (W)	3,400 (X)	1.3E+6 (C)	38,000	1.3E+5	3.4E+5	7.9E+5	1.6E+9	1.5E+6 (C)	1.5E+6 (C)	1.5E+6																						
Chloromethane (l)	74873	NA	1,300	5,400	ID	1.1E+6 (C)	12,000	1.4E+6	1.2E+6	2.9E+16	6.1E+9	1.1E+6 (C)	1.1E+6 (C)	1.1E+6																						
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59507	NA	5,600	16,000	NA	2.4E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID								
beta-Chloronaphthalene	91587	NA	6.5E+5	1.8E+6	NA	2.3E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID								
2-Chlorophenol	95578	NA	900	2,600	440	1.6E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID								
o-Chlorotoluene (l)	95498	NA	3,300	9,300	NA	5.0E+5 (C)	5.0E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID								
Chlorpyrifos	2321882	NA	17,000	48,000	NA	8.4E+5	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID							
Chromium (III) (B,H)	16065831	18,000 (total)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	(G,X)	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.5E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA							
Chromium (VI) (B,H)	16540298	18,000 (total)	30,000	30,000	3,300	3.0E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID							
Chrysene (Q)	218019	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID							
Cobalt (B)	7440484	6,800	1,000	2,000	2,000	2.2E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NA							
Copper (B)	7440508	32,000	1.6E+8	1.6E+8	(G)	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NA							
Cyanazine	21725462	NA	500 (M)	500 (M)	34,000	NLV	1,100 (X)	34,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NA							
Cyanide (R)	57125	NA	4,000	4,000	400	2.5E+5 (P)	NLV	NLV	NLV	10	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA							
Cyclohexanone (l)	108941	NA	5.2E+6	1.5E+7	NA	2.2E+8 (C)	32,000	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA						
Dacthal	1861321	NA	50,000	1.4E+5	NA	3.4E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NA							
Dalapon	75990	NA	4,000	4,000	NA	5.9E+7 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA						
4-A-DDT			NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA						
4-A-DOE			NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA						
Decabromodiphenyl ether	1163195	NA	1.4E+5	1.4E+5	NA	1.4E+5	1.0E+9 (D)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA						
Di-n-butyl phthalate	84742	NA	7.6E+5 (C)	7.6E+5 (C)	11,000	7.6E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA						
Di-(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	103231	NA	9.6E+5 (C)	9.6E+5 (C)	NA	9.6E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA						
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117840	NA	1.0E+8	1.4E+8 (C)	NA	1.4E+8 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA						

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**SOIL: INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL II, III, AND IV
 PART 201 GENERIC CLEANUP CRITERIA AND SCREENING LEVELS**

Chemical Abstract Service Number	Chemical	Statewide Default Background Levels	Groundwater Protection				Ambient Air (Y)				Direct Contact							
			#10		#21	#12	#13	#22		#23	#24	#25	#26	#27		#28	#29	#20
			Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial And Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Solid Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Source Volatile Soil Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Fluorite VSIC for 5 Meter Source Thickness	Fluorite VSIC for 2 Meter Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria	Industrial and Commercial II	Industrial and Commercial III	Commercial IV	Commercial III	Commercial II	Saturation Concentration Screening Levels	
Diacetone alcohol (I)	123422	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	NA	NLV	NLV	NLV	7.1E+10	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.1E+8		
Diazinon	333415	NA	95	280	NA	80,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	10	3.1E+5 (C)	3.1E+5 (C)	3.1E+5 (C)	3.1E+5 (C)	3.1E+5		
Dibenzocarbaphane (Q)	53703	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	21,000	29,000	68,000	68,000	NA		
Dibenzofuran	132649	NA	ID	ID	1,700	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID		
Dibromodifluoromethane	124481	NA	2,000 (W)	2,000 (W)	10	1.9E+5	21,000	80,000	80,000	98,000	1.6E+8	3.0E+5	4.1E+5	6.1E+5 (C)	6.1E+5 (C)	6.1E+5		
Dibromoethopropane	96128	NA	4.0	4.0	NA	1,200 (C)	1,200 (C)	1,200 (C)	1,200 (C)	1,200 (C)	1,200 (C)	1,200 (C)	1,200 (C)	1,200 (C)	1,200 (C)	1,200		
Dibromomethane	74953	NA	1,600	4,600	NA	1.9E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.0E+6 (C)	2.0E+6 (C)	2.0E+6 (C)		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95501	NA	13,000	340	2.1E+5 (C)	4.6E+7	4.6E+7	5.5E+7	5.5E+7	4.4E+10	2.1E+5 (C)	2.1E+5 (C)	2.1E+5 (C)	2.1E+5 (C)	2.1E+5 (C)	2.1E+5		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541731	NA	17,000	18,000	1,100	2.0E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.0E+5 (C)	2.0E+5 (C)	2.0E+5		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	108467	NA	1,600	1,700	280	60,000	1.0E+5	2.6E+5	2.6E+5	3.4E+5	5.7E+8	1.0E+6	1.4E+6	2.9E+16	2.9E+16	NA		
3,3'-Dichlorobanzidine	91941	NA	2,000 (M)	2,000 (M)	6,900	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	8.2E+6	55,000	77,000	1.5E+5	1.5E+5	NA		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75718	NA	93,000	2.7E+5	10 (D)	1.0E+6 (C)	6.3E+7	5.5E+8	5.5E+8	1.4E+9	1.5E+12	1.0E+6 (C)	1.0E+6 (C)	1.0E+6 (C)	1.0E+6 (C)	1.0E+6		
1,1-Dichloroethane (I)	75343	NA	18,000	50,000	IP	7.9E+5 (C)	3.6E+7	9.7E+7	9.7E+7	2.3E+8	2.4E+11	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5		
1,2-Dichloroethane (I)	107062	NA	100	100	7,200 (X)	2.2E+5	11,000	21,000	33,000	74,000	1.5E+8	2.7E+5	3.8E+5	7.6E+5	7.6E+5	1.2E+6		
1,1-Dichloroethylene (I)	75354	NA	140	140	1,300 (X)	1.8E+5	330	3,700	15,000	37,000	7.8E+7	5.8E+5 (C)	5.8E+5 (C)	5.8E+5 (C)	5.8E+5 (C)	5.8E+5		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (I)	156592	NA	1,400	1,400	ID	6.4E+5 (C)	4.7E+7	9.8E+7	9.8E+7	2.3E+8	2.3E+11	6.4E+5 (C)	6.4E+5 (C)	6.4E+5 (C)	6.4E+5 (C)	6.4E+5		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156605	NA	2,000	2,000	ID	1.4E+6 (C)	3.2E+7	9.6E+7	9.6E+7	2.2E+8	2.3E+11	1.4E+6 (C)	1.4E+6 (C)	1.4E+6 (C)	1.4E+6 (C)	1.4E+6		
2,6-Dichloro-4-nitroaniline	99309	NA	44,000	1.3E+5	NA	1.4E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120832	NA	2,600	7,700	680	1.5E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.3E+9	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7		
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	94757	NA	1,400	1,400	4,400	2.2E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.9E+9	4.5E+7	6.3E+7	6.3E+7	6.3E+7	6.3E+7		
1,2-Dichloropropane (I)	78875	NA	100	100	5,800 (X)	1.5E+5	7,400	30,000	51,000	1.2E+5	1.2E+8	3.6E+5	3.6E+5	5.1E+5	5.5E+5	5.5E+5		
1,3-Dichloropropene (I-J)	542756	NA	94	380	NA	52,000	420	4,600	15,000	15,000	7.5E+7	1.4E+5	1.9E+5	3.8E+5	3.8E+5	6.2E+5		
Dichlorovos	62737	NA	58	240	NA	2.2E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.5E+7	5.2E+5	7.2E+5	7.2E+5	7.2E+5	2.5E+6		
Dicyclohexyl phthalate	84617	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA		
Diehdin	60571	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	7.3E+5	64,000	64,000	64,000	84,000	8.5E+5	9,400	13,000	31,000	31,000	NA		
Diethyl ether (I)	60297	NA	100 (M)	100 (M)	ID	7.4E+6 (C)	1.0E+8	1.6E+8	3.5E+8	3.5E+11	7.4E+6 (C)	7.4E+6 (C)	7.4E+6 (C)	7.4E+6 (C)	7.4E+6 (C)	7.4E+6		
Diethyl phthalate	84662	NA	1.1E+5	3.2E+5	NA	7.4E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.5E+9	7.4E+5 (C)	7.4E+5 (C)	7.4E+5 (C)	7.4E+5 (C)	7.4E+5		
Diethylphenyl phenoxyl monobutyl ether	112345	NA	1,800	5,000	NA	8.6E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	5.9E+8	5.4E+7	7.5E+7	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8		
Disopropylamine (I)	108169	NA	110	320	NA	3.0E+5	ID	ID	ID	ID	5.7E+5	8.0E+5	1.6E+6	1.6E+6	1.6E+6	6.7E+6		
Dimethyl phthalate	131113	NA	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5 (C)	NA	7.9E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.5E+9	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5 (C)	7.9E+5		
N,N-Dimethylacalamide	127195	NA	3,600	10,000	82,000 (X)	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.9E+7	2.6E+7	5.2E+7	5.2E+7	1.1E+8		
N,N-Dimethyljanine	121697	NA	320	920	NA	3.2E+5	8.0E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	3.3E+8	8.0E+5 (C)	8.0E+5 (C)	8.0E+5 (C)	8.0E+5 (C)	8.0E+5		

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SOIL: INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL II, III, AND IV
PART 201 GENERIC CLEANUP CRITERIA AND SCREENING LEVELS

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Chemical	Chemical Abstract Service Number	Groundwater Protection				Indoor Air				Ambient Air (Y)				Direct Contact			
		#10	#21	#12	#13	#22	#23	#24	#25	#26	#27	#28	#29	#30		Soil Saturation Concentration Screening Levels	
		Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial And Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Inhalation Source for Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Finite VSIC for 5 Meter Source Thickness	Pariculate Inhalation Criteria	Solvent Inhalation Criteria	Industrial and Commercial II	Commercial III	Commercial IV					
Dimethylformamide (I)	68122	NA	14,000	40,000	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	8.8E+8	7.1E+7	1.0E+8	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8				
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105679	NA	7,400	20,000	330 (M)	8.8E+6	NLV	NLV	2.1E+9	2.3E+8	3.2E+8	7.4E+8	NA				
2,6-Dimethylphenol	576261	NA	330 (M)	330 (M)	NA	1.1E+5	NLV	NLV	NA	ID	2.7E+6	3.8E+6	8.9E+6	NA			
3,4-Dimethylphenol	956568	NA	330 (M)	580	NA	3.0E+5	NLV	NLV	NA	ID	6.3E+6	8.8E+6	2.1E+7	NA			
Dimethylsulfoxide	676065	NA	4,4E+6	1.3E+7	3.8E+6	1.8E+7 (C)	NLV	NLV	NA	ID	1.8E+7 (C)	1.8E+7 (C)	1.8E+7				
2,4-Dinitrodiolene	121142	NA	15,000	15,000	NA	3.8E+6	NLV	NLV	NA	2.0E+7	2.2E+5	3.1E+5	7.3E+5	NA			
Diroseb	888857	NA	280	300	NA	1.4E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.4E+5 (C)	1.4E+5 (C)	1.4E+5				
1,4-Dioxane (I)	123911	NA	1,500	6,400	56,000 (X)	3.4E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NA	2.3E+6	3.2E+6	6.3E+6	9.7E+7			
Diquat	85007	NA	400	400	NA	1.4E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	9.9E+6	1.4E+7	3.3E+7	NA			
Diuron	330541	NA	620	1,800	NA	7.5E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.9E+7	2.7E+7	6.4E+7	NA			
Endosulfan (I)	115297	NA	NLL	NLL	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.0E+6	1.5E+6	3.4E+6	NA			
Endothal	145733	NA	NLL	NLL	NA	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NA	1.0E+9	7.7E+7	1.1E+8	2.5E+8	NA		
Endrin	72208	NA	NLL	NLL	NA	7.3E+6 (C)	1.2E+5	37,000	37,000	NA	ID	7.7E+5	1.1E+6	2.5E+6	NA		
Epinchlorohydrin (I)	106198	NA	1,700	7,000	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	IP	NLV	NLV	NLV	5.6E+11	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8	7.3E+6		
Ethanol (I)	641175	NA	3.6E+7	7.6E+7	IP	1.1E+8 (C)	5.9E+7	5.9E+7	1.0E+8	9.4E+10	7.5E+10	7.5E+10	7.5E+10	7.5E+6			
Ethyl acetate (I)	141786	NA	1.3E+5	3.8E+5	NA	7.5E+6 (C)	7.5E+6 (C)	1.4E+5 (C)	1.1E+7	3.0E+7	2.9E+10	2.9E+10	1.4E+5 (C)	1.4E+5 (C)	1.4E+5		
Ethylbenzene (I)	100414	NA	1,500	360	1.4E+5 (C)	1.4E+5 (C)	3,600	5,800	5,800	9,800	1.8E+7	290	410	810	8.9E+5		
Ethylene dicloride	106934	NA	10 (M)	10 (M)	NA	3.0E+5	8.4E+5	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	3.7E+10	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8		
Ethylene glycol	107211	NA	111762	NA	11,000	NA	4.1E+7 (C)	ID	3.9E+5	2.1E+6	6.6E+6	7.1E+9	2.0E+7	4.1E+7 (C)	4.1E+7		
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	206440	NA	7.2E+5	5,500	7.2E+5	1.0E+9 (D)	8.9E+6	8.9E+6	4.1E+9	5.4E+8	7.6E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	NA				
Fluoranthene	86737	NA	3.9E+5	8.9E+5	2,400	6.9E+5	1.0E+9 (D)	1.5E+8	1.5E+8	4.1E+9	5.4E+8	7.6E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	NA			
Fluorene	7782414	NA	40,000	40,000	NA	2.6E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.7E+8	3.8E+8	8.9E+8	NA			
Fluorine (soluble fluoride) (B)	50000	NA	26,000	76,000	2,400	6.0E+7 (C)	65,000	43,000	68,000	1.5E+5	3.0E+8	6.0E+7 (C)	6.0E+7 (C)	6.0E+7			
Formaldehyde	9.0E+5 (M)	NA	9.0E+5 (M)	2.8E+6	1.1E+8 (C)	ID	NA	9.0E+5 (M)	9.0E+5 (M)	5.9E+7	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8				
Formic acid (I,II)	64186	NA	1,600	4,600	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.0E+6	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7			
1-Formylpentadine	2591868	NA	170	700	NA	9.8E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.5E+6	2.1E+6	4.5E+8	6.3E+8			
Gentian violet	548629	NA	1071836	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	ID	10	10	10	NA		
Glycosalate	76448	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	1.9E+6	2.1E+5	3.0E+6	3.0E+6	33,000	47,000	1.1E+5	NA				
Hepachlor	1024573	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	16,000	23,000	54,000	NA			
Hepachlor epoxide	142825	NA	n-Haptane (I)	2.4E+5 (C)	NA	2.4E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.0E+11	2.4E+5 (C)	2.4E+5 (C)	2.4E+5			
n-Haptane (I)	87821	NA	5,400	5,400	1.0E+7	1.0E+7	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.3E+7	1.8E+7	4.2E+7	4.2E+7	NA		
Hexahydrobenzene																	

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Chemical	Chemical Abstract Service Number	Statewide Default Background Levels	Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial And Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Soil Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Indoor Air				Ambient Air {Y}				Direct Contact				
								#10	#21	#12	#13	#22	#23	#24	#25	#26	#27	#28	#29	#20
								Industrial Groundwater Criteria	Industrial Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Soil Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Source Volatile Soil Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Fluoride VSIC for 5 Mater Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Source Thickness	Inhalation Criteria	Industrial and Commercial Criteria	Commercial III	Commercial II	Commercial I	Soil Saturation Concentration Screening Levels
Hexachlorobutane (C-56)	118741	NA	1,800	1,800	ID	3,500	2.2E+5	56,000	56,000	8.5E+6	94,000	1.3E+5	3.1E+5						NA	
Hexachlorobutadiene (C-46)	876863	NA	19,000	77,000	ID	3.4E+5	3.5E+5 (C)	4.6E+5	4.6E+5	1.8E+8	3.5E+5 (C)	3.5E+5 (C)	3.5E+5 (C)	3.5E+5						
alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane	319846	NA	25	98	NA	2,800	6.8E+5	86,000	86,000	2.1E+6	24,000	33,000	79,000							
beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane	319857	NA	85	350	NA	10,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	7.4E+6	83,000	1.2E+5	2.8E+5							
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene (C-56)	77474	NA	36,000	36,000	ID	81,000 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	81,000 (C)	81,000 (C)	81,000 (C)	81,000						
Hexachloroethane	67721	NA	17,000	69,000	1,800 (X)	4.1E+5	3.7E+5	1.4E+6	1.4E+6	1.0E+8	1.8E+6	2.5E+6	4.9E+6							
n-Hexane (I)	110543	NA	44,000 (C)	44,000 (C)	NA	ID	44,000 (C)	ID	ID	ID	5.9E+9	44,000 (C)	44,000 (C)	44,000 (C)	44,000					
2-Hexanone (I)	591786	NA	20,000	58,000	NA	2.5E+6	2.5E+6 (C)	1.8E+6	ID	ID	1.2E+9	2.5E+6 (C)	2.5E+6 (C)	2.5E+6 (C)	2.5E+6					
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene (Q)	191395	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.1E+5	2.9E+5	6.8E+5							
Iron (B)	7439896	1.2E+7	6,000	6,000	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID						
Isobutyl alcohol (I)	78531	NA	46,000	1.3E+5	NA	8.9E+6 (C)	8.9E+6 (C)	9.5E+7	9.5E+7	4.4E+10	8.9E+6 (C)	8.9E+6 (C)	8.9E+6 (C)	8.9E+6						
Isooctane	78591	NA	18,000	74,000	11,000 (X)	2.4E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	8.2E+9	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6					
Isopropyl alcohol (I)	67630	NA	9,400	26,000	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	6.5E+9	4.8E+7	6.7E+7	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8					
Isopropyl benzoate (I)	98828	NA	90,000	2.6E+5	ID	3.9E+5 (C)	3.9E+5 (C)	2.0E+6	ID	ID	2.6E+9	3.9E+5 (C)	3.9E+5 (C)	3.9E+5						
Lead (B)	7439921	21,000	1,000 (M)	1,000 (M)	(G,M,X)	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	4.4E+7	9.0E+5 (walk)	4.0E+5	4.0E+5						
Lindane	56699	NA	20 (M)	20 (M)	3,200	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.2E+5	1.2E+5	1.6E+5	3.8E+5						
Lithium (B)	7439932	9,800	3,400	7,000	500	1.2E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.6E+7	2.6E+7	2.6E+7	2.6E+7						
Magnesium (B)	7439934	NA	8.4E+6	2.4E+7	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.9E+9	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)						
Manganese (B)	7439965	4.4E+5	2,000 (M)	2,000 (M)	(S,X)	2.0E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.5E+6	2.1E+8	3.0E+8	7.0E+8						
Mercury (inorganic) (B)	7439976	130	1,700	1,700	170	47,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.4E+6	1.9E+6	4.5E+6	4.5E+6						
Methane	74828	NA	ID	ID	ID	(K)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	
Methanol (I)	67561	NA	74,000	2.0E+5	ID	3.1E+6 (C)	1.2E+6	ID	ID	ID	3.1E+6 (C)	3.1E+6 (C)	3.1E+6 (C)	3.1E+6						
Methylchlor	72435	NA	1.3E+5	1.3E+5	NA	1.4E+5	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.2E+7	3.2E+7	7.4E+7	7.4E+7						
2-Methoxyethanol (I)	109864	NA	150	400	ID	1.8E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	5.9E+8	7.4E+5	1.0E+6	2.1E+6	1.1E+8					
2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxycrylic acid	94746	NA	380	1,100	NA	4.3E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	4.5E+6	6.3E+6	1.5E+7	1.5E+7						
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	534521	NA	1,700 (M)	1,700 (M)	NA	1.8E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.6E+6	2.2E+6	5.2E+6	5.2E+6						
Methyl parathion	298000	NA	44	130	NA	66,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.1E+6	1.6E+6	3.7E+6	3.7E+6						
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIRK) (I)	108101	NA	36,000	1.0E+5	ID	2.7E+6 (C)	5.3E+7	5.3E+7	7.0E+7	6.0E+10	2.7E+6 (C)	2.7E+6 (C)	2.7E+6 (C)	2.7E+6						
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	1634044	NA	800	800	15,000 (X)	6.0E+6 (C)	3.1E+7	4.1E+7	8.9E+7	8.8E+10	6.0E+6 (C)	6.0E+6 (C)	6.0E+6 (C)	6.0E+6						
N-Methylmorpholine (I)	109024	NA	400	1,100	NA	3.2E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.0E+6	2.8E+6	5.6E+6	5.6E+6						
Methylcyclopentane (I)	96377	NA	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	
4,4'-Methylene-bis-2-chloroaniline (MBCA)	101144	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.1E+8	1.6E+5	2.2E+5	5.1E+5						

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Chemical Abstract Service Number	Chemical Statewide Default Background Levels	Groundwater Protection				Indoor Air				Ambient Air (Y)				Direct Contact			
		#10		#21	#12	#13	#22		#23	#24	#25	#26	#27		#28	#29	#20
		Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial Aid Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Volatile Soil Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Source for Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Volatile Soil Thickness	Finite VSIC for 5 Meter Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria	Industrial and Commercial Criteria	Commercial III	Commercial II	Commercial I	Commercial IV	Saturation Concentration Screening Levels	
Methylene chloride	75092	NA	100	100	19,000 (X)	2.2E+6	2.4E+5	7.0E+5	1.7E+6	4.0E+6	8.3E+9	2.3E+6 (C)	2.3E+6 (C)	2.3E+6			
2-Methylnaphthalene	91576	NA	57,000	1.7E+5	ID	7.1E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.6E+8	2.3E+8	5.4E+8	5.4E+8	NA		
2-Methylphenol	95487	NA	7,400	20,000	1,600	1.4E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.9E+9	3.7E+7	5.2E+7	1.0E+8	NA		
3-Methylphenol	108394	NA	7,400	20,000	NA	4.5E+6 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6 (C)	4.5E+6	4.5E+6		
4-Methylphenol	106445	NA	740	2,000	ID	1.5E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.3E+7	3.2E+7	7.4E+7	7.4E+7	NA	
Meidachor	51218452	NA	3,200	13,000	NA	4.4E+5 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	4.4E+5 (C)	4.4E+5 (C)	4.4E+5	4.4E+5	NA	
Molybdenum (B)	7435987	NA	740	2,000	16,000 (X)	2.2E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.3E+7	3.2E+7	7.4E+7	7.4E+7	NA	
Naphthalene	91203	NA	17,000	50,000	850	2.0E+6	7.7E+7	5.9E+7	5.9E+7	5.9E+7	1.5E+10	1.6E+8	2.3E+8	5.4E+8	NA		
Nickel (B)	7440020	20,000	1.0E+5	1.0E+5	(G)	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	3.4E+7	4.8E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9	NA	
Nitrate (B,N)	14797558	NA	2.0E+5 (N)	2.0E+5 (N)	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA		
Nitrite (B,N)	14797650	NA	20,000 (N)	20,000 (N)	NA	4.2E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA		
Nitrobenzene (I)	98953	NA	330 (M)	330 (M)	3,600 (X)	1.9E+5	4.5E+5 (C)	4.6E+6	4.6E+6	4.6E+6	1.5E+9	3.4E+5	4.8E+5	4.9E+5	4.9E+5		
2-Nitrophenol	68755	NA	400	1,200	ID	1.4E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.3E+7	1.8E+7	4.2E+7	4.2E+7	NA	
n-Nitro-di-n-propylamine	621647	NA	330 (M)	330 (M)	NA	4,400	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.0E+6	3,500	5,000	9,900	1.5E+6		
N-Nitropodiphenylamine	66306	NA	3,400	14,000	NA	6.0E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	5.1E+6	7.1E+6	1.4E+7	1.4E+7	NA	
Oxamyl	23135220	NA	4,000	4,000	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.7E+8	2.4E+8	5.6E+8	5.6E+8	NA	
Oxo-hexyl ecotaine	88230357	NA	1,500	4,200	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.4E+9	7.4E+6	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7		
Pendimethalin	40487421	NA	1.1E+6	1.1E+6	NA	1.1E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	5.4E+8	7.6E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	
Penachlorobenzene	608935	NA	29,000	81,000	NA	1.9E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	1.9E+5 (C)	1.9E+5 (C)	1.9E+5	1.9E+5	NA	
Penachloronitrobenzene	82668	NA	37,000	37,000	NA	2.0E+6	2.8E+5	2.8E+5	2.8E+5	2.8E+5	1.5E+8	3.4E+7	4.7E+7	5.4E+7	5.4E+7	NA	
Penachlorophenol	87865	NA	3,200	3,200	(G,X)	2.7E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.3E+8	63,000	89,000	1.7E+5	1.7E+5	NA	
Pentane (I)	109660	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	2.4E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	5.2E+11	ID	ID	ID	2.4E+5	NA	
2-Pentene (I)	109682	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.2E+5	NA	
Phenanthrene	65018	NA	12,000	34,000	2,300	4.5E+5	2.8E+7	1.5E+5	7.2E+5	7.2E+5	5.9E+7	1.6E+7	2.3E+7	5.4E+7	5.4E+7	NA	
Phenol	108952	NA	88,000	2.6E+5	4,200	1.2E+7 (C)	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.8E+10	1.2E+7 (C)	1.2E+7 (C)	1.2E+7	1.2E+7	NA	
Phosphorus (total)	7723140	NA	1.3E+6	4.8E+6	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	{T}	{T}	NA	
Picloram	1918021	NA	10,000	10,000	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	3.2E+8	4.4E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	
Piperidine	110894	NA	64	180	NA	6.4E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	4.1E+9	3.3E+5	4.6E+5	9.1E+5	1.2E+8	NA	
Polybrominated biphenyls (I)	37324235	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	ID	17,000	24,000	56,000	56,000	NA	
Polybrominated biphenyls (PCBs) (I,T)	13363363	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	1.6E+7	8.2E+5	2.8E+7	2.8E+7	2.8E+7	ID	{T}	{T}	{T}	{T}	NA	
Pronolone	1610160	NA	4,900	14,000	NA	4.9E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	9.9E+7	1.4E+8	3.3E+8	3.3E+8	NA	
Propachlor	1918167	NA	1,900	5,400	NA	8.4E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	5.9E+7	8.2E+7	1.9E+8	1.9E+8	NA	

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Chemical Abstract Service Number	Chemical Name	Statewide Default Background Levels	Groundwater Protection				Indoor Air				Ambient Air (Y)				Direct Contact			
			#10		#11	#12	#13	#22		#23	#24	#25	#26	#27		#28	#29	#20
			Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial And Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Initial Source Volatile Soil Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Fluoride VSIC for 5 Meter Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria	Industrial and Commercial II	Commercial III	Commercial IV	Saturation Concentration Screening Levels					
Propazine	Propazine	139402	NA	4,000	11,000	NA	1.7E+5	NLV	NLV	ID	1.2E+8	1.7E+8	4.0E+8				NA	
Propionic acid (l)	Propionic acid	79094	NA	3.6E+5	7.0E+5	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	8.8E+9	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8					
Propyl alcohol (l)	Propyl alcohol	71238	NA	28,000	80,000	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NLV	NLV	2.1E+10	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8					
n-Propylbenzene (l)	n-Propylbenzene	103651	NA	1,600	4,600	NA	ID	ID	ID	5.9E+8	8.2E+6	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7				
Propylene glycol	Propylene glycol	57556	NA	3.0E+6	8.4E+6	NA	1.0E+7 (C)	NLV	NLV	1.8E+11	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7 (C)	1.0E+7					
Pyrene	Pyrene	129090	NA	4.7E+5	4.7E+5	ID	4.7E+5	1.0E+9 (D)	7.7E+8	7.7E+8	2.9E+9	3.4E+8	4.7E+8	1.0E+9 (D)				
Pyridine (l)	Pyridine	110861	NA	330 (M)	420	NA	37,000 (C)	2,000	9,800	40,000	97,000	1.0E+8	37,000 (C)	37,000 (C)	37,000 (C)			
Selenium (B)	Selenium	7782492	410	4,000	4,000	400	8.8E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	5.9E+7	2.3E+7	3.2E+7	7.4E+7				
Silver (B)	Silver	7440224	1,000	4,500	13,000	500 (M)	2.3E+8	NLV	NLV	NLV	2.9E+6	2.1E+7	3.0E+7	7.0E+7				
Silvax (2,4,5-TP)	Silvax	93721	NA	3,700	3,700	NA	2.8E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	3.4E+7	4.7E+7	1.1E+8				
Simazine	Simazine	122349	NA	80	80	NA	90,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	2.3E+7	3.3E+7	7.7E+7				
Sodium (B)	Sodium	7440235	NA	3.2E+6	9.0E+6	NA	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)				
Strontium (B)	Strontium	7440246	NA	92,000	2.6E+5	15,000	1.0E+9 (D)	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)				
Styrene (l)	Styrene	100425	NA	2,700	2,700	2,200	65,000	5.2E+5 (C)	3.2E+6	4.0E+6	6.6E+9	5.2E+5 (C)	5.2E+5 (C)	5.2E+5				
Sulfate	Sulfate	14608786	NA	5.0E+6	5.0E+6	NA	ID	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	ID	ID				
Tetabutonium	Tetabutonium	34014181	NA	10,000	30,000	NA	5.0E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	3.2E+8	4.4E+8	1.0E+9 (D)				
2,3,7,8-tetrabromodibenzo-p-dioxin (O)	2,3,7,8-tetrabromodibenzo-p-dioxin	50585416	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	3.2E+6	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	(O)	(O)	(O)				
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	950443	NA	1.5E+6	1.5E+6	- (P)	1.5E+6	ID	ID	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)					
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (O)	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	1746016	NA	NLL	NLL	NLL	NLV	NLV	NLV	NLV	69	0.99	1.4	2.9				
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630266	NA	650	26,000	NA	2.2E+5	65,000	1.9E+5	2.1E+5	3.3E+5	5.3E+8	9.5E+6	9.8E+5 (C)	9.8E+5			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79345	NA	86	340	1,600 (X)	42,000	23,000	34,000	34,000	6.8E+7	1.2E+6	1.7E+6	3.5E+5	8.7E+5			
Tetrachloroethylene	Tetrachloroethylene	127164	NA	100	100	900 (X)	88,000 (C)	60,000	6.0E+5	1.4E+6	3.3E+6	6.8E+9	88,000 (C)	88,000 (C)	88,000 (C)			
Tetrahydroduran (l)	Tetrahydroduran	109959	NA	4,800	14,000	2,2E+5 (X)	7.8E+7	2.4E+6	ID	ID	1.7E+11	2.5E+7	3.4E+7	6.8E+7	1.2E+8			
Thallium (B)	Thallium	7440280	NA	2,300	2,300	4,200 (X)	1.6E+7	NLV	NLV	NLV	ID	ID	3.0E+6	4.2E+5	1.0E+6			
Toluene (l)	Toluene	108683	NA	16,000	16,000	2,800	2.5E+5 (C)	3.1E+6	3.6E+7	3.6E+7	1.2E+10	2.5E+5 (C)	2.5E+5 (C)	2.5E+5				
p-Tolidine	p-Tolidine	106490	NA	660 (M)	660 (M)	NA	1.3E+5	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.3E+8	7.9E+5	1.1E+6	1.2E+6 (C)	1.2E+6			
Toxaphone	Toxaphone	8001352	NA	2,600	2,600	860	11,000	NLV	NLV	NLV	1.2E+7	23,000	32,000	63,000	NA			
Tralale	Tralale	2303175	NA	95,000	2.5E+5 (C)	NA	2.5E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	1.0E+10	2.5E+5 (C)	2.5E+5 (C)	2.5E+5				
Tributylamine	Tributylamine	102829	NA	7,800	23,000	ID	1.1E+6	1.1E+6	1.1E+6	1.1E+6	2.1E+8	1.0E+6	1.0E+6	2.9E+6	3.7E+6			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120821	NA	4,200	4,200	1,800	8.8E+5	1.1E+6 (C)	3.4E+7	3.4E+7	1.1E+10	1.1E+6 (C)	1.1E+6 (C)	1.1E+6				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71556	NA	4,000	4,000	4,000	4.6E+5 (C)	4.6E+5 (C)	1.5E+7	3.1E+7	2.9E+10	4.6E+5 (C)	4.6E+5 (C)	4.6E+5				
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79005	NA	100	100	6,600 (X)	1.9E+5	24,000	57,000	57,000	1.2E+5	2.5E+8	4.4E+5	6.1E+5	9.2E+5	9.2E+5		

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Generic Criteria Tables
Op Memo #18

ATTACHMENT A
SOIL: INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL, II, III, AND IV
PART 201 GENERIC CLEANUP CRITERIA AND SCREENING LEVELS

Chemical	Chemical Abstract Service Number	Statewide Default Background Levels	Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Industrial And Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	Groundwater Protection Criteria	Groundwater Protection						Ambient Air (Y)						Direct Contact					
						#10	#21	#12	#13	#22	#23	#24	#25	#26	#27	#28	#29	#29	#20				
						Groundwater Surface Water Interface Protection Criteria	Groundwater Contact Protection Criteria	Soil Volatilization to Indoor Air Inhalation Criteria	Infinite Source Soil Volatilile Soil Inhalation Criteria (VSIC)	Fluile VSIC for 2 Meter Source Thickness	Fluile VSIC for 5 Meter Source Thickness	Particulate Soil Inhalation Criteria	Industrial and Commercial Criteria	Soil Saturation Concentration Screening Levels									
Trichloroethylene	79016	NA	100	100	4,000 (X)	2.2E+5	2.6E+5	4.4E+5	1.1E+6	2.3E+9	5.0E+5 (C)	5.0E+5 (C)	5.0E+5 (C)	5.0E+5 (C)	5.0E+5 (C)	5.0E+5 (C)	5.0E+5 (C)	5.0E+5 (C)					
Trichlorofluoromethane	75894	NA	52,000	1.5E+5	NA	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	1.1E+8	1.4E+11	1.4E+11	1.7E+12	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)					
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95954	NA	1.6E+5	4.6E+5	NA	2.9E+7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.0E+10	4.3E+8	6.3E+8	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA					
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88062	NA	11,000	45,000	700	7.8E+5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.3E+9	1.3E+7	1.3E+7	4.5E+7	4.5E+7	4.5E+7	NA					
1,2,3-Trichloropropene	96184	NA	840	2,400	NA	8.3E+5 (C)	8.3E+5 (C)	ID	ID	ID	ID	8.3E+5 (C)	8.3E+5 (C)	8.3E+5 (C)	8.3E+5 (C)	8.3E+5 (C)	8.3E+5 (C)	8.3E+5 (C)					
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	76131	NA	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	NA	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	2.1E+8	8.9E+8	2.1E+9	2.3E+12	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)	5.6E+5 (C)					
Triethanolamine	102716	NA	74,000	2.0E+5	NA	1.1E+8 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5E+9	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)	1.1E+8 (C)					
3-Tri fluoromethyl-4-nitrophenol	88302	NA	1.1E+5	3.1E+5	NA	1.1E+8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)					
Trifluralin	1582098	NA	5.7E+5	2.3E+6	NA	7.8E+6	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	2.0E+7	2.7E+7	6.4E+7	6.4E+7	6.4E+7	NA					
2,2,4-Trimethyl pentane	5408411	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	19,000					
2,2,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene (I)	107404	NA	ID	ID	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	56,000					
1,2,4-Tri methylbenzene (I)	95636	NA	2,100	1D	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	2.5E+7	6.0E+8	6.0E+8	3.6E+10	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)					
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (I)	108678	NA	1,800	1,800	ID	94,000 (C)	1.9E+7	4.6E+8	4.6E+8	3.6E+10	94,000 (C)	94,000 (C)	94,000 (C)	94,000 (C)	94,000 (C)	94,000 (C)	94,000 (C)	94,000 (C)					
Triphenyl phosphate	1158666	NA	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	NA	1.1E+5 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)	1.1E+5 (C)					
tri(2,3-Dibromopropyl)phosphate	126727	NA	43	180	NA	27,000 (C)	60,000	60,000	60,000	7.4E+6	27,000 (C)	27,000 (C)	27,000 (C)	27,000 (C)	27,000 (C)	27,000 (C)	27,000 (C)	27,000 (C)					
Urea	57136	NA	ID (N)	NA	ID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	ID	ID	ID	ID	NA					
Vanadium (B)	7440822	NA	1.0E+6	2.9E+6	240	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.9E+7	5.5E+7	1.3E+8	1.3E+8	1.3E+8	NA					
Vinyl acetate (I)	108054	NA	13,000	36,000	NA	2.4E+6	1.5E+6	2.0E+6	2.7E+6	5.9E+6	5.9E+9	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6 (C)	2.4E+6 (C)					
Vinyl chloride	75014	NA	40	40	300	5,800	150	1,500	9,000	22,000	4.7E+7	11,000	16,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000					
White phosphorus (R)	12185103	NA	100 (M)	64,000	NA	1.5E+5 (C)	1.5E+5 (C)	5.5E+7	1.3E+8	1.3E+11	68,000	95,000	2.2E+5	2.2E+5	2.2E+5	2.2E+5	2.2E+5	NA					
Xylenes (I)	1330207	NA	5,600	700	NA	1.5E+5 (C)	1.5E+5 (C)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5E+5 (C)	1.5E+5 (C)	1.5E+5 (C)	1.5E+5 (C)	1.5E+5 (C)	NA					
Zinc (B)	7440866	47,000	2.4E+6	5.0E+6	(G)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ID	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	1.0E+9 (D)	NA					

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ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

APPENDIX 2.120-2

SAMPLE HANDLING AND PRESERVATION METHODS

ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

HOLDTIME, SAMPLE VOLUME AND PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS

Method Description	Reference Method(s)	Holding Time	Minimum Sample Required Soil/Water	Preservation Requirements	
				Chemical	Physical
Acidity	305.1	14 Days	100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Alkalinity	310.1	14 Days	100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Nitrogen as Ammonia	350.1	28 Days	500 mL	pH<2, w/H ₂ SO ₄	4 degrees C
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	405.1	48 Hours	1 Liter	None required	4 degrees C
Bromide	300.0, 9056	28 Days	100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Carbon, Total Inorganic and/or Organic	415.1 9060	28 Days	10g / 25 mL	pH<2, H ₂ SO ₄ or HCl	4 degrees C
Chemical Oxygen Demand	410.4, 410.1	28 Days	50 mL	pH<2, w/H ₂ SO ₄	4 degrees C
Chloride	300.0, 305.2 9056, 9251, 9252	28 Days	50 mL	None required	None required
Chlorine (Total residual)	330.5	Analyze immediately	200 mL	None required	None required
Corrosivity toward Steel	1110	None specified	500 mL	None required	Glass vessel
Cyanide, Total and/or Amenable	335.1, 335.2 9012	14 Days	20g / 500 mL	pH>12, w/NaOH Add 0.6g ascorbic Acid if C12 present	None required
Flashpoint, closed-cup	1010	None specified	200 g	None required	None required
Fluoride	300.0, 340.2	28 Days	200 mL	None required	Plastic vessel
Hardness	130.2, 2340 B	6 Months	500 mL	pH<2, w/HNO ₃	4 degrees C
Hexavalent Chromium	7196, 3500-CrD	24 Hours	10g / 100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Mercury, Aqueous Matrices	245.1, 7470	28 Days	10g / 200 mL	pH<2, w/HNO ₃	None required
Mercury, Soil/Solid Matrices	7471	28 Days	10g / 200 mL	pH<2, w/HNO ₃	4 degrees C
Metals Analysis, other than Mercury and Hexavalent Chromium	Metals, 200.7, 200.8, 200 series 6010, 6020, 7000 series	6 Months	10g / 200 mL	pH<2, w/HNO ₃	Aqueous: None req. Soil/Solid: 4 deg. C
Nitrogen, Nitrate or Nitrite and Nitrite	300.0, 353.2	48 Hours	100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Nitrogen, Nitrite only	351.2	28 Days	100 mL	pH<2, w/H ₂ SO ₄	4 degrees C
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	351.2	28 Days	500 mL	pH<2, w/H ₂ SO ₄	4 degrees C
Oil and Grease	9071, 413.1	28 Days	50g / 1 Liter	pH<2, w/HCl	Glass vessel, 4 deg. C
Paint Filter Test	9095	None specified	200 g	None required	None required
pH (Electrometric or paper)	9040, 9041, 9045, 150.1	Analyze immediately	100 g / 50mL	None required	None required
Phenolics (4-AAP)	9065, 420.2	28 Days	500 mL	pH<2, w/H ₂ SO ₄	Glass vessel, 4 deg. C
Phosphorus as Orthophosphate	300.0, 365.3	48 Hours	50 mL	pH<2, w/H ₂ SO ₄	4 degrees C
Phosphorus, Total	365.3	28 Days	50 mL	pH<2, w/H ₂ SO ₄	4 degrees C
Reactive Cyanide	733.2	14 Days	200g	None required	Glass vessel

ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

HOLDTIME, SAMPLE VOLUME AND PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS

Method Description	Reference Method(s)	Holding Time Soils/Waters	Minimum Sample Required Soils/Waters	Preservation Requirements	
				Chemical	Physical
Volatile Halogenated Organics - GC	601, 8010 8021	14 Days	15 g / 2 X 40 mL	4 drops HCl (Waters only)	Glass vessel, 4 deg no headspace
Nonhalogenated Volatile Organics - GC	8015	14 Days	15 g / 2X 40 mL	4 drops HCl (Waters only)	Glass vessel, 4 deg no headspace
Aromatic Volatile Organics - GC	602 8020, 8021	14 Days	15 g / 2 X 40 mL	4 drops HCl (Waters only)	Glass vessel, 4 deg no headspace
Acetone, Acrylonitrile Acetonitrile - GC	8030, 603	14 Days	15 g / 2 X 40 mL	None required (adjust pH to 4-5)	Glass vessel, 4 deg no headspace
Volatile - GC/MS	8240, 8260 624, 524.2	14 Days	15 g / 2 X 40 mL	4 drops HCl (Waters only)	Glass vessel, 4 deg no headspace
Total Organic Halides	9020 9022	28 Days	250 mL	<pH 2, w/H ₂ SO ₄	Amber glass vesse 4 deg. C, no headsp
Phenols	8040, 604	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	30 g / 2 X 1 Liter	None required	Amber glass vesse 4 degrees C
Phthalate Esters	8060, 606	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	30 g / 2 X 1 Liter	None required	Amber glass vesse 4 degrees C
Chlorinated Pesticides / PCB's	8030, 608	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	30 g / 2 X 1 Liter	None required	Amber glass vesse 4 degrees C
Polyaromatic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	8100, 8310, 610	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	30 g / 2 X 1 Liter	None required	Amber glass vesse 4 degrees C
Chlorinated Hydrocarbons	8120, 612	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	30 g / 2 X 1 Liter	None required	Amber glass vesse 4 degrees C
Organ phosphorus Pesticides	8140	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	30 g / 2 X 1 Liter	None required	Amber glass vesse 4 degrees C
Chlorinated Herbicides	8150, 6640 B	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	30 g / 2 X 1 Liter	None required	Amber glass vesse 4 degrees C
Semivolatiles - GC/MS	8270, 625	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	30 g / 2 X 1 Liter	None required	Amber glass vesse 4 degrees C
EPTOX extraction	1310	None specified	100 g	None required	Glass vessel
TCLP extraction	1311	14 to 180 days to extraction dep. on analysis	100 g	None required	Glass vessel
Volatile on Carbon Sorbent	TO-1	14 Days	6000 cu. m	None required	4 degrees C
Volatiles on Tenax Sorbent	TO-2	14 Days	6000 cu. m	None required	4 degrees C
Pesticides/PCB's on Hi-Vol PUF/Filters, by GC	TO-4	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	300 cu. m	None required	4 degrees C
Semivolatiles on Hi-Vol PUF/Filters, by GC/MS	TO-13	14 / 7 Days (extraction) 40 Days (analysis)	300 cu. m	None required	4 degrees C
Volatiles in Summa Canister	TO-14	14 Days	6000 cu. cm	None required	None required
Metals/Particulates on Hi-Vol Filters	NA	28 Days to 6 Months	2000 cu. cm	None required	None required

ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

HOLDTIME, SAMPLE VOLUME AND PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS (Cont.)

Reactive Sulfide	73.4.2	14 Days	200 g	None required	Glass vessel
Residue, Filterable	160.1	7 Days	100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Residue, Non-filterable	160.2	7 Days	100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Residue, Settleable	160.5	48 Hours	1 Liter	None required	4 degrees C
Residue, Total	160.3	7 Days	100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Residue, Volatile	160.4	7 Days	100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Specific Conductance	9050, 120.1	28 Days	100g / 100 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Sulfate	300.0, 375.4 9038, 9056	28 Days	50 mL	None required	4 degrees C
Sulfides	9030, 376.1	7 Days	100g / 500 mL	Add Zinc Acetate pH > 9, w/HCl	None required
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	418.1	None Specified	200g / 2X 1 Liter	pH < 2, w/HCl	4 degrees C
Turbidity	130.1	48 Hours	100 mL	None required	4 degrees C

- Holding time varies, depending on reference method. Using a glass vessel will satisfy both RCRA and NPDES requirements.

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ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

APPENDIX 2.120-3

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

REV 2, 1-98

ANALYTICAL METHODS

Parameter Groups	Units	RPDCS	Standard Methods	Ambient Air
Inorganic Analyses				
Acid scrub	1	NA	NA	NA
Acidity (pH)		305.1	NA	NA
Alkalinity (pH)		310.1	2320 B	NA
Ammonia nitrogen		350.1	4500-NH3 H	NA
Biochemical oxygen demand		405.1	5210 B	NA
Bromide		300.0	NA	NA
BTU	2	NA	NA	NA
Carbon (inorganic)		415.1	NA	NA
Carbon (total)		415.1	NA	NA
Chemical oxygen demand		410.4, 410.1	5220 C, 5220 D	NA
Chloride		300.0, 325.2, 325.3	4500-Cl E	NA
Chlorine (demand)		NA	4500-Cl B	NA
Chlorine (residual)		330.5	4500-Cl G	NA
Chromium (hexavalent)		NA	3500-Cr D	NA
Conductivity		120	2510 B	NA
Corrosivity		NA	NA	NA
Cyanide (amendable)		335.1, 335.2	4500-CN G	NA
Cyanide (reactive)		NA	NA	NA
Cyanide (total)		335.2	4500-CN E	NA
Flashpoint		NA	NA	NA
Fluoride (free)		300.0, 340.2	4500-F C	NA
Halogens (%)	3	NA	NA	NA
Hardness (Ca + Mg)		NA	2340 B	NA
Hardness (trichloride)		130.2	2340 C	NA
Mercury		245.1	NA	NA
Metals other than Mercury and Hexavalent Chromium		200.7, 200.8, Metals, 200 Series	NA	HVF (6010)
Nitrate nitrogen		300.0, 353.2	NA	NA
Nitrate/Nitrite nitrogen		300.0, 353.2	4500-NO3 F	NA
Nitrite nitrogen		300.2, 354.1	4500-NO2 B	NA
Nitrogen (total Kjeldahl)		351.2	4500-NHg B	NA
Oil and grease		413.1	5520 B, 5520 D	NA
Paste filter test		NA	NA	NA
pH		150.1	4500-H+	NA
Phenols (4-AAP)		420.2	5530 C, 5530 D	NA
Phosphorus (ortho)		300.0, 345.3	4500-P F	NA
Phosphorus (total)		343.1	4500-P F	NA

ANALYTICAL METHODS (Cont.)

Parameter Groups	Endorse	NPDES	Standard Methods	Ambient Air
Solids (total dissolved)		160.1	2540 C	NA
Solids (total settleable)		160.5	NA	NA
Solids (total suspended)		160.2	2540 D	NA
Solids (total volatile)		160.4	NA	NA
Solids (total %s)		160.3	NA	NA
Specific Conductance		130.1	NA	NA
Specific Gravity		NA	2710 E	NA
Sulfate		300.0, 375.4	NA	NA
Sulfide (reducible)		NA	NA	NA
Sulfide (total)		376.1	4500-S2 D, 4500-	NA
Sulfite		NA	4110 B	NA
Turbidity		180.1	2130	NA
Viscosity	4	NA	NA	NA
Organic Analyses				
Alcohols		NA	NA	NA
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (GC)	5	NA	NA	NA
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (IR)		415.1	5520 F	NA
Organic carbon, purgeable (POC)	6	NA	NA	NA
Organic carbon, total (TOC)		415.1	5310 B	NA
Organic halogen, purgeable (POX)	7	NA	NA	NA
Organic halogens total (TOX)		NA	NA	NA
Semivolatile Organics				
Bases/ neutrals and acids		625	NA	TO-13
Chlorinated hydrocarbons		612, 625	NA	NA
Dioxides and dibenzofurans		NA	NA	NA
Explosives residues		NA	NA	NA
Gasoline Range Organics		NA	NA	NA
Haloethers		625	NA	NA
Nitrosamines and isophorone		625	NA	NA
Nitrosoamines		625	NA	NA
OCL herbicides		NA	6640 B	TO-4
OCL pesticides		608	6630 C	TO-4
OP pesticides		NA	NA	TO-4
PAH's		610, 625	NA	TO-13
PCB's		608	NA	TO-4
Phenols		604, 625	NA	NA
Phthalate esters		606, 625	NA	NA

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ANALYTICAL METHODS (Cont.)

Parameter Groups	Endnotes	NPDES	Standard Methods	Ambient Air
Volatile Organics			8260	
Halogens	3	501, 524	NA	TO-14
Ketones	3	524	NA	TO-14
Nitrates		601, 524	NA	TO-14
Purgeable aromatics	3	502, 524	NA	TO-1, TO-2, TO-14
Purgeable chlorinated	3	601, 524	NA	TO-1, TO-2, TO-14
THM's	3, 9	501, 524	NA	NA
Bioassay Analyses				
Chronic Toxicity, Fathead Minnow	10	NA	NA	NA
Chronic Toxicity, Ceriodaphnia	10	NA	NA	NA
Cleanup (alumina column)		NA	NA	NA
Cleanup (florisil column)		NA	NA	HVF (3620)
Cleanup (silica gel column)		NA	NA	NA
Cleanup (gel permeation chromatography-GPC)		NA	NA	NA
Cleanup (sulfur)		NA	NA	HVF (3660)
Digestion (flame AA or ICP AES)		200.7	NA	HVF (3050)
Digestion (ICP/MS)		200.3	NA	NA
Digestion (furnace AA)		200.7	NA	NA
Extraction (semivolatile)		NA	NA	HVF (3540)
Extraction (purge and trap)		NA	NA	NA
Leaching procedure (EPTOX)		NA	NA	NA
Leaching procedure (TLCP)		NA	NA	NA
Leaching procedure (soil leachate)	11	NA	NA	NA
Waste dilution (high level semi-volatile organics in any matrix)		NA	NA	NA
Waste dilution (high level volatile organics in any matrix)		NA	NA	NA

Endnotes:

- 1) Acid scrub performed on the caustic scrub water created in the BTU procedure
- 2) Bomb calorimeter methods per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 3) % Total Halogen is performed on the caustic scrub water created in the BTU procedure.
- 4) Viscosity methods per manufacturers' recommendations. No equivalent EPA, SM or ASTM procedure published.
- 5) Reference Method is ASTM D3328.
- 6) Modification of Total Organic Carbon analysis. Detection by IR. No equivalent EPA, SM or ASTM procedure.
- 7) Modification of the Total Organic Halogens analysis. Detection by ELCD (electrolytic conductivity detector). No equivalent EPA, SM, or ASTM procedure.
- 8) Reference method for drinking water is EPA 524.2.
- 9) Reference method for drinking water is EPA 501.1.
- 10) Reference method is EPA 600/4-89-001.
- 11) This procedure is a soil-to-distilled water leach of the constituents of concern. (See also, ASTM D398*)
The results of analysis are expressed as "water-leachable" constituents.
- 12) NPDES Standards used for surface water otherwise Standard Methods are used for soil and groundwater listing

Abbreviation conventions

CLP = Contract Laboratory Program Statement of Work.
 HVF = High volume filter taken from the high volume air sampler
 NA = Not applicable

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APPENDIX 2.120-5

WASTE PROFILE

ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.
WASTE PROFILE

Profile #

 Check here if this is a Recertification

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL _____

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Generator Name: _____
 2. Generator Address: _____

 3. Technical Contact / Phone: _____
 4. Alternate Contact / Phone: _____

Generator USEPA ID: _____

Billing Address: _____

 Same _____

Billing Contact / Phone: _____

PROPERTIES AND COMPOSITION

5. Process Generating Waste: _____
 6. Waste Name: _____

 7A. Is this a USEPA hazardous waste (40 CFR Part 261)? Yes No
 B. Identify ALL USEPA listed and characteristic waste code numbers (D, F, K, P, U): _____
 State Waste Codes: _____

 8. Physical State @ 70F: A. Solid Liquid Both Gas B. Single Layer Multi layer C. Free liq. range _____ to _____ %

 9A. pH: Range _____ or Not Applicable B. Strong order : describe: _____

 10. Liquid Flash Point: < 73F 73-99F 100-130F 140-199F >=200F N.A. Closed Cup Open Cup

11. CHEMICAL COMPOSITION: List ALL Constituents (incl. halogenated organics) present in any concentration and forward analysis

Constituents	Range to	Unit Description
_____	to	_____

TOTAL COMPOSITION (MUST EQUAL OR EXCEED 100%): _____

12. OTHER: PCBs If yes, concentration _____ ppm, PCBs regulated by 40 CFR 761 Pyrophoric Explosive
 Radioactive Benzene if yes, concentration _____ ppm, Shock Sensitive Oxidizer Carcinogen
 Infectious Other _____

13. If waste subject to the land ban & meets treatment standards, check here: & supply analytical results where applicable.**SHIPPING INFORMATION**

14. PACKAGING: Bulk Solid Bulk Liquid Drum Type/Size: _____ Other: _____
15. ANTICIPATED Annual Volume: _____ Units: _____ Shipping Frequency: _____

SAMPLING INFORMATION

16. Sample source (drum, leachate, pond, tank, vat, etc.): _____ Sample Tracking Number: _____

Date Sampled: _____ Sampler's Name/Company: _____

- 16b. Generator's Agent Supervising Sampling: _____ 17 No sample required (See Instructions.)

GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that all information submitted in this and all attached documents contains true and accurate descriptions of this waste. Any sample submitted is representative as defined in 40 CFR 261 - Appendix I or by using an equivalent method. All relevant information regarding known or suspected hazards in the possession of the generator has been disclosed. I authorize EDS to obtain a sample from any waste shipment for purposes of recertification.

Signature _____

Generator _____

Date _____

30 OTHER HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENTS indicate if the waste contains any of the following:

Pre-08 I

ORGANICS	TCLP data Check only ONE for each constituent					TCA or TOTAL Use units ppm, mg/l or %
	Less Than	Regulated Level	Equal or More	Waste No.	TCLP Analytical Test Results Use Units ppm or mg/l	
Benzene		0.5 mg/l		D018		
Carbon Tetrachloride		0.5 mg/l		D019		
Chlordane		0.03 mg/l		D020		
Chlorobenzene		100.0 mg/l		D021		
Chloroform		6.0 mg/l		D022		
m-Cresol		200.0 mg/l		D024		
<i>o</i> -Cresol		200.0 mg/l		D023		
p-Cresol		200.0 mg/l		D025		
Cresol		10.0 mg/l		D026		
2,4-D		7.5 mg/l		D016		
1m4 Dichlorobenzene		0.5 mg/l		D027		
1, 2 - Dichloroethylene		0.7 mg/l		D028		
2, 4 - Dinitro toluene		0.13 mg/l		D029		
Endrin		0.02 mg/l		D030		
Heptachlor, and its hydrode		0.006 mg/l		D012		
Hexachloro-1,3 butadiene		0.5 mg/l		D031		
Hexachlorobenzene		0.13 mg/l		D033		
Hexachloroethane		3.0 mg/l		D032		
Lincane		0.4 mg/l		D034		
Methoxychlor		10.0 mg/l		D013		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone		200.0 mg/l		D014		
Nitrobenzene		2.0 mg/l		D036		
Pentachlorophenol		100.0 mg/l		D037		
Pyridine		5.0 mg/l		D038		
Tetrachloroethylene		0.7 mg/l		D039		
Taxaphene		0.5 mg/l		D015		
2, 4, 5 - T. P. Silvex		10 mg/l		D017		
Trichloroethylene		0.5 mg/l		D040		
2, 4, 5 - Trichlorophenol		400.0 mg/l		D041		
2, 4, 6 - Trichlorophenol		20 mg/l		D042		
Vinyl Chloride		0.2 mg/l		D043		

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Profile #

18. Check ONE. This Waste is a _____ Wastewater _____ Nonwastewater.
19. If this waste is subject to any California list restrictions enter the letter from below (either A or B 2) next to each restriction that is applicable.
 HOCs PCBs Acid Metals Cyanides

20. Identify ALL Characteristic and Listed USEPA hazardous waste numbers that apply (as defined by 40 CFR 261). For each waste number, identify the subcategory (as applicable, check none, or write in the description from 40 CFR 268.41, 268.42 and 268.43).

REF #	A. USEPA HAZARDOUS WASTE CODE(S)	B. SUBCATEGORY <small>ENTER THE APPROPRIATE DESCRIPTION IF NOT APPLICABLE SIMPLY CHECK NONE</small>	C. APPLICABLE TREATMENT STANDARDS			D. HOW MUST THE WASTE BE MANAGED? <small>ENTER THE LETTER FROM BELOW</small>	
			PERFORMANCE BASED CHECK IF APPLICABLE		SPECIFIED TECHNOLOGY: IF APPLICABLE ENTER THE # OF 26841 TABLE TREATMENT CODES		
			DESCRIPTION	NONE	268.41(a)	268.43(a)	268.42
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

To list additional USEPA waste numbers and categories use additional page and check here: _____

Management under the land disposal restrictions

A. RESTRICTED WASTE REQUIRES TREATMENT

B.1. RESTRICTED WASTE TREATED TO PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

B.2. RESTRICTED WASTES FOR WHICH THE TREATMENT STANDARD IS EXPRESSED AS A SPECIFIED TECHNOLOGY (AND THE WASTE HAS BEEN TREATED BY THAT TECHNOLOGY)

C. RESTRICTED WASTE SUBJECT TO A VARIANCE

D. RESTRICTED WASTE CAN BE LAND DISPOSED WITHOUT FURTHER TREATMENT

21. Is this waste a soil and/or debris? Yes: _____ No: _____ Yes, Soil: _____ Yes, Debris: _____ Yes, Both: _____

22. Specific Gravity Range: _____ to _____

23. Indicate the range of each Units

Cyanides: _____ to _____ None _____ Type (free, total, amenable, etc.) _____

Cyanides: _____ to _____ None _____ Type (free, total, amenable, etc.) _____

Sulfides: _____ to _____ None _____ Type _____

Optional Phenolics: _____ to _____ None _____

24. Identify the waste color _____ and physical appearance _____

25. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

A. Is this a DOT Hazardous Material? Yes: _____ No: _____

B. Proper Shipping Name: _____

C. Hazard Class: _____ ID: _____

D. Additional Description: _____

E. CERCLA Reportable Quantity (R. Q.) (and units - lb, kg): _____

26. SPECIAL HANDLING INFORMATION

Additional Pages Attached

Material Safety Data Sheets Attached

27. OTHER INFORMATION

28. EDS CERTIFICATION

EDS has all the necessary permits and licenses for the waste that has been characterized and identified by this approved profile.

OTHER HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENTS indicate if the waste contains any of the following:

METALS	TCLP Data. Check only ONE for each constituent Use units: ppm, mg/l, mg/kg or percent					TCA or TOTAL Use units: ppm, mg/l, mg/kg or percent			Actual	
						California List				
	Less Than	TC Regulated Level	Equal or More	Waste No.	TCLP Actual	Less Than	Regulated Level	Equal or More		
Antimony as As		5.0 mg/l		D004			500 mg/l			
Barium as Ba		100.0 mg/l		D005						
Cadmium as Cd	-	1.0 mg/l		D006			100 mg/l			
Chromium (Total) as Cr		5.0 mg/l		D007						
Lead as P. B.		5.0 mg/l		D008			500 mg/l			
Mercury as Hg		0.2 mg/l		D009			20 mg/l			
Selenium as Se		1.0 mg/l		D010			100 mg/l			
Silver as Ag		5.0 mg/l		D011						
Nickel as Ni							134 mg/l			
Thallium as Tl							130 mg/l			
Chromium (hexavalent) as Cr-6							500 mg/l			
Antimony as Sb										
Beryllium as Be										
Copper as Cu										
Vanadium as V										
Zinc as Zn										

ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC. (EDS)**CERTIFICATION OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE**

General Directions: In order to determine whether we can accept the special waste described in the above numbered profile sheet, we must obtain representative sample of the waste. We will analyze the sample to verify the information you have provided us, so it is particularly important that the sample be truly representative. In most circumstances, you will be obtaining the sample. However, in those cases in which we obtain the sample, we must ask that one of your employees be present to direct the particular source to be sampled and to witness the sampling. In such cases, your employee must sign the certification as a witness.

The undersigned certifies that he/she obtained a representative sample of the waste material described in the "Generator's Waste Profile Sheet" above referenced and that the following representations are true and correct:

1. Hour and Date of Sampling: _____
2. Source from which Sample is taken: _____
3. Equipment and Sampling Method Used: _____

4. Amount of Sample Obtained: _____
5. Type of container into which Sample was placed: _____
6. At the time of sampling, the Sample was labeled as follows: _____

7. The sampling equipment used and the container into which the Sample was placed were themselves uncontaminated before use.

Sampler Name: _____

Signature: _____

Title: _____

Employer: _____

Date of Sampling: _____

APPENDIX 2.120-6

TANK CLEANING REMOVAL PROCEDURES

TANK CLEANING REMOVAL PROCEDURES

1. Purpose

To establish standard operating procedures for the cleaning tanks.

The following procedures for cleaning of storage tanks extracted from published (API) guidelines.

2. Equipment and Materials

A. Tank Cleaning

The contractors shall conduct the removals in accordance with Fire Department stated procedures and regulations (NFPA 30, Appendix C 2034 and 593 H Chapter 19) and have on-site equipment necessary to perform the following tasks.

- Drain and flush piping contents into tank;
- Access and remove liquids and sludge from tank using pumps, vacuum trucks or vacuum tankers.
- Clean inside of tanks using triple rinse high pressure water after degassing.
- Disconnect, plug, and cap lines leading from tank;
- Removal of vapors from tank;
- Visual inspection to verify tank is clean
- Plugging and removal of tank from site; and
- Decontamination of removal equipment including collection of wash water for disposal.

3. Procedures for cleaning tanks.

A. The cleaning of tanks should be accomplished by following procedures described in 3.A.1 through 3.A.

1. Drain and flush the piping into the tank.
2. Remove all liquid from the tank which can be pumped out. It may be necessary to use a hand pump to remove the bottom few inches of product.
3. Remove the fill (drop) tube. Disconnect the fill, gauge, product, and vent lines. Cap or plug open ends of lines which are not to be used further.
4. Temporarily plug all tank openings.
5. Remove flammable vapors. The tank will be conditioned by one of the methods described in 3.A.6 through 3.A.8. or as required by local codes to ensure that no vapors remain.
6. If water is available and there is a suitable means for disposal, the tank will be

filled with water to expel vapors. While the tank is being filled with water, vapors will flow out of the tank and may surround the area. Hence, all normal safety and pollution precautions will be observed regarding liquids and vapors including elimination of potential ignition sources for the area.

7. If the method described in 3.A.6. is not practicable, the vapors in the tank will be made inert by adding solid carbon dioxide (dry ice) in the amount of 1.5 pounds per 100 gallons of tank capacity. The dry ice will be crushed and distributed evenly over the greatest possible area to secure rapid evaporation. Skin contact with dry ice will be avoided due to burn potential. As the dry ice vaporized, flammable vapors will flow out of the tank and may surround the area. Hence, all normal safety precautions regarding flammable vapors will be observed including elimination of potential ignition sources from the area. Degassing will continue until the dry ice vaporizes.
8. An alternate method is to ventilate the tank with air or by other suitable means. The flow of air through an opening near one end of the tank and the discharge of the vapor-air mixture out of an opening near the opposite end will quickly remove the vapor. The vapor concentration in the tank will be checked with a combustible gas indicator to determine when the tank is gas-free. While the tank is being ventilated, vapor may flow into the surrounding atmosphere. Hence all normal safety precautions regarding flammable vapors will be observed including elimination of potential ignition sources from the area.
9. After the tank has been freed of vapors and before the tank is moved from the site, all holes will be plugged or capped, the tank will be triple rinsed and inspected visually to verify it is clean. Screwed plugs will be used to plug any corrosion leak holes. One plug will have 1/8 inch vent hole to prevent the tank from being subjected to an excessive pressure differential caused by extreme temperature changes.
10. The tank will then be secured on a flatbed or lowboy trailer secured with chain binders and chock for transportation to the disposal site. The tank will be secured so that the 1/8 inch vent hole is located at the uppermost point on the tank. The tanks shall be disposed of at a metal scrap yard or reused. Appropriate paperwork will be provided to document transport and disposal.

ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

APPENDIX 2.120-7

NOTICE LETTERS



ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

P.O. Box 74456 • Romulus, Michigan 48174 • Telephone (313) 955-2100 • Facsimile (313) 955-6917

October 23, 1996

Registered Mail

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
Waste Management Division
P.O. Box 30028
Lansing, MI 48909
Attention: Director

Subject: Notice of Closure
Environmental Disposal Systems, Inc. (EDS)
Romulus, Michigan

Dear Director:

Environmental Disposal Systems, Inc. (EDS) is providing notice that we intend to begin closure activities on _____ in accordance with the enclosed Closure Plan for our facility at 28470 Citrin Road, Romulus, MI. This notice is being provided to meet the requirements of R299.9613(3).

Sincerely,
ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

Austin Marshall, P.E., P.G.
Vice President

enclosure



ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

P.O. Box 74456 • Romulus, Michigan 48174 • Telephone (313) 955-2100 • Facsimile (313) 955-6917

October 23, 1996

Registered Mail

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
Waste Management Division
P.O. Box 30028
Lansing, MI 48909
Attention: Director

Subject: Notice of Closure of Hazardous Waste Management Unit
(Description of Unit)
Environmental Disposal Systems, Inc. (EDS)
Romulus, Michigan

Dear Director:

Environmental Disposal Systems, Inc. (EDS) is providing notice that we have completed closure of the following Hazardous Waste Management Unit at our Romulus, Michigan facility, located at 28470 Citrin Road.

(Description of Closed Unit)

Supporting documentation is provided in Appendix A that includes:

- a. Results of all sampling and analyses.
- b. Sampling and analysis procedures.
- c. A map showing the locations of where samples were obtained.
- d. Any statistical evaluations of sampling data.
- e. A summary of waste types and quantities removed from the site and the destination of these wastes.
- f. The final depth and elevation of any soil excavated and a description of any fill material used.
- g. Certification by an independent registered professionals engineer.

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
Page 2

This notice is being provided to meet the requirements of R299.9613(3).

Sincerely,

Austin Marshall, P.E., P.G.
Vice President



ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

P.O. Box 74456 • Romulus, Michigan 48174 • Telephone (313) 955-2100 • Facsimile (313) 955-6917

October 23, 1996

Registered Mail

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
Waste Management Division
P.O. Box 30028
Lansing, MI 48909
Attention: Director

Subject: Notice of Final Closure of Hazardous Waste Management Unit
(Description of Unit)
Environmental Disposal Systems, Inc. (EDS)
Romulus, Michigan

Dear Director:

Environmental Disposal Systems, Inc. (EDS) is providing Notice of Final Closure of the following Hazardous Waste Management Unit at our Romulus, Michigan facility, located at 28470 Citrin Road:

(Description of Closed Unit)

Supporting documentation is provided in Appendix A that includes:

- a. Results of all sampling and analyses.
- b. Sampling and analysis procedures.
- c. A map showing the locations of where samples were obtained.
- d. Any statistical evaluations of sampling data.
- e. A summary of waste types and quantities removed from the site and the destination of these wastes.
- f. The final depth and elevation of any soil excavated and a description of any fill material used.
- g. Certification by an independent registered professionals engineer.

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
Page 2

This notice is being provided to meet the requirements of R299.9613(3).

Sincerely,

Austin Marshall, P.E., P.G.
Vice President



ENVIRONMENTAL DISPOSAL SYSTEMS, INC.

P.O. Box 74456 • Romulus, Michigan 48174 • Telephone (313) 955-2100 • Facsimile (313) 955-6917

October 23, 1996

Registered Mail

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
Waste Management Division
P.O. Box 30028
Lansing, MI 48909
Attention: Director

Subject: Notice of Completion of Post Closure Care Period
of Hazardous Waste Management Unit
(Description of Unit)
Environmental Disposal Systems, Inc. (EDS)
Romulus, Michigan

Dear Director:

Environmental Disposal Systems, Inc. (EDS) is providing Notice of Completion of Post Closure Care Period of the following Hazardous Waste Management Unit at our Romulus, Michigan facility, located at 28470 Citrin Road.

(Description of Closed Unit)

Supporting documentation is provided in Appendix A that includes:

- a. Results of all sampling and analyses.
- b. Sampling and analysis procedures.
- c. A map showing the locations of where samples were obtained.
- d. Any statistical evaluations of sampling data.
- e. A summary of waste types and quantities removed from the site and the destination of these wastes.
- f. The final depth and elevation of any soil excavated and a description of any fill material used.
- g. Certification by an independent registered professionals engineer.

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
Page 2

This notice is being provided to meet the requirements of R299.9613(3).

Sincerely,

Austin Marshall, P.E., P.G.
Vice President